THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

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FIRST EDITION

For later telegraphic and local news see Second Edition.

SOME STRAY POLITICAL JOTS.

BIG DEMOCRATIC RALLY FOR THURSDAY NIGHT.

Russell and Stratton Will be the Speakers—A Big Attendance Expected—Ward Six Club to Build New Quarters—Chas. T. Roy.

The Ward Six Democratic club held a meeting yesterday afternoon and judging from the action taken in regard to erecting a building to be used as permanent quarters it would seem that the club is to be a fixture in Ward Six politics. Denis O'Neil, the treasurer, made a report showing the financial condition of the club to be all right. A committee of 25 was constituted a building committee with instructions to lease a piece of land and erect a club house. Capt. D. J. Cassidy delivered an address. A committee was appointed to arrange for a ward rally at an early date and another committee to procure 300 torches.

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Charles T. Roy of LeNational is one of the best French speakers in New England. He has engagements to speak in all the leading cities of this state and New Hampshire. Why should he not be heard here? There is much missionary work for him to do among the French. There is not much time now to work upon. Let steps be taken to have Mr. Roy address the French voters at one of the rallies. They have been listening all the year to the calamity cry, let them hear a plain statement of the situation from one of their own leaders, a man whom they can trust to be honest in his statements. By all means have Mr. Roy speak in the city.

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The ward committees should arrange for rallies in the interest of the democratic party.

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Hon. John E. Russell, candidate for governor, and Charles K. Stratton, candidate for lieutenant governor, will speak at a rally to be held in Huntington hall on Thursday evening. The democrats of the city should turn out en masse to hear the addresses because during the past six months they have heard little else than calamity speeches and some have read the calamity literature issued by the republican authorities. The speakers should get a grand reception.

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MR. EDITOR:—Will you please give me space in your paper to say a word for Thomas F. Roche, the Fayette street grocer who is a candidate for overseer of the poor. He is a staunch democrat, a well known business man and would give entire satisfaction as an overseer. His friends are confident that he will be elected. Yours truly,

WARD SIX.

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The Independent Democratic club of Ward Six will meet in the ward room over the engine house next Wednesday evening. Members are requested to attend.

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Ex-Councilman E. F. Spalding is an aldermanic candidate in Ward Six.

LOCAL NOTES.

Green sells sewing machines cheaper than any house in Lowell; cleans watches or replaces mainsprings. Springs for $1.00, all jewelry work in proportion, 88 Merrimack street.

PERSONAL.

William A. Mooney, Ph. D., will lecture at the Y. M. C. A., this evening.

Miss Julianna Cutting of Pittsfield is the guest of Mrs. V. I. Cummock of Kirk street.

Mrs. M. Allison Taylor of Haverhill and her little daughter are visiting her sister, Miss Talbot of Chesnut street.

Miss Lizzie Allen of Nesmith street has returned from an extended tour of Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk and Old Point Comfort.

DEATHS.

HAMILTON—Catherine Hamilton, aged 51 years, died Saturday at her home on South street. The funeral took place this morning and was well attended. A high mass of requiem was celebrated in St. Peter's church by Rev. Fr. McKenna. There were several beautiful floral offerings. The remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery.

KELLY—Frederick E. Kelly, aged 30 years died yesterday morning at his home, in the rear of 10 Tilden street. The funeral took place this afternoon and was well attended. Burial was in the Edson cemetery.

TILTON—Mary F. Tilton, wife of John W. Tilton, died last evening at her home, 43 Kinsman street.

TREFETHEN—Mary A. Trefethen, aged 81 years, died yesterday at the residence of her sister, Mrs. John Haggett, 186 Charles street.

CARTER—Annie Carter, aged 24 years, died Saturday at her home, 90 Grove street.

DUFFY—Mary Duffy, aged 32 years, died Saturday at her home, 35 Lagrange street.

McManmon, florist, Prescott & Merr'k sts

Reduction In

STEERAGE RATES

ONLY $10.

Boston to Queenstown, Liverpool, London, Belfast, Glasgow, Londonderry.

James F. O'Donnell,

Agent, Lowell, Mass.

Cor. of Worthen and Market Sts.

WANTED.—Active man with about $150 can get a permanent agency which will pay $25 a week and expenses. C. Stephenson, Franklin house.

2 O'CLOCK

MANSLAUGHTER

Did Young Martin Cause Patrick Buckley's Death?

HOODLUMISM AND ITS AWFUL RESULT.

Meagre Details of the Affair On Part of the Police.

A sad fatality occurred in Belvidere, Saturday night as a result of which Patrick H. Buckley, an elderly and well known citizen of Belvidere lies dead and Michael J. Martin a 17 years old boy is in a cell charged with having caused his death.

There were many stories of the affair no two of which are alike.

It appears that about 9.30 o'clock Saturday evening as the wife of Deputy McQuade was passing the wood yard on Concord street near Andover with her neice, Miss Wexted of Newark, N. J., the latter was struck by a stone. The ladies becoming frightened, ran into the store of James J. Dolan and one of the employes notified Officer Hurley. About the same time, a man named Higgins informed the officer that he had been struck while some one yelled "they are down the street."

Officer Hurley and Mr. Higgins ran down to the corner of Everett and Fayette street where they found a man named Burns who was supporting Patrick H. Buckley who was lying unconscious, suffering from what appeared to be a scalp wound caused by a stone.

The ambulance was called and the unfortunate man was removed to St. John's hospital where he died shortly after midnight.

Michael J. Martin Arrested.

The police immediately set out to discover who threw the stone which caused Buckley's death as well as any evidence tending to throw light on the matter.

It was learned that the trouble began in what is known as Tompkins' alley, directly opposite the spot where Miss Wexted was struck, and at this place it is said the arrested man Michael J. Martin and a young man named James Roche, who bears a very good reputation became involved in a quarrel during which Martin called Roche a vile name, receiving a slap on the mouth for the insult. Then it is said Martin threw stones at Roche, "laying for him" to use a slang expression.

At the corner of Everett and Fayette streets, it is said, Martin threw the stone which missed Roche and struck Patrick Buckley who had left his home in the rear of 24 High street but 10 minutes before, and who had just arrived on the scene.

The trouble between Roche and Martin began earlier in the evening, in a barroom, where it is said Martin began "guying" an old Englishmen who had been exhibiting many medals to a number of young men.

How Many Threw Stones.

Judging by the number of persons struck by stones there were more than one person throwing them and it is thought that a number of the friends of Martin were out to avenge the blow struck by Roche, at their friend. Walter Mellon of Fayette street was struck on the foot, James Smith a fireman at the High street engine house and two or three others had narrow escapes from being struck. The missiles were thrown from alleys and it was difficult to ascertain just who threw them.

Office Hurley interviewed a number of people in the vicinity and at three o'clock yesterday morning, he, together with Capt. Moffatt and Inspector Allen, arrested Martin from his home at the corner of High and East Merrimack street.

Martin admits having had trouble with Roche but denies having thrown the stone which caused Buckley's death. He said that when Roche struck him, he went home as Roche is much older and a more powerful man than himself. But while protesting his innocence Martin agreed that "things looked black" for him. He has retained W. F. Courtney, Esq., as counsel.

The Victim's Son Talks.

Patrick Buckley, Jr., oldest son of the dead man, said that he was with his father when the latter was struck and that he was going to pick him up but became frightened at the number of stones thrown. Young Buckley was not on the scene when Officer Hurley arrived.

A number of stories were told, after Martin's arrest, though no one seemed to tell anything that was not in the line of hearsay evidence.

Joe Lennon, coachman for Putnam, was passing along Fayette street a few minutes before the fatality occurred and saw a young man picking up stones and muttering. He thought the man was crazy and ran away.

Frank Mooney, aged 12 years, tells a straight story of the affair, claiming to have followed the hoodlums who threw the stones.

The Autopsy Held.

At the hospital Medical Examiner Irish, Drs. Meigs, Jones and Ricker held an an autopsy, and the skull was found to be severely fractured.

Patrick Buckley, the victim, was 50 years old and is survived by four sons and a widow.

Still Another Story.

The first story told to the police and which seemed most plausible, is that the wrangle between Roche and Martin began in Ed. Cushing's bar-room. According to this an old man named Clark was entertaining a crowd by relating stories of his experiences in the English army, and how he won medals in big battles in Egypt and India. It is said that several youngsters guyed the old man and that Roche to'd Martin to shut up and let the old man alone.

From what was said Roche slapped Martin and the latter went out muttering something about revenge. Roche did not leave until later and when passing by Tompkin's alley got the first shower of rocks.

Inquest Ordered.

Medical examiner Irish has ordered an inquest for tonight and District Attorney Weir will be present.

Conflicting Identification.

Yesterday it was generally reported that a certain newspaper man could identify the assailant, whom he said was not Martin. He denies the story today, and Officer Hurley says he does not remember the newspaperman grabbing him on the arm and saying "There is the fellow who threw the rock; arrest him." The police believe that there is considerable lying among many of the supposed witnesses to the affair.

SENATOR BRADY

Endorsed by C. L. U. At its Meeting.

POPULISTS WERE QUITE PROMINENT IN SPEECH MAKING.

One of the Liveliest Meetings of That Body.

The Central Labor union held what the members call the liveliest meeting in its history yesterday. Senator Peter J. Brady was endorsed.

The meeting which was well attended was called to order by President Meehan.

The financial secretary reported on the Labor Day celebration receipt $603.05 with an estimated increase of $25. The expenses amounted $543.

The legislative committee reported that it had been assured that the weavers' particulars law was being evaded in this city and recommended that Chief Wade be notified of the matter. The report was accepted.

Notice was received from the Spinners' union that their hall is at the disposal of the organizing committee, and the offer was accepted, a vote of thanks being tendered the Spinners' union.

The committee appointed to send out questions to all the candidates reported that it had sent all the candidates the questions, though some had not received them. This fact didn't please all the members as some of them appeared to doubt the sincerity of the committee.

Communications were read from L. W. Weeks and Daniel Moynahan, populist candidates for representative, in which they stated that if elected they would work for all labor measures.

John Joseph O'Connor, democratic candidate in Ward Three, answered all questions affirmatively.

Hon. Peter J. Brady communicated that he had always worked for all labor measures while in the house and senate and assured the C. L. U. that if elected his course of action would be the same as in the past, in regard to labor matters.

No republicans have answered the questions as yet.

The body then took up these communications for action, that of Mr. Weeks being taken up first.

Thomas F. Connolly moved that the communications be given to the press.

Thomas F. Garvey of the Cigarmakers' union thought the C. L. U. should do something. They were sent out in the cause of labor. He wanted to speak on Senator Brady's answer and was perfectly willing to allow any one to speak on the answers of the other candidates.

Mr. Kendall didn't believe in introducing politics into the union.

Mr. Connolly offered to withdraw his motion and by a vote of 15 to 7 the withdrawal was allowed.

On motion of Mr. Mahan the questions were taken up separately. Those of the candidates who were present did not vote on any of these measures.

On L. W. Weeks' communication it was moved by Mr. Logan that the communication be accepted and placed on file; amended, by Mr. Cryan to read that it be given to the press.

A hot discussion was brewing at this point as some of the members didn't want to endorse any one.

Mr. Garvey asked if the union ever endorsed a candidate and receiving an affirmative answer he expressed his views very forcibly. He maintained that the union is being charged as being run for the populist party which had an infamous birth in its midst. He was not a member of that party nor were many others of the union. He thought appreciation should be shown for the efforts of Mr. Brady and wanted the body to endorse him.

The vote was taken on taking definite action on the matter, the chairman decided it by voting to lay it on the table.

Mr. Thomas Mahan Textile of union 68 moved that a vote of thanks be tendered to Senator Brady for his action in labor matters and that the union endorse his candidacy, Mr. Garvey seconded it.

Mr. Cryan of the People's party said that Mr. Mahan had stated once before that his union wanted him to have nothing to do with politics and the latter replied that he had said his union had instructed him to have nothing to do with the people's party.

Mr. Garvey seconded the motion and said, that it was pleasing at all times to reward a man for his good works; it is a duty devolving upon me as an organized union man to endorse and support Senator Brady. While in the house of representatives and in the senate chamber he has demonstrated his ability as a legislator and when we as organized union men have a candidate seeking our support, a candidate such as Senator Brady, who has proven himself a friend and benefactor to the cause for which we are united, it becomes our duty to stand shoulder to shoulder, man to man, and by our votes reelect him as a reward for his good work for us in the past and as an assurance that our interests will be looked after in the future.

During his remarks, also Mr. Garvey referred to the C. L. U., as a monument to the efforts and energies of Thomas F. Connolly, and turning to that gentleman told him that in the course which he had taken he was not only injuring himself but was also injuring the union and the cause of organized labor. The people's party, he said, had an infamous birth and was hurtful to the cause of labor for it would detract from the strength of labor's friend, Hon. Peter J. Brady. He also expressed his intention of fighting the foe of that friend of labor, as a laboring man should.

L. W. Weeks, a populist candidate, also spoke saying that the people's party men in the C. L. U., had done all in their power to further the interests of organized labor.

Here Mr. Garvey asked the privilege to correct him and a discussion ensued after which Mr. Weeks continued. The C. L. U., has been a political body all along as we have gone into politics to further our own interests.

He didn't want the union to endorse any man as it would cause a fight.

He thought Mr. Brady was a good man to support but said that by endorsing any one man, trouble would ensue.

Mr. Mahan said that Mr. Brady was the only candidate now before the public who had done any thing for them and that anyway a populist candidate could not be elected.

Mr. Connolly again replied, saying that he noticed the reporter (referring to THE SUN reporter) had taken everything carefully Mr. Garvey had said and said also that he knew the reporter had an object in so doing.

He wanted Mr. Garvey to explain his remark that the birth of the people's party was infamous, and Mr. Garvey said that the party was born in the C. L. U. hall in a tricky manner.

Mr. Connolly then spoke against the reporter and was called to order.

Mr. Kinsella said that if the reporters were unfair that they should be put out. Secretary McCullough then informed the chair that up to that time, THE SUN reporter hadn't shown any unfairness.

Mr. Connolly, after declaring himself as the subject of debate, reviewed the birth of the local people's party and maintained that he had always advocated keeping politics out of the union. He said that the platform of the people's party was built upon the principles set forth at a labor convention of which he was secretary and that he was acting consistently in supporting that party. The people's party of Lowell wasn't born at a C. L. U. meeting. The speaker said that he was a poor man because he had always battled for his convictions. He maintained that the press scored him alone, in the people's party.

Mr. Mahan at this point raised a point of order, that Mr. Connolly was making a populistic speech.

Mr. Connolly was allowed to proceed. He said that it was painful; to him to stand there as a member of the C. L. U., and a candidate for the senate on the people's party ticket and hear a brother member ask the organization to endorse another man.

If the men to whom he gave the best years of his life, should stand by him, he would have no trouble in obtaining an election. He consoled himself with the thought that Garrison, Phillips and others had been treated worse. There is no power or money enough in the world be said to hire me from my track. By taking my life is the only way to do it, but I thank God that even in these degenerate days and under our corrupt government, a man has the power to stand by his convictions. Some people infer that I am running a political side show in the interest of Mr. Foss. I deny it. Never since I have come into the world have I been brought to do what I didn't think was right, and all the powers of Hell and Heaven could not drive me from my course."

Mr. Pepard said that the union should look out for a certainty and not an uncertainty.

Mr. M. J. Riley called a point of order, with an excited appeal to sit Mr. Pepard down.

Mr. Pepard said: "I am bound to follow Bro. Brady."

Mr. Kinsella said that he objected to calling Senator Brady "brother."

"He's a brother of organized labor," was the answer.

Mr. Kinsella made a forcible retort.

Mr. Cryan opposed the motion in a brief speech. He thought it the height of injustice to throw Mr. Connolly down for Mr. Brady. He thought the action would lead to the death of the C. L. U.

President Meehan then took the floor and made the coolest speech of the evening. He looked upon Mr. Connolly as a personal friend and an honorable man but he knew that he didn't have the ghost of a show on the coming election. Then with the records of Foss and Brady before them any one could plainly see that Mr. Brady was the friend of labor and should be supported.

Mr. Kinsella said that as a Knight of Labor he must stand by the people's party as their platforms were alike.

John Ring Right on Deck.

Mr. John Ring said both Messrs. Connolly and Brady are Knights of Labor. He would be willing to help the people's party if it were consistent under the circumstances. He didn't believe in having one Knight of labor oppose the other. Both men are competent, but Mr. Brady has been tried and found true, and with the best of feeling to Mr. Connolly he asked him to withdraw from the fight until his time comes. "On my word of honor, said he, I would vote for Mr. Connolly under other circumstances, but he jeopardizes the chances of our only labor friend, who has a chance. I believe that the coming party is the people's democratic party. Endorse the oldest and longest tried democrats, elect good democrats and drive out the speculators and you will not need a people's party. Democratic principles, the principles of the people will always live. I hope the organizations will endorse Bro. Brady, and I hope to see the day when I can stand up and advocate Mr. Connolly's nomination.

Then came a discussion between Messrs. Connolly and Ring in which Mr. Connolly said he would get licked if Mr. Ring was working for his election, doubted his veracity and the chairman called him to order.

At this point the trouble between the two became personal and unfriendly.

Chairman Meehan rapped to order vigorously and some one yelled "question" and the question was put.

Senator Brady Endorsed.

On motion, a yea and nay vote was taken and also on motion, after another hot discussion, no one was allowed to vote who was not a pledged member of the C. L. U.

The populist candidates voted negatively and the result was 15 yeas, 14 nays, and Senator Brady's candidacy was endorsed, and at 6.10 o'clock the meeting adjourned.

THE CITY WATER.

Each and every individual, resident and non-resident of Lowell, if they are consumers of city water, must make settlement in full to date for all charges, the present week and before three o'clock on Saturday next. Failing to do this such individuals will note:

1st. That water will be cut off from all premises delinquent, MONDAY, OCTOBER 29th, and will not be again let on until original bill together with a fine of $2.00 is paid.

2d. That there are positively no exceptions to this order.

Persons who have unpaid bills will act wisely if they will attend to matter the early part of present week, as there is always a crush and necessary long wait in line during the last few days of grace.

Saturday is last day to pay.

Japanese Ware Slaughtered.

We are having a sale this week on Japanese novelties. The prices are marked away down. See the goods in our corner window. The U. S. Tea Co., corner Central and Prescott streets.

HOT SHOT for the COUNTY RING

WILL SHERIFF CUSHING ANSWER THE QUESTIONS?

Mr. Rodgers in Behalf of the Laboring People of Lowell Demands an Explanation From Sheriff Cushing.

Prison Labor Used for Some One's Profit While Honest Workmen are on the Point of Starvation—Is There a Loop-hole in the County Commissioner's Report? "Something Rotten in Denmark." The Notorious Ring on Its Last Political Legs.

Reform in the County methods!

"Down with the County ring," should be the slogan at the battle of ballots on Nov. 6th. Figures don't lie but they don't always tell the full story.

Will the citizens of the county have a chance to see or hear Sheriff H. G. Cushing's reply to the following communication?

To Henry C. Cushing, Esq., Sheriff of Middlesex County.

In looking over the report of the receipts and expenditures of Middlesex County I find that you have returned to the county treasurer the sum of $2072.26 as money received from labor of prisoners at the jail at Lowell.

In view of this fact and that there is a sentiment in this community against prison labor entering into competition with free labor I would respectfully ask you the following questions:

First—From whom did you receive that sum of money?

Second—Was the labor all performed at the Lowell jail?

Third—Was part of the money received for labor performed outside the Lowell jail?

Fourth—Is it true that gangs of prisoners have been taken from the jail in the morning, during the past year, and set at work doing farm labor, building stone walls and farm buildings on land located at the end of the boulevard, and returned to the jail at night?

Fifth—If your answer to the fourth is affirmative, you will tell who owns the land, who employed those prisoners and how much was paid over to the Middlesex county treasurer for the labor of such prisoners?

I ask these queries because you failed to return any itemized account of where you received that money, and because if it is true, then men with families stand idly by and look on in want, through coming into competition with prison labor, and it is time those idle men who are in want should know the reason for their idleness.

E. W. RODGERS,

On behalf of the citizens of Mid'x county.

A FINE CONCERT.

Given in Aid of St. Peter's Parish by the Best of Lowell Talent.

A grand concert in aid of the new St. Peter's church was given in Huntington hall last evening under the direction of Mr. T. F. Molloy. The attendance was very large and the program of high order. Perhaps the most beautiful number of the evening, was the rendition of Gounod's Ave Maria by Mrs. W. F. Shaw, the famous soprano, with accompaniments on the organ by Mr. Molloy and the violin by Prof. Borjes. Mrs Shaw also sustained the solo parts with Mr. Molloy in the Miserere from Il Travatore, assisted by a male chorus. Mrs. Belle Harrington-Hall rendered well selected readings and recitations and was encored repeatedly. Mr. James Donnelly, the popular young baritone, who made such a success in opera this summer was among the talent and he rendered his portion of the program in a very creditable manner. Mr. Donnelly has a bright future before him. The sextet from Lucia was rendered by the American quartette assisted by Mrs. Shaw soprano and Mrs. M. K. Tenney, contralto, and Dr. Rix was encored in his selections. The Roumania Banjo club, Misses Lottie and Kittie Walsh and Master Arthur Baldwin also participated.

FUNERAL SERVICES.

COBURN—The funeral of the late Chas. B. Coburn took place yesterday afternoon from the family residence on Colburn street. The service was private and was conducted by Rev. Mr. Batchelor. The bearers were four sons-in law of the deceased, A. A. Coburn, J. Tyler Stevens, D. Dana Bartlett and Edward Ellingwood. The arrangements were in charge of Chas. H. Coburn. Interment was in the Lowell cemetery.

Three Small Blazes.

The fire department responded to three alarms during Saturday evening and Sunday. All were small blazes, and no great damage was done.

Late Saturday afternoon box 28 was sounded, a blaze being in progress in a window in Joseph Hamel's store on Aiken street.

The alarm from box 19, Saturday night, was for a slight blaze in the cellar of a tenement on Lawrence street, occupied by Frank Mort.

A window curtain in Gordon's boarding house on the Boott corporation caught fire last evening and an alarm was sounded from box 39.

Bobbed Up Serenely.

"Tom" Lennon took a sudden fall at the corner of Central and Merrimack streets at 11 o'clock this morning. Seated comfortably in his road wagon, he was driving along, when one of the rear wheels came off, and "Tom" dropped.

He was not injured and came up smiling ready for another "go."

Dr. A. Mignault has returned from Canada.

TRAIN ROBBERY

The Desperadoes Fire 200 Shots at a Train.

PASSENGERS GAVE UP VALUABLES IN FEAR.

Four Police Officials Among the Victims.

WAGONER, I. T., Oct. 22.—A Kansas City and Memphis express was wrecked and robbed by the Cook gang of desperadoes at Correta, a blind siding, five miles south of here. The train was running 20 miles an hour. When within 100 feet of the switch a man came out from behind an embankment and throw the switch for the siding, running the train into a string of box cars.

Engineer Harris applied the air brakes and reversed the engine. The robbers commenced firing at the engine and coaches, and as soon as the train stopped, two of them commanded the engineer and fireman to come down. As soon as they had dismounted, the robbers marched them to the baggage and express cars. Here they forced Express Messenger Ford to open the doors by perforating the side of the car with bullets.

Plans Were Well Laid.

Meanwhile two more of the robbers had taken up a position at the rear end of the sleeper to prevent any one escaping. Two others mounted the platform between the smoker and baggage car and two were on the platform between the first and second coaches, all keeping up a continual firing.

The two robbers in the express car were meanwhile ransacking that car, securing all the money in the local safe. They commanded Messenger Ford to open the through safe, but when he explained that the safe was locked at the main office, and not opened until it reached its destination, they left the car.

The two men on the front platform then started through the coach demanding money and valuables. As soon as they reached the rear end of the coach the two men on that platform started through the second coach.

When they were about half way through, a freight train, following close behind, whistled, and Bill Cook, the leader, who had all the time remained outside issuing commands, swearing at the passengers and shooting, called for all hands to come out.

The men on the cars jumped out, and when all were on the ground fired a last volley at the train and disappeared in the darkness. There were eight or 10 men in the party. Two of them were white and the others were halfbreeds.

No Respecters of Persons.

Special Officers Helmick and Dickinson of the Missouri Pacific were on the train, also United States Deputy Marshals Brunner and Casseyer, but they were covered by Winchesters in the hands of the bandits before they had time to make a move. Casseyer lost a watch and a six-shooter.

The train was backed up to this place for assistance. The cars were completely riddled with bullets, every window being broken. The engine cab was shot all to pieces, even the steam gauge and gauge lamp being shot away, and the ground around the wreck covered with empty shells. It was a miracle that many lives were not lost. Over 200 shots were fired.

The Missouri Pacific immediately started a special train from Little Rock, carrying Superintendent W. J. McKee, and picking up deputy marshals. United States Indian Agent Wisdom of Muskogee has ordered all the Indian police to report for duty.

Prominent Worcester Man Dead.

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 22.—Hon. Samuel Winslow, ex-mayor of this city, died yesterday after a sickness of nearly a year. He accumulated a large fortune in the manufacture of skates. He served in the Massachusetts legislature and was mayor of Worcester for four terms. He was actively interested in suburban street railways.

Chinese Casualties.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—Mail from the Orient brings news of a fire at Chung-Klang. Over 30 people were burned to death and 2000 houses were destroyed. Disastrous floods were reported in northeastern China. Many women and children were drowned and an enormous property loss suffered.

Baggagemen Thrown Out.

SELMA, Ala., Oct. 22.—The new management of the Southern railway issued an order to the effect that on Nov. 1 all the train baggagemen will be removed. Express messengers will have to attend to both baggage and express matter.

His Worth Realized.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—All the papers this morning contain leaders of eulogy on James Anthony Froude. The Times says that his death seems to close a memorable and brilliant chapter in the literary history of the country.

Fast Bicycling In Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 22.—E. E. Anderson broke the world's class A bicycle record for one-quarter mile, unpaced, flying start, Saturday. He made the distance in 26 4-5s., taking 1 1-5s. off the record made by F. H. Grosch.

Schoolhouse Burned.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Oct. 22.—The Cottage City school building was totally destroyed by an incendiary fire. School is suspended until books can be procured, when sessions will be resumed in the town hall.

His Life Crushed Out.

TAUNTON, Mass., Oct. 22.—Robert Ellis of East Boston, while helping repair a railroad bridge, was pinned under a 2200-pound hammer. He died three hours later.

A Football Victim.

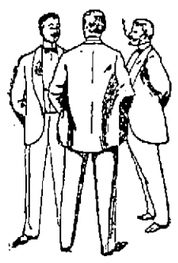
PROVIDENCE, Oct. 22.—Millard, halfback of Brown, was so badly injured in the game with Wesleyan Saturday that he will be unable to play again this year.

Suicide of a Southern Musician.

KNOXVILLE, Oct. 22.—Chloral, taken with suicidal intent, ended the life of Linda Miller, one of the most famous female musicians in the south.

Has the Gout.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—A dispatch from Simla says that the doctors there believe that the symptoms displayed by the Ameer of Afghanistan are due to gouty complications, which may disappear, and that the ameer has instructed his notables and generals to support his eldest son, Prince Habib Oullah, in the succession to the throne.



An intelligent young man buying a suit a day or two ago—"You'll kill off the tailors if you keep on with this good clothing; I know lots of fellows who've always had their cloths made that now buy their things here!"

That their's a substantial basis of truth for this remark is evident enough wherever you find the best dressed men and young men.

On the street, at the clubs or in attendance at social functions, half at least of the good dressers are wearing clothes that were provided—Rogers, Peet & Co.'s or our own make.

We're not yet satisfied, however; we want to clothe the other half.

PUTNAM & SON,

ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS,

Central Street, Cor. Warren.

The Belgian Elections.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 22.—The reballoting for members of the chamber of representatives passed off without any disorder. The returns thus far received indicate clerical successes in Brussels. The Catholics were victorious over the Liberal-Socialist coalition. Eighteen Catholics have won seats formerly occupied by Liberals.

Nuptial Knot Untied.

CHELSEA, Mass., Oct. 22.—Mr. and Mrs. James Watts were married Saturday night by Rev. R. J. Wyckoff. They were married a month ago by Rev. Mr. Wriston, who was recently fined for marrying people without having due authority. This made Mr. and Mrs. Watts anxious; and they got married again, to make sure.

Shortage of Over $5000.

BELLEFONT, Pa., Oct. 22.—For the misappropriation of money collected as school tax in the borough of Philipsburg in 1892, Associate Judge C. A. Faulkner of Centre county has been arrested on the charge of embezzlement, and bound over in $1000 for trial. The amount of his shortage is over $5000.

Cape Cottage Gone.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 22.—The Cape Cottage, a shore hotel on Cape Elizabeth, was burned last night, with most of the contents. The loss is about $20,000.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Ex-Lord Mayor Sullivan of Dublin has arrived in New York.

Fall River (Mass.) weavers again voted to continue the strike.

Samuel Wheeler, aged 78, hanged himself in his barn at Berlin, Mass.

Manchester (N. H.) Democrats named Charles C. Hayes for mayor.

Governor McKinley received a tremendous ovation at New Orleans.

Henry Westman of Boston, 70 years old, committed suicide by hanging.

An ex-Millville (R. I.) liquor dealer is suspected of issuing bogus checks.

James Anthony Froude, LL.D., the eminent writer and historian, is dead.

Dr. E. F. McQuesten was nominated by the Democrats for mayor of Nashua, N. H.

A bookkeeper for a New York importing firm is charged with embezzlement of $25,000.

A dispatch from Yokohama reports the arrival there of Lord Churchill and his wife.

The hotel at Whately, Mass., and the store of Howes & Son adjoining were burned.

At the Young Men's Christian association at Newburyport, Mass., $3000 was pledged for state work.

An expose of "discretionary pool" operations in Pittsburg was followed by a panic among investors.

At Plymouth, Mass., Joseph Perron of Fall River was held in $500 bonds for breaking and entering.

Charles Spry, a 10-year-old boy, fell from a boat in the Merrimac river at Haverhill, Mass., and was drowned.

The factory of the American Biscuit and Manufacturing company at Fond du Lac, Wis., was destroyed by fire. Loss, $100,000.

The statements that various changes were about to be made in the Italian diplomatic service are declared to be entirely unfounded.

Miss Ethel Ingalls, the eldest daughter of ex-Senator Ingalls, is to be married next Wednesday in Atchison, Kan., to Dr. Edward Giles Blair.

In his report of the condition of the schools of Hartford, Superintendent Brockleshy severely criticises the system for deficiencies in teaching English.

The faculty of the Yale law school will recommend to the corporation that the course of study in the law department be increased from two to three years.

It has been discovered at Amesbury, Mass., that a cow killed by a local butcher was badly affected with tuberculosis. The animal came from Seabrook, N. H.

The opening of the electric road from Skowhegan to Norridgewock, Me., was celebrated by a balloon ascension, canoe and boat races, firemen's contest, etc.

All the latest designs in fine pleasure vehicles.

Our Business Wagons are specially constructed to withstand the wear of pavements and car tracks.

We save you money. Get prices and look over our assortment before you purchase elsewhere.

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JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

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To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 45	6 50	6 00	§7 09
6 00	7 45	6 39	7 52
6 50	8 06	7 00	§7 44
§7 01	7 55	8 00	9 12
§7 18	8 02	8 30	§9 11
§7 27	8 12	9 00	§9 42
7 45	8 35	9 15	§10 25
8 50	9 40	10 00	11 13
§10 00	10 30	10 45	11 58
9 40	10 40	11 30	§12 09
11 00	12 06	1 00	§1 47
§12 00	12 45	2 00	3 04
1 40	2 50	3 00	3 46
3 00	4 25	3 30	4 46
§4 02	4 45	4 15	§5 00
4 30	5 30	5 00	6 04
§5 21	6 15	5 25	6 22
5 45	6 50	5 50	7 05
§6 28	7 15	6 15	7 28
§7 02	8 06	7 30	§8 10
		8 00	§8 40
		10 15	11 23
		11 22	12 23

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 00	7 30	8 32
8 15	9 12	9 25	10 57
9 30	10 52	10 25	11 42
10 50	12 02	11 30	1 07
12 30	1 37	2 15	3 25
12 45	2 05	2 30	4 28
2 29	2 47	3 40	4 55
2 25	4 27	4 30	5 42
4 30	5 22	5 01	6 10
5 10	6 41	6 01	7 13
6 15	7 29	6 35	7 45
7 00	8 02	9 40	10 40
9 30	10 15	11 15	12 12

Sunday Trains.

8 20	9 20	8 00	9 18
12 05	1 20	11 45	12 53
4 15	5 20	5 00	6 26
5 35	6 56	7 00	8 22
7 25	8 45		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Central street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway Street.

b. Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Sunday Trains.

§7 18	8 09	2 00	2 55
§7 27	8 12	9 00	10 07
8 46	9 50	1 00	1 57
§9 16	10 10	5 00	5 59
§4 25	5 32	7 30	8 10
§6 03	7 00	8 02	8 40
		9 00	10 02

§From Middlesex St. station only.

For Governor:

HON, JOHN E. RUSSELL of Leicester.

For Congressman:

HON. GEO. W. FIFIELD of Lowell.

For Senator:

HON. PETER J. BRADY of Lowell.

FIFIELD'S TARIFF policy is: give the bill a fair trial or in brief let it alone; Knox's intent is to tear down the democratic tariff.

MR. FIFIELD is pledged to use his efforts to get a federal building for Lawrence. Does that interest our sister city?

THE CITIZEN becomes facetious when it affects to think that the next congressional house will be republican. The democratic majority has more staying qualities neighbor. Mr. Fifield will go there to be count.

THE Salem News, a republican paper, has this to say of Senator Hill's canvass:

"Much as people may condemn the political methods of Senator David B. Hill, one cannot but admire the dash and vigor with which he is conducting his gubernatorial campaign. Admitting the fact that his political existence and his standing as a leader are respectively at stake, and that he is fighting with all the desperation which animates the man whose all is dependent upon success, he yet challenges the mingled admiration and attention of the public at large by his fertility as a tactician, his aggressiveness as a leader, his brilliancy as a campaigner and his ability as a pleader—specious, if not always convincing. He is indeed a striking personality, and the campaign he is waging must be acknowledged nothing if not masterly.

SENATOR BRADY.

The Boston Post made a vigorous and apparently a successful fight against the proposition to grant the Bell Telephone company an increase of $80,000,000 capital stock. Incidental to its policy in that contest it endeavored to brand every democrat who did not follow its dictation and in the course of its assaults upon the members of the legislature who failed to do so, it criticised Sen. Brady, but for what? For voting for the bill? No! For voting against his party? No! but simply for refusing to vote for a roll call on a certain vote.

The Post might be excused if in its enthusiasm it should have criticised Mr. Brady; but now when the contest is long ago settled, when Mr. Brady is the candidate of the democracy, when his election means success to the party in more ways than one; when his defeat will mean the triumph of Foss, the republican, it is a violation of democratic policy to oppose him. Will the Post or any other democratic paper in Boston presume to oppose the regular nominees of the party for the state, senate or for congress? Oh! no, they would not attempt such an act of party treason.

But if such a course would be treason in Boston why should it not be treason in Lowell? The Post fought its fight and won; the democrats of Lowell are fighting their battle and hope to win but if they find themselves opposed by the Post they will have to meet it as the occasion requires.

LICENSE COMMISSION NOT IN POLITICS.

The rumors that Mr. Foss had a dead cinch on the license commission have received a quietus from Commissioner Rice. Mr. Rice says the commission is not in politics and does not intend to aid any candidate in securing an election.

The commission was appointed to take the license question out of politics and if the members refrain from interference in party contests between candidates, they will achieve that end and will in consequence benefit the city and purify municipal politics. But should the commission allow Mr. Foss or anybody else to use its name as a threat or an inducement, the state of affairs would soon be as bad as that which existed under the old regime. It is a source of gratification to learn that no candidate can bank upon political help from the license commission and that this commission will be what it was intended to be, a body above suspicion. The politicians who secured election through promises to liquor dealers will now find that they will have to draw upon some other talisman. It will be a great advance towards municipal reform when licenses will be granted only to men who can be relied upon to conform to the law, when they will no longer be made the prizes for party treachery or the marketable merchandise of the corrupt official. The license commission, we are glad to say, is all right and the community, we believe, may rest assured that the candidate who would make capital out of his alleged "pull" with the commission is only playing a game of bluff.

THE CAMPAIGN is waxing hot, the republicans are getting excited, they are using the calamity cry for all it is worth. They are sounding it all over the country but they have modified their opinion of McKinleyism. Tom Reed has gone back on Billy McKinley and his bill. He says the bill was a mere makeshift and not at all satisfactory to the republicans. He knows the country does not want a revival of McKinleyism and he is, therefore, telling the country that republicans have something better in store. That we may assume means higher duties all round. But when the country shall have given the present bill a fair trial it will demand still lower duties, not higher.

MR. KNOX will speak here tomorrow evening. Let him explain what he has ever done for the cause of labor, or what for any cause except his own candidacy. Mr. Fifield is a man who has been honored by his city and whose administration was marked by conservatism and good business discernment.

McKINLEY AFTER VOTES.

The Bogus Napoleon Making Great Efforts to Humbug the People.

When Governor McKinley goes out in search of votes, he is not accustomed to let a little thing like truth or candor stand in his way. In his campaign in Ohio he left a wide track of misstatement and falsehood all the way from Lake Erie to the Ohio river. Only a day or two ago he sought to score a point against Democracy by the absurd statement that the concessions granted to Hawaiian sugar planters were for the special profit and benefit of the Sugar trust, the fact being that the trust has no interest in the Hawaiian plantations or alliance with the planters of Honolulu. There was quick and forceful response made to this piece of characteristic misrepresentation, and it is noticed that the bogus Napoleon of the Republican party has not returned to that line of attack.

It is very clear that this is the same old McKinley, after all. The man who strove so long to persuade American voters that under his beneficent tariff law the foreigners paid our taxes will not hesitate at such little fictions as calling the Republican party the party of bimetallism. He is serenely confident of his ability to humbug all the people all the time.—Chicago Times.

Democrats Are Hopeful.

The general depression which appeared to be felt by all Democrats until some months ago seems to be fast disappearing, and while it was not an uncommon thing in midsummer to hear a Democrat speak in a hopeless way about the election this fall now there is nothing of this kind heard, but from every section comes a story of confident assurance.—Allentown (Pa.) Democrat.

A Gratifying Victory.

The Georgia Democrats have given a combination of Populists and Republicans a decisive whaling. The negroes voted largely with the Populists. Under the circumstances the victory is more gratifying than would have been a larger majority obtained over either of the opposing parties fighting singly.—Philadelphia Record.

The Winner Is Easy to Pick.

The whole country has "caught on" to the significance of the New York campaign. Even out in Montana an editor tells his readers that it is a contest between brains and a barrel.—Boston Globe.

Fact and Fancy.

The Indiana glass factories are starting up with a cheerfulness that is in the strongest contrast with the dull, gray pallor of Major McKinley's calamity howl.—New York World.

The Price of Lumber Advancing.

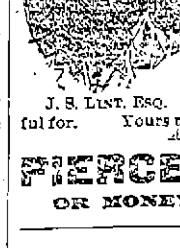
A coming advance in the price of pine lumber is announced. The disastrous effect of pauper lumber from Canada is not yet apparent.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Wool and the G. O. P.

Wool is too mean for anything. It keeps going up in price without seeming to care a rap for the g. o. p.—New York Mercury.

EXPELLED

—every poison and impurity from your blood with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Rheumatism has its origin in a poisoned condition of the blood and is always relieved by this remedy, which acts on liver, kidneys and blood. Dyspepsia and stomach troubles are most often the result of a diseased liver. Rouse the torpid liver to action with the "Discovery."



J. S. LINT, ESQ.

I feel a great deal better than I did before taking your "Golden Medical Discovery" for my rheumatism, and it does all that it is recommended to do. I have a daughter who was troubled with a weak stomach so that she vomited everything that she ate and the "Discovery" cured her also, which I am thankful for. Yours truly, JOHN S. LINT, *Alvarado, Steuben Co., Ind.*

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Fine Repairing at the Lowest Rates

HOME, SWEET HOME AUTHOR.

REMOVAL OF THE REMAINS OF JOHN HOWARD PAYNE.

Brought From Tunis to His Native Land. Pathetic Scene In the Little Protestant Church—Something About the Last Days of the Sweet Singer.

I chanced upon Mr. John Worthington the other day just after his return from Malta, where he has been United States consul since his appointment to that position by President Arthur in 1882. From time to time I have noticed extracts from his consular reports in the newspapers, but I particularly remembered his connection with the removal of John Howard Payne's remains to this country from Tunis at the instance of Mr. Corcoran of Washington.

Mr. Worthington said that one of the earliest and most interesting duties he had to perform as consul was to go to Tunis and exhume the body of John Howard Payne, the author of "Home, Sweet Home." This was on Jan. 5, 1883. Payne had been the American consul at Tunis and died there in 1852. His body lay in St. George's cemetery, in the heart of the town of Tunis, for 32 years, when Mr. Corcoran, the Washington banker, obtained permission from the state department to take it up and bring it to America.

"When I arrived at Tunis," Mr. Worthington continued, "it was noon—the exhumation was to take place at 1 o'clock. At the grave I found assembled Sir Thomas F. Reade (the British consul general), one or two gentlemen connected with the American consulate and about 20 other gentlemen, some of them Tunisians, dressed in the costumes of the country. Among the latter was Payne's old dragoman, who had been present at his death and funeral.

"There was nothing whatever left of the body except the skeleton, and in removing this skeleton from the grave to a coffin we had to put some of the earth in with it, as the coffin in which the body had been buried had crumbled away, the earth and bones becoming mixed.

"In stooping over the grave I noticed that the root of a tree—a pepper tree—had just begun to creep over the forehead. This I pulled away, and in so doing exposed a piece of bone as white as ivory, which, together with a branch of the pepper tree, I sent to Mr. Corcoran at Washington. I also obtained five or six brass buttons from the uniform in which Payne had been buried, one of which I sent to Mr. Corcoran, one to the secretary of state—in fact, I gave them all away, not keeping even one for myself.

"The body was then taken to the little English Protestant church at Tunis, where, the coffin having been covered with an American flag, we placed it on a table at the foot of the chancel and directly under a window which had been erected to Payne's memory by English and American residents, and on which was inscribed: 'To the memory of John Howard Payne, author of "Home, Sweet Home."'

This was just about sunset. The ceremony which took place was of a simple nature. An English naval officer played the air of 'Home, Sweet Home' on a little American melodeon which stood there, and after considerable urging I induced my wife to sing the words. This she at last consented to do, and standing there in the beautiful twilight singing helped to make one of the most pathetic scenes I have ever witnessed. At first she sung in brave tones, but gradually, as she began to think how this little scene might some day become historic, her voice trembled and trembled—which only added pathos to the scene—until there was not a dry eye in the church. Arabs, foreigners and all were wiping away the tears. It was simply overwhelming.

"There we left the body all night. The next day, at noon, we again assembled, when the coffin containing all that was left of Payne was carried to the Marina, whence it was put aboard a French ship bound for Marseilles. It was then transferred to a ship coming direct to the United States, where it was taken to Washington and buried.

"Over the grave in Washington Mr. Corcoran dedicated a handsome monument, with appropriate ceremonies.

"The people of Tunis, as I learned afterward, felt aggrieved that even the old tombstone which had covered the grave for 30 odd years had been taken away to America. This was done by a mistake. Mr. Corcoran wrote me, and when he was informed of their feeling he at once authorized me to have a monument put up over the empty grave in Tunis. This I did, duplicating the one in Washington, except instead of putting a bust, as on the Washington monument, I had a little group of symbols cut for the top, one a ribbon, on which were carved the first few notes of 'Home, Sweet Home,' and the inscription (from Mrs. Ray Riley Smith's poem, 'Sometime'), 'Then Be Content, Poor Heart,' and the others a lute and a book."

"I suppose, Mr. Worthington, you obtained considerable information regarding Payne's life in Tunis?"

"Yes, I did, particularly from a Mr. Alfred Chappillie, the present United States vice consul in Tunis. He knew Payne very well and was very kind to him. It was through Mr. Chappillie largely that Payne was enabled to receive the assistance which made his last days comfortable without Payne knowing that it was charity. He was proud, he fancied—and his friends led him to believe—that the money he was living on was his own, whereas, as a matter of fact, his friends were helping him. He supposed it was his money which had been saved for him out of his own income.

"Payne lived in a fine large house in Tunis, which he had succeeded in getting the bey to let him occupy in his capacity as a servant of the United States. As he began to fail he staid in the house a great deal, sitting in a large chair, well wrapped up, with a hot fire burning—this, too, in the hot climate to be found there—contenting himself with brandy and soda. He finally died from exhaustion from inability to eat or retain anything, living on brandy altogether during the last few days of his life."—Philadelphia Press.

Carrying Out Orders at the Hospital.

The story following was told to the writer by the friend of the deceased:

"My friend sickened and was taken to the hospital, where, of course, he was under the care of a trained nurse. I had occasion several times to notice how strictly the nurse, a cold faced young woman, carried out the orders of the attending physician. One night I received a message announcing the death of my friend. I hastened to the hospital to do the last duties. The young woman nurse showed me into the room, pulled the sheet from the face of the dead and remained by the cot. 'Why didn't you close his eyes when he died?' I asked.

"'The physician never said anything to me about closing his eyes,' she replied in a purely mechanical way. I never realized as I did then how nearly a machine it is possible for some humans to become."—Chicago Herald.

The general committee of the German trade unions is now considering the advisability of calling together a congress next year.

HE WAS HEARTLESS.

A Human Reptile Who Disdained to Aid a Fellow Man.

A man who had just dined at a Woodward avenue restaurant the other evening was picking his teeth in that self satisfied way so aggravating to a hungry person when he was accosted by a pedestrian who promptly introduced himself as follows:

"'Deevening, sir. I am a bum. My name is Davidson. I want to ask a favor of you."

"I swore off long ago," replied the diner as he carried the toothpick over to his other jaw.

"You mistake my object, sir. I am not asking you for money to pay for drink, lodgings or food. I do not want to go to Toledo, Buffalo or Chicago. In fact, sir I do not want money to live on, but to die on."

"Um! Want to die, eh?"

"I do, sir. This is my last night in the beautiful city of Detroit and also on earth. By midnight my soul shall have winged its weary flight to that mysterious realm."

"Going to commit suicide?"

"I am. I have coolly and calmly figured it out. Life has been a failure. It is not worth the living. In that other land I can perhaps become a successful vag."

"But why should a dying man want money?"

"I owe a man in this town 25 cents. He is a good man, but poor. He lent me the money to keep me from suffering, and I won't be mean enough to die and leave him to whistle for it. I want to put that quarter in his hand and say to him: 'Jim, old boy, I am going hence, but before I go I want to square up. Here's your quarter, and may heaven reward you for your kindness.' That's what I want to say, sir, and I now ask you for the coin."

"Yes. You are sure to die?"

"My mind is irrevocably made up."

"And Jim must have his quarter?"

"He must."

"I'll do better than that," said the man as he pulled out book and pencil. "Give me Jim's address, and I'll call around in the morning and break the sad news of your death and hand him a half. What's the full name, please?"

"The full name? Sir, you are evidently a heartless human reptile, and I want nothing more to do with you. Keep your money, sir. Keep your money, and I'll be hanged if I commit suicide. No, sir! No, sir. When I see such evidences of the cruel heartlessness of the world, it decides me to live on just as long as I can and be just as mean as I can. Consider our interview at an end. Good night, sir!"

And he drew himself up and stalked on through the darkness and left the man to chew his toothpick and look after him and regret his unjust suspicions.—Detroit Free Press.

Sex In Literature.

Mrs. Humphry Ward, in refusing an invitation from a club of "woman writers," said she condemned sex distinction in literature. She did not wish to see sex emphasized in literature, but rather she desired to see "the neutrality of the pen—the sexlessness of intelligence."

LYDIA E

PINKHAM'S

Vegetable Compound

Is a positive cure for all those painful

Ailments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life*. Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Leucorrhœa than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruations, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health," by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 90 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of *either* sex the Vegetable Compound is unequaled.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills cure Constipation, Sick Headache, 25c.

All druggists sell the Vegetable Compound, or sent by mail, in form of pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. *Correspondence freely answered.*

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For a Good Smoke Try One.
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LOWELL AGENCY FOR
FRANK JONES' ALE.
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Celebrated Anheuser Busch Beer.
The Trade and Families Supplied at Lowest Prices.
Orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to.
JOHN LENNON,
NO. 302 MARKET Street.
TELEPHONE—No. 38-2.

CHILDREN'S CLASSES in DANCING
Saturday, Sept. 29th, at 2.30.
All interested are invited to attend. It will be informal, and for the purpose of organizing and making known the arrangements of classes for the season of 1894-'95. Dancing for the children from 2 30 to 4. All former members of children's classes and friends are invited. The first lesson will be given Saturday, October 6th.
Classes in dancing for Adults, Beginners, Intermediate and Advance, now open. Pupils received at any time. Hall for rent Monday and Tuesday evenings. For further information call on or address
D. C. Lester 37 Prescott Street.
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Branch office, 49 Merrimack street,—Calderwood's cigar store.

What would Lowell be without the spindle? The city is known the world over as "The Spindle City."
The Spindle Cigar
Is made by HENRY FLOOD: best smoke in town

NEW LUMBER YARD.
No. 255 HILDRETH STREET.
Best Quality. Lowest Prices. Cedar Posts a Specialty.
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Great Removal Sale.
We are about to remove to more commodious quarters and find it necessary to close out our present stock of Harnesses of every description. The greatly reduced prices will place our stock within reach of everybody in need of Harnesses. Have leased for a term of years the "Old Brabrook Stand," established in 1827.
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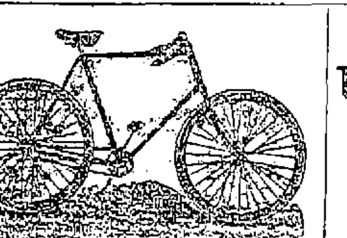

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One word more, we have a full line of Misses' Merino and Scarlet Underwear at prices never offered before in New England.
TO THE PUBLIC.—We cordially invite you to inspect our new Fall Underwear, which we know will benefit you. Come one, come all.
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To have them during the next six weeks. We refer to the customary coughs and colds which always appear with the change from summer to fall weather. Taken in time they are easily shaken off, but if allowed to run may last all winter, and end with some serious complaint like consumption. Do you remember some of the marvelous cures performed by
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THE GREAT AIM OF PLUTOCRACY.

The Enslavement of the Many By the Few In America.

The Tendency Shown In the Utterances of the Baron's Agents—Labor Naturally the Strongest Support of Government—Behold, the Light Is Breaking.

The Century Magazine for October furnishes food for reflection for those who believe in the principles set forth in the Declaration of Independence, but more especially for those optimistic patriots who pooh pooh the idea that there is a settled purpose in a certain quarter to divide this nation into two distinct classes—a governing class and a governed class. The governing power is to rest with the aristocracy of wealth, and the wealth producers are to be placed absolutely under the control of this power. Democracy is to be overthrown and plutocracy installed beyond all question, as there is now still some doubt as to whether that is our real though not acknowledged condition. The careful observer has not waited until this late day to reach the conclusion that the American lords and barons and their lickspittles have agreed among themselves that popular government is an over present menace to the complete triumph of their aim to secure absolute dominion over the mudsills. That the people have been indifferent and careless in the exercise of the power resting in them until they are slaves in fact, if not in name, is not satisfying to plutocracy, for the power still exists, and it may be exercised ere it is too late. Therefore that power must be destroyed.

It is not enough that the rich have fastened the chains of industrial slavery upon the poor through legislation. While the producers are politically free and are permitted to combine for the enforcement of their economic rights, there is danger that they will remain a constant impediment to the complete establishment of a wealthy aristocracy and possibly under the lash of the taskmaster may be driven to exercise their political power for their regeneration. Stealthily, but persistently and unerringly, plutocracy has for 30 years, or since the liberation of the chattel slave, carried out its purpose of enslaving the wageworkers. Through a carefully prepared programme of legislation, carried out up to the present in accordance with an occasionally amended schedule, the moneybags of the world have made themselves the masters of American industry, and the bloated brigands grin with fiendish delight as in their dreams they hear the sounds of hammers forging bonds for the industrious. The foul and murderous business began with bonds, and it ends with bonds, but the first and the last are not the same. Law, law, law, has been the cry of the greedy cormorants for 30 years. Now it is "law and order." Their "law" stood for legalized theft, and their "order" means the bullets and bayonets of hired murderers.

I do not want to be misunderstood in this matter. I am not denouncing every man who is the possessor of capital—every employer. Few of the manufacturers or merchants of 30 years ago were even tacitly in the conspiracy to control the lawmaking power and through it the destinies of our people, but while this is true I must admit for consistency's sake that many in those classes have taken advantage of the opportunities presented to them because of their great fortunes accumulated since 1865 and are now part and parcel of the conspiracy of wealth. As against these I fully realize that the vast majority of our merchant class are either now or are destined to be victims of the same vicious and greedy beast that is devouring labor. They foolishly believe that they will either be able to protect themselves or graciously be allowed to escape, and because of this self deception their cries for the suppression of the "lawless workingman" rival those of the hired shouters of the barons. They were fierce in denouncing Debs and his comrades in the late unpleasantness and enthusiastic in applauding the autocracy of a president who eagerly jumped into the fray—on monopoly's side. They mildly and respectfully mumbled a protest against the ever recurring instances of the prostitution of government machinery to enhance the fiendish powers of the barons, but they are vehement in their demands that the disorder of robbed and starving workingmen be "stamped out." Their shortsightedness will prove their ruin.

But what of the articles in The Century? you ask. I had almost forgotten them, as they are so much like the many utterances that have come under the eyes of those who read the organs of the plutocracy in these times. It is difficult to select any as especially calling for attention. The whole lot is so infamous. One of the articles I have before me is signed "James Wier, Jr., M. D., 'Waveland,' Owensboro, Ky." The "Waveland" evidently refers to the country castle or baronial estate of the writer. Note the surroundings of the gentleman who writes about "The Methods of the Rioting Striker an Evidence of Degeneration." The article is a labored effort to show that physical degeneration, followed naturally by mental and moral degeneration, is the real cause of the "lawlessness evinced" by "our work people." It is not necessary to discuss what the doctor assigns as the prime causes of "degeneration." It is sufficient to say that he lays the blame for labor disturbances at the door of our foreign born population. This is the common trick today of the tool of plutocracy whether on the platform or in print. Every whipper snapper and lickspittle of the barons will tell you that "there would be no dissatisfaction among our work people if it wasn't for the influence of the scum of Europe which has swarmed upon our shores."

It is the anarchist from the slums of Europe that the soldiers are called upon to shoot down. The American workingman has no kick coming. In the language of the "Waveland" seer, who of course enjoys excellent opportunities for knowing all about the workingman:

> The native born American workingman descended from Anglo-Saxon ancestors has not yet been attacked by degeneration. In this fruitful land his struggle for existence has been easy. Consequently his physical and psychical beings have not been held in check and turned back by the exigencies of his surroundings, but, on the contrary, have been greatly developed. He takes broad and elevated views of sociological questions. He recognizes the fact that each man is the architect of his own fortunes, and that success depends on the intrinsic worth of each individual.

It is singular that the doctor, with all his knowledge, does not recognize that the courage to protest and fight against injustice is more likely to abide with the kind of men he has described than with those who are physically and psychically degenerated. The doctor made a slip in his reasoning, as he also did in his use of terms. How could he so far forget himself as to say "struggle for existence" in describing the happy conditions surrounding the native born American workingman? Further comment upon the above extract is not needed. It speaks for itself.

After condemning our immigration laws and charging once more upon the immigrant the responsibility for all labor disorders this savior of society, this kind hearted friend of "our work people," concludes his contribution to the Christianlike literature of nineteenth century civilization thus:

> Year after year Europe pours into the United States multitudes of degenerate human beings, who, incited by the freedom of American institutions and without the deterrent fear of summary punishment, immediately give free rein to their anarchistic imaginations, and whenever they think that the favorable moment has arrived plunge into anarchy and lawlessness. These people are savages and should not be treated as civilized beings. They are not amenable to those arguments which would undoubtedly prevail were they civilized men and women. Consequently it is folly to argue with them. Their ideas of social economics are totally different from those of the civilized world, and the sooner the world recognizes this fact the better it will be for civilization. When the Indians out west go on the warpath, we know how to control them. The psychologist considers the anarchist as being no better than the Indian.

What a fix chaps of this doctor's stripe would be in if they hadn't the term "anarchist" to juggle with! I am opposed to the anarchist theory of no government and have no sympathy with the kind of "anarchist" the doctor writes about, but it seems to me there is a better way to destroy his power than to butcher him—a better way because its results would be more lasting. To kill off the products of a system and not change the system is like cutting sweet pea blossoms to make the vines bear heavily through the whole season. If the American workingman's condition was not such as to make him grateful for the sympathy of any one who in any way espouses his cause, if the powers that be in government showed some consideration for his rights and less subserviency to the money mongers, trust tyrants and corporation cormorants, there would be no difficulty with "riotous foreigners" in labor disputes. Organized labor in America would prove the government's strongest protector if the men who represent the government in its legislative, executive and judicial branches were not everlastingly arrayed upon the side of privilege and pelf. There were no "anarchistic foreigners" engaged in the recent railway strike, and yet the administration at Washington promptly got into shape to control the strikers "as we control the Indians." What rioting there was began after the courts and the soldiers were openly arrayed upon the side of the arrogant corporations.

The editor of "Topics of the Time" in Century asks, also in the October number, "While all the rest of the people are upholding law and order, how does it come about that the laboring classes are in so many instances seeking to overthrow law and order?" The implied charge in the query is not true. If it were, the answer might be found in such instances as the one I refer to in the foregoing paragraph. But we will let the questioner make his own answer. Here it is: "It is because, as we said in 1893, our laboring class is not as a body American, but anti-American. That it is becoming more American through experience we are glad to believe." How the writer makes his statements that the laboring classes "are in so many instances" conducting themselves like "anti-Americans" and yet "are becoming more American through experience" fit into each other it is difficult to see, especially as the recent railway difficulty, which of course had very strong "anti-American" tendencies, was one of the causes which provoked him into writing his little piece. But editors of high priced magazines are not required to be consistent. All they are expected to do is to pound the mudsills and prejudice the middle class.

There's where the trouble lies; there's the correct answer to the question, "Why is there unrest among 'our' work people?" The middle class is deceived by the agents of plutocracy into believing that the working people are responsible for the disturbances which cause suffering to business interests. In the hurry of commercial life our merchants and small manufacturers have allowed the subsidized editors and professors of the barons to do their thinking. Of the burdens which Shylock has put upon the people the middle class has passed its share along in the regular course of business until it has found a final resting place upon the shoulders of the sill, who has simply been forced deeper into the mud. Occasionally one of the middlemen is unable to shift the burden, and he is crushed by its weight. Such an experience sometimes makes him think, and then he joins the ranks of the discontented. But through it all Shylock is gathering his toll and rearing his palace of plutocracy. When the middle class cries out because it is pinched, Shylock offers comfort and encouragement by whispering: "Have no fear. I am your friend. If you will allow your public servants to do as I require, I will furnish you the capital to carry on your business. You cannot turn a wheel without my help, and it is fortunate [aside, "For me"] that I am your friend, my dear."

So the swindle goes on, and the man who really believes that he loves peace more than any one else is the unwitting cause of most of the trouble. The light is breaking though. It is pleasant to be able to say that before closing this letter. The dawn is rising this time in the west. The people of the prairies and mountains have seen the light, and it has enabled them to locate the cause of strikes, riots and tramps. The news is spreading over the south, the north—aye, and even in the east it is being told, and there are many who receive it with gladness. Shylock is trembling in his boots, for there are rumors that the next big strike will be by the building trades employed on the palace of plutocracy, and that it will be impossible to secure others to take the strikers' places. The first vote on the strike is to be taken Nov. 6, 1894. If it doesn't carry at that time, it surely will on Nov. 6, 1896, when another vote will be taken.

JOS. R. BUCHANAN.

A Day's Work.

Does not our neighbor, The Record, err in asserting positively that "employers have learned by experience that a shortened day means relatively increased wage, just as a long day means a short wage?"

Economists, statisticians, business men and labor leaders have been studying this subject for some years, and all have come to the conclusion that the reduction of the hours of labor to the eight hour point has not decreased the productivity of the worker nor the labor cost of the product. England has furnished a vast quantity of data bearing upon the problem, all of which support this position. It would of course be absurd to contend that the hours of labor could be indefinitely decreased without corresponding decrease of the product, but it has been very thoroughly demonstrated that the change from ten to eight hours in English factories has cost the employer nothing and profited the worker much in time for rest, recreation and self improvement.—Chicago Times.

Starvation In Pullman.

Some hundreds of people in the town of Pullman are gradually starving to death. This statement is literally true. Pullman is some miles out in the country from Chicago, and after the great strikes of June and July ended so much had been written about the place that the newspapers and public were tired of reading about it. For two months the press of Chicago had almost nothing to say about Pullman or the condition of the people who were living there. Yet the people have continued to exist, entirely dependent upon the charity of others. After public interest in the strikes had died away the supplies which were being furnished to the needy in the town of Pullman palace cars slowly but steadily decreased. The climax was reached this week when about 700 people who applied at relief headquarters for food yesterday morning were told that there was nothing more for them.—Chicago Cor. Philadelphia Press.

The Six Hour Day.

The proposal to inaugurate a six hour day of labor in the building trades was doubtless inspired by a humane and altruistic purpose. It comes from the men already employed, and what it really means is that these persons are willing to divide the work which they have with the unfortunates who have no work at all. To do such work as is to be done at the rate of six hours a day instead of eight would require a fourth more hands. Eight men would find work where six are now employed. The original six would surrender a portion of their wages to the incoming two.—Chicago Record.

The Modern Hell.

The ancient hell of torments dire
Was pictured forth with flames and fire,
Where sinning souls were swiftly sent
To get their meted punishment.
The modern hell—but my weak pen
Dares hardly strive to show to men
What dreadful torments daily go
To make the round of modern woe.

From early dawn till falls the night
No rest has he, the luckless wight
Who toils to gain the daily bread
With which his children must be fed.
Perhaps in dark, unhealthful mines
Or on the railway's lengthened lines
He risks his life from day to day
To keep the demon Want at bay.
Perhaps in factories where the light
Of day scarce changes from the night
He toils amidst a horrid din
A meager sustenance to win.

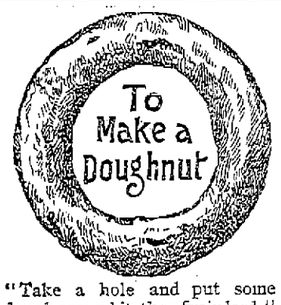
In crowded garrets, hot and high,
Where multitudes in squalor lie
He makes his home. There sickness comes
And through the place at will it roams.
It lays its ghastly hand on youth,
For tender years it has no ruth,
And soon a harvest great is reaped,
And tiny mounds are quickly heaped
Above the heads where till this rest
None other had their lives o'er blest.

The meager pittance that they earn
Just serves to make the fire burn
That's known as life within their frames,
But only smolders, never flames.
And living is the same as death
Except they have the one thing—breath—
That is denied the peaceful dead
Who lie in earth beneath their tread.

From tortured millions comes the cry,
"We are but slaves who live and die
At will of those who have the pow'r
To legislate and change each hour
The laws to suit themselves and reap
Therefrom a harvest, which they keep
'Neath lock and key, while starving men
Cry out for bread, and back again
The cry is hurled in bitter scorn,
'The poor man never should be born.'"

O God in heaven, hear the cries
That daily to thy throne arise.
Send forth thy bolts of garnered wrath,
Blast through this country one clean path,
That levels all to one fair plane,
Where all shall rule, and none shall reign,
Where man to man shall brother be
And all be one equality.

—W. Reed Dunover.



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The admired Cecilian Ladies' Quartet, with a reader, supplemented by the great artist the celebrated violin virtuoso, Alfred de Seve and Mrs. de Seve. A rare opportunity of a rare combination.

DECEMBER 20.
"Thomas Moore and his Poems." A magnificent entertainment by a bright clever lecturer and splendid tenor singer, Mr. M. J. Dwyer of the Boston Herald. This lecture is illustrated pictorially by the stereopticon and musically by Mr. Dwyer, and a fine quartet.

JANUARY 3.
The famous "Old Homestead Quartet," in an original and entertaining musical programme covering all branches of parlor singing. A clever humorist comes with them.

JANUARY 17.
The Boston Instrumental Club consists of some 15 members of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, the cream of what is the most artistic musical organization in the United States. Their programme of rare excellence will be varied by the singing of a contralto of national reputation, whose name will be given later.

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MONDAY AND TUESDAY,
October 22nd and 23d.
LEWIS MORRISON
—AS—
"MEPHISTO"
In his famous, dramatic, scenic and electric production of
FAUST.
A performance celebrated throughout the entire English speaking world. In the cast are Miss Florence Roberts as Marguerite, and Mr. Edward Risner.
Regular Prices, $1, 75, 50, 35, 25c. Seats on sale Friday.

One Performance Only.
Wednesday Oct. 24.
C. M. Bertram's comedians, in the newest, greatest and most successful three comedy production,
HOSS AND HOSS
Up to Date and a little Beyond.
Never Half So Big,
Never Half So Funny,
Never Half So Attractive.
If You Want Fun Go Where Fun Is.
Regular Prices, $1, 75, 50, 35, 25c. Seats on sale Monday at 10 o'clock.

One Night Only.
Thursday, Oct. 25.
America's Greatest Actor,
MR. JAMES A.
HERNE,
In his original creation of Nathan'l Berry in his own beautiful play,
SHORE ACRES,
As presented by him 114 nights at the Boston Museum. 257 nights in New York City. Under the direction of Henry C. Minier.
Prices—$1.50 $1, 75, 50, 35, 25c. Seats on sale Tuesday.

Music Hall,
One Week Only.
MONDAY, OCTOBER 22.
Ladies' Reception Matinee—Wednesday.
Children's Candy Matinee—Saturday.
LOWELL'S FAVORITE ACTRESS,
Miss Ether Tucker
Supported by Her Own Company.
3—GREAT PLAYS—3
Monday and Tuesday Nights,
FANCHON.
POPULAR PRICES, 10c., 20c., and 30c.

Stained and Varnished interiors will soon be a thing of the past.

The latest style is to use

B. & K.

CLEAR TONED INTERIOR PAINTS

The delicate party colors of which harmonize with the newest shades of wall papers.

They dry with flat finish and can be cleaned with soap and water.

SOLD ONLY AT

C. B. Coburn & Co.'s
63-71 Market Street.

McCARTIN'S BAKERY, 107 Gorham Street.
Domestic Bread, Cake and Pastry.
Orders for Wedding Cake promptly filled. Beans received for baking.

E. R. DONOVAN, Office: 85 Gorham Street,
Constable and Auctioneer.

EDWARD CAWLEY, Office, 131 Central Street.
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Coal of all kinds. Also dealer in Wood, Lime, and Cement. Agent for the celebrated Portland drain and sewer pipe. Elevator, Rogers-Street Bridge.

JAMES A. CAWLEY, Moore Street
COAL.
Telephone for Summer Prices. All orders promptly delivered. (Late of firm of Cawley Bros

J. J. GALLAGHER, 260 Merrimack Street.
Depot Cigar Store.
All the leading brands of Cigars and Tobacco

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street
Clothing, Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed
Orders received for cleaning dying and pressing promptly and neatly executed.

LOTEROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street,
Photographers,
Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work Guaranteed.

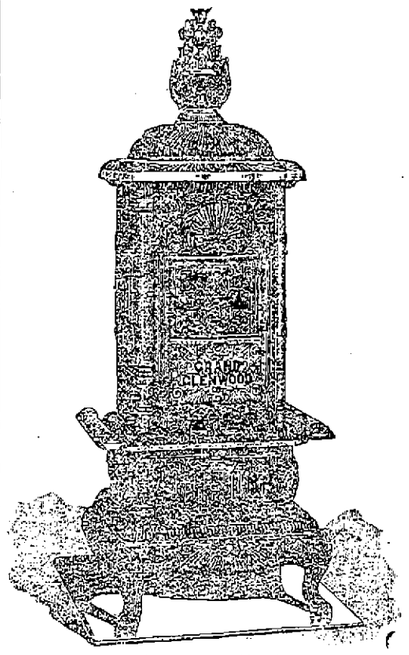
FRANCIS W. QUA, No. 3 Barristers' Hall,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street,
Meats and Provisions.
(Successor to Stront & Kingsbury.)

Smiling Faces - - - - On the Sabbath
Are always the result of purchases made at the
UNION :: MARKET.
Join the Crowd and See Us Today.
WALSH'S UNION MARKET, Middlesex St, Foot of South St.

EDUCATE YOUR CHILDREN BY BUYING A
Geographical Globe.
The Price Is But 25 Cents,
-AT-
LAWLER'S BOOK STORE,
Telephone 373-4. 79 MERRIMACK AND 15 JOHN STREETS.

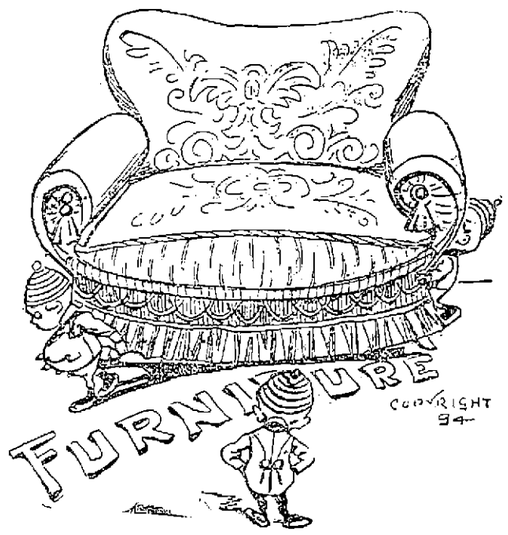
FURNITURE.



New goods for fall trade now in; new Carpets, new Chamber, Parlor and Dining-room Furniture. A fine stock to select from and the prices lower than ever before.

We wish to call your attention to our line of Glenwood Ranges and Parlor Stoves for which we are the agents in Lowell. The Glenwood goods are the acknowledged superior of all other makes of stoves. See our Grand Glenwood heater before you purchase. The beautiful designs, fineness of finish and simple construction, together with elegant embellishment of Nickle and Bronze, makes it the most beautiful as well as the most useful heater ever offered to the public.

Cookin Bros., NO. 66 PRESCOTT ST.



Peter Davey.
134 MARKET STREET - - OPPOSITE PALMER.
TELEPHONE: RESIDENCE, 458-2. STORE, 314-2.

A. C. Pollard & Co.

BLANKETS.

Never in the history of our store was trading so lively as it was Monday and Tuesday. We never misrepresent a single article, and when we advertise anything you will find it as we say.

300 pairs is the number of the $3.50 Blankets which we have left. We save you $1 a pair. Everybody sells them at $4.50, our price is $3.50 A PAIR.

Another special in Blankets; this time the size is 11-4, these were made to retail for $4.50, but in the weaving they were made imperfect and they are here at a great reduction; the body of the blanket is strictly perfect. Price $2.98 A PAIR.

Comforters at 75c, 89c, $1, $1.25 to $2.50 each. Our line of $1.25 Comforters is our special, extra size, 6x6½, the coverings are from beautiful twilled print, filled with clean white cotton. They would be cheap at $1.75.

Our Comforters at $1.39 are worthy of your inspection; regular price $2.
Merrimack Street, Basement.

HOSIERY.

A partial list of some of the Hosiery to be found here—
19c. Ladies' Black Wool Hose, full fashioned Merino toe and heel.
25c. Ladies' Black Wool Hose, plain and ribbed, also in Oxford and natural
25c. Ladies' Black, Tan, Slate and Balbriggan, fleece lined.
25c. Children's Black Wool Hose, 2x1 rib, double toe and heel.
25c. Men's Heavy Wool Hose, natural, blue, black and Camel's Hair.
38c. Ladies' Black Wool Hose, plain and ribbed, double toe and heel.
38c. Ladies' Black and Balbriggan, fleece lined, 27 in. long, ribbed top.
38c. Children's Heavy Wool and Cashmere Hose, double toe and heel.
Merrimack Street, Left Aisle.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.,
Merrimack, Palmer, and Middle Streets

WANT COLUMN

☞ Advertisements inserted under this head for ONE CENT A WORD, first insertion; subsequent insertions HALF PRICE.

TENEMENTS TO LET

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut St.

TO LET—A pleasant office in THE SUN building. Inquire at SUN office.

FOR SALE—Cottage of six rooms newly painted and papered, good lot of land, fine well of water, situated near the Bleachery. A great bargain at $650. Very easy terms. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

$900 AND EXPENSES PAID competent men first year, or large commission, selling by sample, staple goods to merchants. No peddling. Experience unnecessary. For sealed particulars send stamp. Household Specialty Co., 73 4th street, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED.—25 salesmen at the great fire sale, 173 Middlesex street.

FOR SALE in Centralville a nice cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land and on easy terms. Price, $1350. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

WANTED—Ladies to apply or address Room 5, 64 Central street, Lowell and find out how to make money easy.

CHILDREN'S SHOES soled and heeled 20c at Cunningham's, Bridge street, Merrimack square, and Palmer street.

FOR SALE—cottage of 6 rooms and pantry near Salem street, sewer connections, good lot of land, price $1800. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

WANTED—Salesman; salary from start, permanent place. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

GET YOUR SUMMER CLOTHES cleansed at the Merrimack Steam Dyeing and Cleaning house. Clothing dyed, cleansed and repaired at short notice, 477 Merrimack street, F. P. Lew, proprietor.

$75.00 PER MONTH easily earned without financial risk by reliable agents with team, at retailing our teas, coffees, standard extracts, baking powder, spices, etc., etc., packed in imported tea pots, ruby, crystal, enameled and engraved agate and glassware, etc., of extensive varieties and value. Address for illustrated circular, terms, etc., to wholesale house, N. E. Distributing Co., 78 Broad street, Boston.

FOR SALE in Canaan, N. H., good farm of 90 acres of good land, large sugar orchard, cottage house, large barn and shed; ¾ mile from school, church, store and post office. Price, $600. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

OLD PAPERS, just the thing to put under carpets, 5 cents a hundred at this office.

FOR SALE—Two tenement house, 3 minutes walk from post office; this is a bargain. Price, $1250. G. L. Hubbard, Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—A fruit, confectionery, tobacco and cigar store on one of the principal streets in this city. Excellent location, doing a large business. Best of reasons for selling. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED—Rooms to let at 40 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—City and country property of all kinds and all prices to suit every one that wants to buy. We have boarding and lodging houses in all parts of the city and money to loan on all kinds of property. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE.—A 4-tenement block. Store in one, rents for $23 per month, built but a few years, 2740 feet of land, near center of the city and one of the best pieces of property on our list for investment, price $2500. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

FOR SALE—A good farm of 50 acres with good buildings, 6 miles from Lowell. Price $2000.

FOR SALE in Ward Four new cottage house of 7 rooms with large lot of land. Price $2000. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—A nice cottage house of 7 rooms and shed all in best of condition, gas, cemented cellar, sewer connections, concrete walks, good lot of land room for stable, situated in one of the best locations in the Highlands. Few steps from Coral street—Price $2000. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

FOR SALE—Small farm of 7 acres, cottage house and shed; 3 miles to Lowell, ½ mile to mills, 5 minutes walk to cars. Price only $700. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

VARIETY STORES use old papers for wrapping purposes. We sell them at this office for 5 cents a hundred.

FOR SALE.—A small farm seven miles from Lowell, one-half mile from the depot, near the school, one acre of blackberries, one quarter of an acre of strawberries, seventy-five apple trees, twenty pear trees, one and a half acres with three acres of planted. Rare bargain. For further particulars see C. W. Pinkham, 65 Merrimack street. Come quick or you will lose this chance.—200 acres of a farm, with a 20 room house; would make a fine summer boarding house. Cuts 50 tons of hay, plenty of fruit, one and a half miles from the depot, and ($1150) eleven hundred and fifty dollars will capture this place. Inquire of C. W. Pinkham, 65 Merrimack street.

F. L. RICHARDSON,
Real Estate and Business Broker,
—AT—
56 CENTRAL STREET.

BOARDING HOUSES in all parts of the city. Prices from $250 to $1200.

MILK ROUTE, 20 cans, fine teams. Price $650.

HOUSE TO LET in Middlesex Village for $13.

TWELVE SMALL STORES, some cigar and tobacco, others variety, grocery, and some great bargains. Before you buy call at 56 CENTRAL STREET and see our list.

Nudd The Engraver,
DOES WORK FOR
All the Leading Jewelers.
Nothing but Artistic Work Done at NUDD'S, 64 Central St., Room 5.

Are You Ready for Hot Weather?
Prepare by buying a good Oil Stove or Refrigerator. Perhaps you need a Baby Carriage. These can be had at bargain prices at
VICTOR PIHL'S,
CORNER CENTRAL AND NORTH STS

Arthur M. Bertrand,
(Successor to F. W. Sargent,)
MERCHANT TAILOR.
FINE TAILORING A SPECIALTY.
24 Middle Street, Lowell, Mass.
Dress Suits to Let.

NOTRE DAME ACADEMY,
LOWELL, MASS.
Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies
ESTABLISHED 1852 --- CHARTERED 1855.
This school continues the careful training and thorough instruction in every department for which it has hitherto been so favorably known. For particulars address: The Superior.

FISHER H. PEARSON, Room 44 P. O. Block,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

DO YOU WANT any old papers to put under carpets? We have them for 5 cents a hundred.

SUN WEATHER BULLETIN.

ALMANAC FOR MONDAY, OCT. 22.

SUN RISES	6 16	MOON RISES	11 55 PM
SUN SETS	4 52	HIGH WATER	5 00 AM
LENGTH OF DAY	10 36	FULL SEA	5 30 PM

Forecast for New England: Generally fair; east to south winds, slightly warmer in the interior.

LOCAL NEWS.

Be joyful and smoke Tower's corner.

The sacred cantata chorus which is being directed by Dr. F. H. Rix will soon give a concert for some worthy object.

James S. Hastings, who substituted as a reporter on THE SUN during the shutter, has joined the Boston Post reportorial staff.

The Atlantic social club held its fifth complimentary ball to the ladies at its club room on Moore street, Saturday evening. Mr. Harry Needham was general manager, D. Hartley and Fred Bell aids. The occasion was very enjoyable.

Typhoid is Present.

There were 31 deaths last week a rate of 20.8, a slight increase over the previous two weeks. There were 9 cases of typhoid and 3 of scarlet fever.

Nothing Succeeds Like Success.

The firm of Scott & O'Day, the well known pipers and plumbers, have removed to larger and more convenient quarters on Gorham street, opposite the new post office. This popular firm, no doubt, will have great success in their new shop.

Bowling in Providence.

Les Miserables bowling team went to Providence this morning to take part in the grand opening of the new bowling alleys in that city, owned by John B. Swift and others of this city. The team of crack bowlers intend to show the Providence people what good bowling is made of.

Sample of Young Americanism.

A little six year old boy, residing in Ward Five was told that if he was a good boy he might have a party for his little friends on Hallowe,en. The youngster replied: "I don't want to have a party on that night, because I want to go out and ring door bells, and play tick-tack on the windows." The young idea soon learns to shoot.

Drilling the Skating Rink.

It is stated that the revival meetings to be held by Evangelist Moody, will gather in the old skating rink on Branch street, for years occupied by the Standard Bottling and the Moxie companies.

The rink has not been used for meetings for years, the last big one being that held by the Knights of Pythias when the supreme chancellor of the world visited the city. The big concerts used to be given there also.

The Billiard Tournament.

At the Highland club Saturday evening Walter Leighton won the billiard tournament. The results of the matches were as follows: First round, Church beat Lyman 65 to 32, Goddard beat Snyder by default, Sturtevant beat Bradbury 55 to 27, Pevey beat Smith 60 to 47, Harris beat Morton 75 to 28, Saunders beat Hawes by default, Leighton beat Anderson 75 to 61, Libby beat Barton 24 to 60; second round, Goddard beat Church 60 to 60, Sturtevant beat Pevey 55 to 48, Harris beat Saunders 75 to 70, Leighton beat Libby 75 to 41. In the semi-finals, Sturtevant beat Goddard 55 to 41, Leighton beat Harris 75 to 68. In the final Leighton beat Sturtevant 75 to 36.

A Happy Wedding.

The marriage of Mr. Robert O'Connor chief engineer at the Consumers' Brewery and Miss Sarah E. Cluin, sister of John J. Cluin, occurred last evening at St. Peter's parochial residence, the happy couple being united by Rev. Fr. Ronan. The ceremony was witnessed only by the immediate relatives of the contracting parties. The bride was attended by her cousin, Miss Josie Honan and Mr. Joseph A. Malone officiated as best man. At the conclusion of the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of Mr. and Mrs. O'Connor on B street where a reception was held. They were the recipients of many costly wedding gifts. They will be at home after Nov. 1.

Music Hall's Special.

Messrs Thomas and Watson certainly made a ten strike when they secured for this one week only the very popular actress Ethel Tucker supported by her specially selected company, who will present three very strong plays, "Fanchon" "The new Magdalen" and "A Mountain Pink." Her opening play "Fanchon" will serve to show her company and herself to the very best advantage. She has played the part a great deal; every where receiving unstinted praise. Special attention will be paid to scenery, costumes and appointments. A ladies, reception matinee will be given Wednesday and a children's candy matinee Saturday. Her company is an exceptionally strong one and the patrons of Music Hall can look forward to a thoroughly enjoyable dramatic treat the entire week.

KICKING THE BALL.

Two Fine Exhibitions of Foot Ball, One of Rugby and the Other of Association Game.

It is pretty discouraging to athletic clubs to arrange events and get no patronage. At the foot ball game on the Dracut oval, Saturday, the attendance was very slim, yet the match was a great one, closely contested from beginning to end.

It was won by the Internationals against the Lowells 4 goals to 2, and the small score shows how closely contested it was. There was much feeling between the teams as they are the best association foot ball players in the city.

The make up of the teams was given last week and was substantially correct except that Prof. Stroud of the Y. M. C. A., who plays on the Lowells, was out of town, and Jack Smith was in Lynn, depriving the Lowells of two strong forwards.

The Internationals were the stronger team and played together better. M. Casey, J. Casey, Finlan and Ellison putting up a great game.

For Lowell, Haslam did great work. In the first half the Internationals got three goals kicked by Ellison, Marshall and Forbes.

In the second half the Lowells played stronger and got two goals by Flynn with a head butt, and Chalmers by a kick. For a long time the Lowells kept the ball at their opponent's goal, but could not score, and just before the game ended the Internationals got another goal by Barnes. The two teams expect to meet again in a week or two. E. Warburton was referee, and T. Gibson and J. Patrick linesmen.

The High School Game.

At the Fair grounds, Saturday, the High school team defeated the Concord High school team 40 to 0 in a fine game. The rush line played better than ever before, Roach and Mussey doing especially great work. Conners, a Harvard player was put on the Concord team to strengthen it. The Lowell players were McDermott, Plaisted, A. H. Tuttle, Harris, Martin, Evans, Roach, Graves, Benoit, Banks, Muzzey and Burt. The touchdowns were made by Burt 4, Muzzey 2, Plaisted 2; goals, Burt 4.

Dr. Colburn DENTIST 81 MERK'K ST.

After dinner, try Old Hundred.

Wall paper at 18 Church street.

T. C. Lee, Fire Insurance, Donovan Bl'dg.

The place to buy a violin is at Downings, 182 Merrimack street.

E. A. Wilson, coal dealer, is selling coal at lowest cash prices; call at 51 Merrimack street.

Patten & Co. have the finest potted and cut flowers in the city, Shedd's block, Central street.

A true, life-like photo is something everybody admires. Marion makes that kind. Visit his studio in Barristers' hall and have a sitting made.

A Valuable Gift.

Paul Butler and Mrs. Ames have presented to Benjamin F. Butler post 754, of Irving Park, Ill., a stand of national colors. Capt. Philip Reade a member of Post 42 of this city will present the colors and the response will be by Commander D. W. Blair of Irving Park. The presentation will occur Nov. 2.

TWO BAD LOCALITIES.

Where More Police Officers Are Needed Temporarily, If Not Permanently, to Protect Peaceable Citizens.

In view of the fact that hoodlumism seems to be on the increase, it is represented most forcibly to THE SUN that Centralville needs greater police protection, and another officer could be used to patrol the lower part of Belvidere.

Despite the fact that Chief Davis and Mayor Pickman live in the immediate neighborhood, it is stated to THE SUN that the scene of Saturday night's murder is a dangerous locality after dark, the danger lying in a gang of youths who congregate there when the officer is not around. The hoodlums are said to delight in tripping up people and using hats of passers by as targets. If there is a remonstrance from the assaulted party vulgarity and possibly a fight is the result.

Over in Centralville the Lakeview avenue beat is getting quite a reputation. Stone throwing is too prevalent for comfort and whenever an arrest is made the officer is a target for abuse. When Officer Hessian substituted over there recently he was running the gauntlet of rocks continually. Two bad assault cases, in one of which a man was cut in the groin frightfully, have been added to the list of unpunished cases.

Centralville has 17,000 residents, yet three officers on each night patrol are thought sufficient. Attempted burglaries on Sixth, Vernon and Beacon streets are reported, and a man dressed in female attire roams around at night, on Hildreth and Bridge streets. It is time that some of the beats be divided and more officers put on duty in all parts of the city.

The Brick Was Hard, John.

A man who has just finished a term in prison waylaid Officer John Fox on Lakeview avenue Saturday night, and tried to dent his skull with a whole brick. The officer's nose just escaped damage. After a lively chase in which some quick sprinting was done the murderously inclined assailant got away.

LOVE TURNED TO HATE.

William Fuller Hacked Emma Hunt to Death With a Butcher Knife.

ALBION, N. Y., Oct. 22.—William Fuller, alias Lake, the murderer of Emma Hunt, was captured yesterday afternoon in a farm barn by Constables Handy and Barry. He offered no resistance and was lodged in jail here. Lake acknowledged that he committed the crime, and said that after knocking the woman senseless he cut her throat and hacked her with a butcher knife.

The murderer was born in Middleport. After being arrested he spoke of the confession which he wrote previous to the murder. Fuller is worn out with his efforts to escape capture and from want of food. He fails to realize the enormity of the crime of which he has confessed. He says that the only reason he had for killing the girl was her refusal to reciprocate his love. Her refusal turned his love to deadly hate.

Struck With an Ax.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—A determined attempt was made at 11 o'clock last night to murder Luigi Marabello, the keeper or boss of an Italian lodging house at 18 Moon street. Marabello's assailant was Alphonse Scantone, and the weapon used was a hatchet. Scantone's brother, Philippe, and his wife, are lodgers in Marabello's house and have not paid their rent for some time. Marabello had given him notice to leave the house or take his chances of being ejected, and it led to the row last night. Marabello's injuries are serious, but will not prove fatal.

Outraged a Baby.

HICKSVILLE, O., Oct. 22.—Charles O'Neill, a negro, was arrested for outraging Harriet Hickerman, 8 years old. The child was discovered unconscious in a barn. O'Neill admitted the charge, and for a time it was thought he would be lynched, but O'Neill was safely jailed.

Was a Philanthropist.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 22.—Andrew Smith, of the firm of Smith Bros., manufacturers of cough drops, died here yesterday. He was 38 years of age. Mr. Smith had contributed to numerous charities. He and his brother recently presented this city with a public park.

A Knotty Question.

BERLIN, Oct. 22.—Though the Prussian cabinet sat for five hours, further meetings are expected before a final decision in regard to the repressive measures against socialists is arrived at. Among the measures likely to be adopted is a strict press law.

Horribly Mangled.

WEBSTER, Mass., Oct. 22. — Richard Palmer, a cotton spinner, aged about 37, was run over by a freight train and instantly killed. His head, both arms and both legs were cut off.

To the Bitter End.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—A telegram was received at the Japanese legation yesterday stating that the universal expression in Japan is that the war must be vigorously pursued until it is brought to a triumphant conclusion.

Vacation About Ended.

BUZZARD'S BAY, Mass., Oct. 22.—The president and family spent their last Sabbath at Buzzard's Bay for this year quietly at Gray Gables, with a few guests. The president leaves here tomorrow.

Will Try It Again.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 22.—A dispatch states that negotiations for peace between China and Japan have been reopened.

The Way of the World

Is to get all you can and keep all you get. The only safe way when getting is to go where all is good and to buy from those who are satisfied with the "Live and Let Live" motto. Dickson Bros., tea importers, 68 Merrimack street.

Louis Alexander.

Importer and tailor, 65 Central street, is a first class practical cutter of long experience in fine New York houses. Is up with the times and guarantees satisfaction. Fall importations now ready.

Money loaned on endorsed notes, personal securities and second mortgages on real estate by J. B. Swift, 6 Barristers hall. Telephone 405-4.

DR. PARKHURST'S

Views of Society's Sins Against the Fallen.

HE WOULD HAVE MORAL WOMEN UPLIFT THEIR SISTERS.

He Wants All Good Women to Aid the Bad.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Dr. C. H. Parkhurst yesterday preached a sermon in his church which was a plea for fallen women. The doctor took for his text, Matthew 21:31: "Verily I say unto you that the publicans and the harlots go into the kingdom of God before you." Dr. Parkhurst said society has a way of scaling sins for which no warrant can be found in the Scriptures.

"What the state punishes crime for is because it is sinful to society. The penalty in such cases is according to the harm it will do to society. The acts that are most likely to land a man in jail are not the most likely to keep him out of heaven. If a man be a thief, he will always have the indulgence of other thieves."

"There seems to be one character of crime that if one sex practices it, it is all right, but if the other does, ostracism from society follows. Men can do as they choose on this score with woman for whom they have no respect; but with a woman it is different. You no doubt have acquaintances whom you know ought to be in jail, but until they are sent there, you are friendly to them. When they don the prison garb, however, then the community at large has no use for them. The people

Have No Use For an Ex-Convict."

Dr. Parkhurst cited statistics from Sing Sing which showed that many return to prison a second time. "A man who has served a second term will tell you he did so because on his release he was shut out from the church and society in general.

"There is always far more readiness on the part of profligates to abandon their life than it is for the chief priests, elders and pharisees to help them. Society says there are several unpardonable sins. They say it is a crime for a woman to transgress the seventh commandment, but it is not so for a man.

"One of the great troubles when a woman wishes to lead a better life is that she does not find the help in her sisters."

The doctor related an experience of a woman he knew who had reformed. He cited the case as an example of the little hope held out by good women to their fallen sisters.

"What hope then is there for a woman to try and do better? There are a great many Magdalens in New York, probably thousands of them, who will get to heaven. They are children of God, just as good in his sight as you, and you should do all you can to help them.

Christ's Blood All-Sufficient.

"If your fallen sister has reformed and has been washed in the blood of the lamb, what is it your business? No matter what her former life had been. His blood is sufficient to redeem her. Some of you gather your skirts about you to escape from them, while they are just as precious to Him as you are.

"The story of the prodigal son is a good lesson on the subject. The father of this boy took him back into his home and forgot the past. But the prodigal's eldest brother could remember nothing but the fact that his brother had at one time been an outcast.

"This describes society to a dot. There is no reason why an ex-convict or a fallen woman should not be received into society when they have again became good persons and the past is blotted out.

"This, however, is not the rule, and this is the reason why out of 100 persons who enter a depraved life, 95 die in that life which blinds them to their destiny and damnation."

Attacked by Apaches.

TUCSON, A. T., Oct. 22.—The first act of violence committed by Indians resulting from the removal of the troops from Fort Bowie is reported. Phil Sotter, while on his way to a round-up in Stein's Pike, was attacked by a band of six or seven Apaches, who were lying in ambush. A number of shots were fired at him. His pack animal was killed. The attack was presumably to get his firearms, ammunition and contents of the packs. He barely reached the nearest ranch, five miles away, where he lies in a dying condition.

No Verdict.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 22.—The jury which sat the past week on the celebrated Bartlett-Bigelow in the superior civil court were dismissed, having been unable to agree upon a verdict. The case was given to the jury at 2:45 o'clock Saturday afternoon. At 10:30, no agreement having been reached, the deputy, acting under instructions, dismissed the jury, and they departed for their homes.

Hazzard Goes West.

PLYMOUTH, N. H., Oct. 22.—T. R. Hazzard, the alleged Wichita (Kan.) forger, will be obliged to face the charges against him. Governor Smith granted a requisition in Hazzard's case, and today Officer Greene of Wichita started west with the prisoner. Hazzard is charged with forging deeds to real estate, defrauding J. W. Ramsey and Thompson & Bland out of $7800.

Loss of Life on the British Coast.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—A fierce gale along the British coast caused many casualties. The Warner lightship broke away from a tugboat when near New Haven and was driven shoreward. A boat was lowered to replace the towline, but a heavy sea capsized it and four of its occupants were drowned. The lightship made leeway rapidly and was soon driven ashore.

A Dangerous Camp.

JOLIET, Ills., Oct. 22.—Three men were killed and three seriously wounded by an explosion at a drainage canal camp yesterday. An explosion took place at the same camp Saturday night, when two men were killed and one wounded.

A $200,000 Blaze.

MONTREAL, Oct. 22.—The Intercolonial railroad blacksmith shop and roundhouse at Rive du Loup were destroyed by fire yesterday. Eight locomotives, including two new ones for express trains, were destroyed. Loss, $200,000.

Bound to Stump.

PAINESVILLE, Minn., Oct. 22.—United States Marshal Bede addressed a meeting here, and at the close he tendered his resignation of the marshalship on account of the order forbidding federal employes to do campaign work.

Died In a Hospital.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22. — Ex-Governor Joseph D. Bedle of New Jersey died in St. Luke's hospital last evening. He was taken to St. Luke's hospital on the 12th inst. to have an operation performed.

THE DYING CZAR'S CASE.

CAREFUL TREATMENT MAY PRESERVE HIS LIFE.

His Character As Viewed by An American Diplomat—He Preserved the Peace of Europe.

LONDON, Oct. 22—Advices from Livadia are to the effect that the condition of the czar is unchanged.

In spite of the latest bulletins, there is reason to believe that the czar's life may be prolonged by careful treatment for weeks, if not months. The end generally comes after a period of collapses of unconsciousness, which may last several days.

The czarina, who is the second daughter of King Christian of Denmark, is suffering from severe nervousness. The rumors that she has been stricken with either paralysis or apoplexy are untrue.

According to the best information obtainable, there will be a formal bethrothal and exchange of rings between the czarewitch and Princess Alix at Livadia on Wednesday, perhaps sooner, according to circumstances.

The marriage of a foreign unorthodox princess to a Russian heir apparent necessitates three distinct ceremonies—reconciliation to the orthodox church, betrothal and nuptials. The ceremonies formerly were always separate, but the betrothal and actual marriage latterly have often been performed together. An imperial manifesto on this subject is expected.

Diplomat Smith's Conclusions.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22. — Ex-Minister Charles E. Smith, who, during the time he represented the United States at St. Petersburg, had ample opportunity to observe the personal and political characteristics of the czar, talked in an interesting fashion when asked by a reporter for his impressions as to the effect the death of the czar would have on the Russian empire. Mr. Smith said:

"The death of the czar would, in my opinion, be a serious misfortune for Russia and for Europe. It is not probable that there will be any marked change in the conservative attitude of the imperial government. The peace policy of the present reign has been so wise, prudent and firm that it is likely to be followed.

"But with a new and untried sovereign there must be solicitude until the lines are settled. As to Russia internationally, the present emperor has given her tranquility and stability. There is little discontent, no agitation, and general devotion to the crown, and with wise counsels it will be easy to move forward without disturbance.

"Alexander III has been an upright and earnest ruler. Less commanding than Nicholas, less liberal than Alexander II, he has been well-balanced. His personal qualities have inspired devotion at home and confidence abroad. He has been sincere, steadfast, conscientious and straightforward. He has shared the reactionary tendency which followed the assassination of his father, and which has been unfortunate in some of its developments, but with his firm policy he has united a strong sense of justice.

A Beautiful Domestic Life.

"No one could see anything of the beautiful domestic life of the emperor, or of his laborious devotion to the responsibilities of the crown, or of his manifest desire to promote the welfare of his people, without great respect for him. He has been a Russian of Russians in his feeling, and has aimed to develop the national spirit of his people. But he has joined with this national sentiment a deep personal sense of right and duty.

"The sudden and swift collapse of the czar in the very prime of life seems strange and almost incredible. He is only 49 years old. He had the stalwart figure and physical prowess of the Romanoffs. Standing 6ft. 2in., well proportioned, the very picture of robust health, reputed to be the strongest man in Russia, prudent, living a model life, he seemed the last of the living sovereigns upon whom dread disease would lay its fatal hands.

Preserved Peace In Europe.

"His moral rectitude and his upright purpose have matched his rugged manhood. His character and impulses have inspired loyalty and devotion at home and respect and confidence abroad. For years he has been the sheet anchor of peace in Europe. As crown prince he won soldierly laurels in the Russo-Turkish war, but as emperor he has been devoted to continental peace and has been the surest and most potent force in maintaining it.

"With one hand he moderated the impulsive ardor of France, and with the other he warned and checked the aggressive tendency of Germany. He restrained the hostile spirit of others, and renounced warlike purposes himself. Had he been restless and ambitious of military glory and aggrandizement, he might easily have applied the torch which would have set Europe aflame. But he held a steady hand over the great powers.

A Journalist For Counsellor.

"Curiously enough, with all the Russian censorship and restriction, the most active and potent agent in leading the czar from the old foreign influences was a journalist, Katkoff, the chief of the Moscow Gazette, who was one of the ablest and most powerful editors of any country, and the alliance of the czar and Katkoff shook the universal intellectual and diplomatic domination of Bismarck, and, from playing a subordinate part to the great German chancellor, advanced Russia to the position of holding the balance between adverse forces and dictating the peace of Europe. The czar pursued this policy with steady and rational judgment.

"There is a prevailing idea that he has lived in constant dread and anxiety. But he is a fatalist, and he has moved calmly forward with the conviction that his destiny, whatever it might be, could not be changed. Doubtless precautions have constantly been taken for his safety, but they have been the measures of those about him rather than his own. His great service to mankind has been as the peacemaker of Europe.

"What will follow his death no one can yet tell. The heir to the throne is only 26. His opinions and tendencies are largely a matter of conjecture. It is to be hoped that when he comes to the throne the influences about him will be of a wholesome character, and that, with a broader liberalism, he will maintain the attitude of Russia as a conservator of peace. In that direction and in his own blameless life the czar leaves a worthy example."

Was Starving to Death.

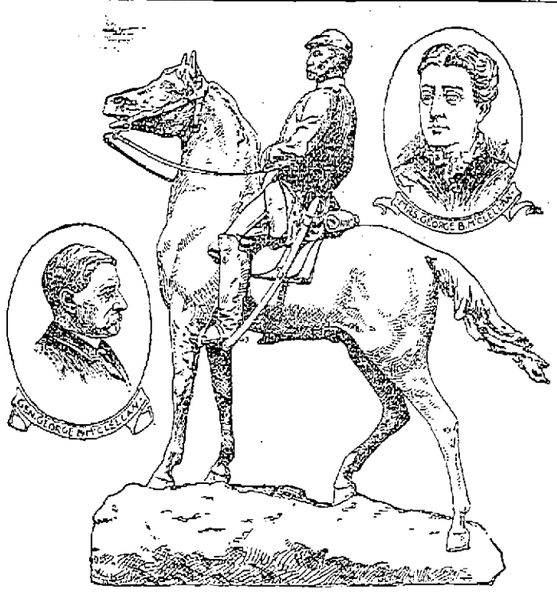
NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Revelle Germain, an actor, formerly husband of Maud Granger, was picked up on the street yesterday in a starving condition, and removed to a hospital.

Foreclosure Likely.

DENVER, Oct. 22.—The American Trust company of Boston, who owns and controls the bonds of the Union Pacific and Gulf road, will commence suit for the foreclosure of the mortgage bonds of the Gulf road.

Steamer Ashore.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Steamer Drew ran ashore at Fort Washington point yesterday morning. The passengers were safely landed.



THE M'CLELLAN STATUE IN PHILADELPHIA.

General George B. McClellan was born in Philadelphia 67 years ago, and it is consequently appropriate that his statue should be erected in the Quaker City. The statue is of bronze, and horse and man are half again as large as life. The funds for the statue were raised by the admirers of the Hero of Antietam.

TITLE WELL EARNED.

Queen Alix Has an Easy Victory Over the Famous Directum.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—Queen Alix and King Directum met on the Mystic track at Medford and raced for a purse of $11,000. Ten thousand disappointed persons saw the contest, which was discontinued before the deciding heat had been tried.

THE HEAD OF ALIX, 2:03¾.

Fate was against Directum. He was in no condition to show his splendid mettle, and after he was beaten in the first two heats the judges and the doctor prescribed a rest.

So Alix took the race and the purse, and then trotted an exhibition mile in 2:07¾ as a consolation to the spectators, who had paid $1.50 apiece to see the great event of the racing season of 1894.

Alix made her first mile in 2:09, and her time at the quarters was: 32, 1:04¾ and 1:37¾, coming down under the wire two lengths ahead of Directum.

She trotted the second heat in 2:14¾, making the quarters at 32, 1:05½ and 1:40, beating her rival by three lengths.

It was a procession all the way around the track in both heats, the pace of the queen being set just fast enough to keep her ahead of the disabled king. "Directum isn't well! Mud fever!" said an expert in horseflesh."

A TERRIBLE ACCUSATION.

Shipowners Said to Have Planned Crime to Collect Insurance Money.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—The bark Adalguisa, from Callao, for Humboldt, Cal., put into this port in a disabled condition. She was launched in 1866, and since that date not a cent has been spent for repairs. Mate Roberts says the bark's owners deliberately planned to wreck the ship, which was heavily insured, and to drown the crew.

He says the sailors were all shipped under false names, so they could never be traced. The ship was provided with dummy provisions and water for only 30 days. The bark sailed from Callao on Jan. 20, and if a rain had not supplied water, the crew must have perished with thirst. A big box, labelled provisions, when opened, contained nothing but scraps of iron, shaving and oil cans.

Every man in the crew was of a different nationality. When they arrived in port they were fearfully emaciated with hunger. The mate says the only sound thing about the bark was the ship's boat, in which the owners planned that the captain and mate would escape. The Peruvian consul will not allow the Adalguisa to leave port. She is unseaworthy and will be sold to pay the crew.

Against Militia.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—The Central Labor union, at its meeting yesterday afternoon, emphatically placed itself on record as being opposed to all military bodies, either state or national, and denounced them as an injury to the working classes and a tool for capitalistic monopoly. Further, it was urged that all toilers with a home to protect and a living to make, if they are members of the militia at the present time, get out of it immediately, as the militia of today, as has been made evident on several occasions recently, is nothing more than a death machine whereby the interests of the moneyed monopolists are protected at the cost of the employes' life.

A Drunkard's Horrible Death.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 22.—A drunken man staggered from the sidewalk on South Main street last night and fell in front of a car, being dragged nearly 75 feet. He was killed almost instantly, his body being shockingly mangled.

A Fatal Error.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Oct. 22.—While casing a gas well some one struck a match to light his pipe. An explosion followed, and three men were fatally hurt. Several others were injured.

Enough to Start a Fair.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—Lieutenant Brown's liquor officers did a good Sunday's work. 250 gallons of beer and 30 gallons of whisky being confiscated from kitchen barrooms.

Weston's Walk.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Oct. 22. — Edward Payson Weston started today on his trial walk of 40 miles a day for 12 consecutive days. A wager of $1000 is posted on the result.

DAMAGING EVIDENCE

Given at the Preliminary Hearing In the Chambers Murder Case.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 22. — The greatest legal event in the history of Scituate took place at Richmond village, when Lawrence C. Keegan was given a preliminary hearing on the charge of murder.

The most important development in the court proceedings was the identification of the prisoner by Miss Fanny Oatley, who saw the phaeton buggy with its big bundle covered with the laprobe. She positively indentified the driver as the prisoner seated before her in the courtroom.

Mrs. Annie B. White, a Providence dressmaker and a widow, testified she knew Keegan and that she saw him in a buggy on Friendship street on the day of the murder. She positively identified the prisoner as the man whom she saw on that day in company with a portly and dark woman. It was about 4 o'clock when witness saw Keegan and his female companion.

Gilbert Bishop, Nelson Bennett and George E. Dexter positively identified the black mustang and buggy. The horse and carriage were brought to the courthouse door so that the witnesses could view them.

Then the three witnesses positively and unreservedly identified the accused as the driver of the horse on the day of the murder.

The government rested and Lawyer McGill asked for a discharge, but Judge Johnson held Keegan for the grand jury in $20,000. He was taken to Cranston jail in default of bonds.

LADIES WHO VALUE
A refined complexion must use Pozzoni's Powder. It produces a soft & beautiful skin.

- BEST -
HAXALL FLOUR
$4 per bbl.

Choice St. Louis, -	$3.00 Per Bbl.
Bag of Haxall, - -	.55 Per Bag
Bag of St. Louis -	.40 Per Bag
Tub Lard - - -	.8 lb.
Canned Peas - -	.7 Per Can
" Tomatoes - -	.8 Per Can
" Salmon - -	.11 Per Can
" Blue Berries -	.10 Per Can
" Clams - -	.8 Per Can
6 Boxes Sardines - -	.25

These prices guaranteed while the advertisement is displayed.

FARLEY'S .·. CASH .·. GROCERY,
New No. 140 Corham St.

DO YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY?
If so call at the
TEMPLE OF DESIGN,
—FOR YOUR—
FALL and WINTER MILLINERY.
There you will find the correct styles and newest novelties at the lowest possible prices.
14 and 16 Merr'ck Square, Runels' Block.

"And The Parrot Said Hooray?"
No wonder when he saw the bread made from MONT BLANC FLOUR. Be sure and try it.

THE BOSTON BRANCH GROCERY
Old No. 199 Middlesex St. New No. 455.
Opp. Northern Depot. Telephone 374-3, Brass Signs.
CALEB L. SMITH.....Proprietor

When in Need of Real Fine
MILLINERY
Call at the New Store of
ABBIE M. SMITH
Where the most complete assortment of Novelties and Exquisite Trimmings may be found. All New Goods.
175 Merrimack St., Welles' Block.
MRS. M. E. DUDLEY, Assistant.
Fine Mourning a Specialty.

Teacher of Music.
Miss Ethel O'Heir is now forming classes for Piano and Organ. For further particulars call at
COR. LANE AND HORN STS. (No. 68.)
N. B.—Would accept position as organist at reasonable terms.

WATSON BAKERY
Every evening at 5 o'clock Hot Tea Rolls and Cream Bread, also all kinds of Cake and Pastry. Only the best stock used in the manufacture of our goods. Parties supplied at short notice at
Nos. 24 to 30 CHARLES STREET.
Peter Watson, Prop.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Keeping Abreast of the Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The report of Commodore Chadwick, chief of the bureau of naval equipment, shows that the coal bills of the navy are steadily increasing, owing to the increase of the power of the vessels; that a great improvement has been made in night signals; that a new boat's compass has been adopted, and that aluminium has been substituted for bronze in binnacle fittings.

Not a Record Breaker.

TOLEDO, Oct. 22.—Miss Annie Londonderry of Boston, who left Chicago on Sept. 24, with only 3 cents in her purse, to make a tour of the globe on a bicycle, arrived here yesterday, just 27 days out. Her trip so far has been without incident.

The Old Story.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Oct. 22. — Austin W., the 14-year-old son of Willis Stockbridge, was accidentally shot by George Cameron. The two boys went into the barn where there was a gun, which the Cameron boy picked up, thinking it was not loaded, but it accidentally discharged, the shot taking effect in young Stockbridge's head. The injured boy cannot live.

Considerably Less Than $10,000.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 22.—In the Davis-Burbank $10,000 libel suit, the jury returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, Elroy Davis, in the sum of $278, defendant to pay costs of trial. The plaintiff's counsel will file a petition for a new trial.

O'Donnell & Gilbride.

SPECIAL BULLETIN OF BARGAINS
FOR - THIS - WEEK!

FURNITURE DEPT.

A special underselling sale of fine furniture will be inaugurated in our department, beginning to-day, including the newest conceptions of the world's makers in Parlor, Chamber and Dining Suites or odd pieces, Library and Hall Furniture in vast profusion, will be offered greatly lower than prevailing prices. We will offer unequalled economical chances that will silence all competition. Great wagon loads of furniture bearing the name of O'Donnell & Gilbride seen all about our town delivering goods speak of our success as furniture men. If there is a room, nook or corner in your home that needs a piece of furniture, come in this week and look through our stock. There is money saving in this underselling sale for purchasers.

Special Offerings on Chinese Mattings.
500 rolls of China Matting in choice designs and colorings, all of which have retailed to date at from 15 to 22c. per yard, will be offered this week at only 10c. Per Yard.

Bargains in Bed Blankets.
2500 pairs of 10-4 white or grey Blankets, only 25c. Each.
12 pairs of 11-4 white or grey Blankets, only 98c. a pair.
500 pairs of 11-4 white Blankets, with pink, blue, red, or orange borders, only $1.09 a Pair.
One lot of 12-4 White Blankets, a special bargain at $3.98 a pair.

NOTICE.
We are special agents for the celebrated Saxony Blankets, made by the St. Mary's Woolen Manufacturing Co., of St. Mary's, Ohio. These blankets are made from pure, high-grade, fine wool, and retailed from $4 to $15 per pair Come in and examine them.

Bed Comforters from 75c to $10 Each
We are offering such extraordinary values in Bed Comfortables that no lady need bother making them. A special for this week is a down filled quilt at $4.98 each. They're beauties. Come in and look at them.

Don't Fail to Get One of Those Towels. 500 doz. large Huck towels, a regular 10c. article, on sale on our linen counter 5c each.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE.
Importers and Retailers of Dry Goods, Carpets and Furniture.
MERRIMACK, PALMER and MIDDLE STREETS

MAKE MONEY BY SAVING IT!!
We'll srve it for you today (Monday), and all this week by offering some big values.

Millinery Department.
$1.25 "Manhanset" Sailors, 68c.
98c. Best Felt Sailors 49c.
$1 Fancy Feathers 25c.
$1 Ostrich Tips 25c.
50c. Wide Satin Ribbons 29c.
75c. Scotch Tam O'Shanters, 59c.
50c. Pretty Tam O'Shanters, 25c.
$5 Trimmed Hats, now $1.98.
98c. Trimmed Walking Hats, 49c.
75c. Navy High School Caps, 25c.
50c. Embroidered Silk Infants' Bonnets 29c.
98c. China Silk Infants' Bonnets, 49c.
50c. Children's Eiderdown Bonnets, 25c.
$1.25 Best English Felt Hats. 75c.

Wrappers and Waists.
Some big values this week at one-third less than usual prices.
$1.25 pretty style Wrappers, 75c.
$1.50 dainty Flannelette Wrappers, 98c.
$1.75 Wrappers now $1.25.
$2.25 Tea Gowns, now $1.49.
$2.50 Tea Gowns, now $1.75.
$2 Cashmere Waists, all colors, $1.25.
$3 pretty Flannel Waists, $1.98.
$3.50 new Flannel Waists, $2.25.
$2 fine French Coney Fur "Minks," 98c
$4 finest Brook "Minks," $1.98.

MONEY - MAKERS.

KID GLOVES.
The biggest values in real Kid Gloves ever offered.
$1.25 Foster Lacing Kid Gloves 75c
$1.50 Real Kid Gloves, $1
$1.25 Lacing Biarritz Gloves. 79.
$1.50 Biarritz Kid Gloves, $1.
$1.75 best quality Lacing Gloves, $1.25
$2 best quality Lacing Gloves, $1.50
$1.50 real Foster Lacing Gloves, $1
$1.50 heavy Dogskin Gloves, $1
$2 real Mocha Lacing, $1.25
$1.25 best 5-Hook Glace Gloves, 75c

Hosiery and Underwear.
Grand values at half-price this week.
25c Boys' Ribbed Hosiery, 10c pair.
25c Ladies' Ribbed Wool Hose 19c
50c Ladies' Natural Wool Hose 25c
50c Ladies Cashmere Hose 25c
38c Ladies' Fleeced Hose 19c
25c Ladies' Fleeced Hose 12-1-2c
25c Child's Scarlet Vests 15c
38c Ladies Jersey Vests 19c
50c Ladies' Jersey Vests 25c
75c Gent's Camel's Hair Wear 49c
$1 Ladies' Scarlet Wool Wear 75c
37c Ladies' Jersey Vests 49c
45c Gents' Scotch Wool Wear 25c

Moir Bros.' POPULAR STORE, 119, 121, 123 Merr'k St.

THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXIV. NO. 43. LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1894. PRICE ONE CENT.

SECOND EDITION

☞THE SUN is the only paper in Lowell receiving The Associated Press, cable and telegraphic despatches. Most of the news items in this issue can be found in the other local papers tomorrow, if you are willing to wait till then.

Later News in Six o'clock Extra.

SOME STRAY POLITICAL JOTS.

BIG DEMOCRATIC RALLY FOR THURSDAY NIGHT.

Russell and Stratton Will be the Speakers—A Big Attendance Expected—Ward Six Club to Build New Quarters—Chas. T. Roy.

The Ward Six Democratic club held a meeting yesterday afternoon and judging from the action taken in regard to erecting a building to be used as permanent quarters it would seem that the club is to be a fixture in Ward Six politics. Denis O'Neil, the treasurer, made a report showing the financial condition of the club to be all right. A committee of 25 was constituted a building committee with instructions to lease a piece of land and erect a club house. Capt. D. J. Cassidy delivered an address. A committee was appointed to arrange for a ward rally at an early date and another committee to procure 300 torches.

***

Charles T. Roy of LeNational is one of the best French speakers in New England. He has engagements to speak in all the leading cities of this state and New Hampshire. Why should he not be heard here? There is much missionary work for him to do among the French. There is not much time now to work upon. Let steps be taken to have Mr. Roy address the French voters at one of the rallies. They have been listening all the year to the calamity cry, let them hear a plain statement of the situation from one of their own leaders, a man whom they can trust to be honest in his statements. By all means have Mr. Roy speak in the city.

The ward committees should arrange for rallies in the interest of the democratic party.

***

Hon. John E. Russell, candidate for governor, and Charles K. Stratton, candidate for lieutenant governor, will speak at a rally to be held in Huntington hall on Thursday evening. The democrats of the city should turn out en masse to hear the addresses because during the past six months they have heard little else than calamity speeches and some have read the calamity literature issued by the republican authorities. The speakers should get a grand reception.

***

MR. EDITOR:—Will you please give me space in your paper to say a word for Thomas F. Roche, the Fayette street grocer who is a candidate for overseer of the poor. He is a staunch democrat, a well known business man and would give entire satisfaction as an overseer. His friends are confident that he will be elected. Yours truly,

WARD SIX.

***

The Independent Democratic club of Ward Six will meet in the ward room over the engine house next Wednesday evening. Members are requested to attend.

***

Ex-Councilman E. F. Spalding is an aldermanic candidate in Ward Six.

***

Is Governor Greenhalge on Rev. Hugh Montgomery's list? Will he become the tail to the A. P. A. kite? These are the questions being asked on the street. Montgomery says yes.

***

The Tammany club of Ward Three had a general gathering of candidates yesterday afternoon. Pres. Hendricks presided and among those who spoke were Joseph Gormley, Frank Fagin, Tim Reynolds, James Miskella, John H. Callahan, Dennis P. O'Neil, Thomas McLaughlin, John Reagan, Patrick Delahanty, Edward Grady and John B. Clancy all candidates for the common council Dr. W. M. Kelley, candidate for the school committee, read a paper on education and John A. Gately sent a letter expressing regret at his inability to attend but promising to visit some future meeting of the club. Joseph Donohoe, William E. Dwyer, James E. Gorman, Patrick Mahan and John J. Gilbride, candidates for overseers of the poor, were also present. The meeting was a very interesting one and was quite lengthy.

Police Court Scenes.

There were big batches of drunks fined by Judge Hadley today.

Wm. Thompson, an old man, got six months in jail; Belle Walker, ten months; Robert Laidlaw, was sent to the reformatory; May McDermott got ten months in the workhouse; Michael Golden, six months. Several disturbers of the peace were fined.

High Tide in Tax Money.

A record was broken at the city treasurer's office Saturday when over $312,000 were received over the counter in payment of taxes. Two officers were needed to keep the crowd in line.

Stricken With Paralysis.

While sitting in his office, Saturday afternoon, J. J. Judkins, the veteran printer, had a stroke of paralysis. He was removed to his home on Hildreth street, and Dr. Ricker attended him. He is reported much better today.

Reduction In

STEERAGE RATES

ONLY $10.

Boston to Queenstown, Liverpool, London, Belfast, Glasgow, Londonderry.

James F. O'Donnell,

Agent, Lowell, Mass.

Cor. of Worthen and Market Sts.

5 O'CLOCK

HIGH COURT IS SITTING.

JUDGE FESSENDEN IS EXPECTED TO GIVE HEAVY SENTENCES.

Three Prisoners Sent Away For Short Terms Today—Trial of Cases of Breaking and Entering.

The criminal session of the Superior court opened this morning at 10 o'clock in the court house on Gorham street, Judge Fessenden presiding. Prayer was offered by Rev. J. M. Greene.

The attendance was very large, as is the case generally at criminal sessions.

The juries were drawn and the first selected as foreman, George G. Hill of Malden.

The case of Joseph Daigle for alleged burglary of and larceny from the house of John P. Quinn was called first. Daigle pleaded not guilty and was without counsel.

This case was put aside for a while at the request of the district attorney and that of Patrick H. Shea for alleged burglary of a freight car on the night of July 25 was called. Henry Butlaw who is also in this case pleaded guilty.

Shea was also without counsel and for that reason the district attorney did not make any opening or close as is the custom.

After damaging evidence against the prisoner by witness, Shea said, in defence that he met Butlaw on the track and told him not to break the seal on the car, going away from him immediately afterwards.

After a somewhat lengthy charge by Judge Fessenden, owing to the fact of it being the first case the jury retired at 11.40 o'clock.

Thomas J. Savage pleaded guilty to the charge of escaping from the work house. He was sent there for seven months, for larceny and drunkenness, in August, 1893. In the following month he scaled a wall, making his escape and was not caught until quite recently. Savage said that his crime was not great. He was put to work among crazy people and paupers and could not stand the sights he saw. Not being transferred to some other part of the building he took French leave. Savage was sent back to the workhouse to serve out his old sentence and an addional sentence of 20 days in the house of correction was imposed.

James Hicks of Wakefield, pleaded guilty to the charge of breaking and entering the pawn shop of Isaac Gordon and larceny therefrom. He was sentenced on the first count to a term of 15 months to the house of correction.

Neil McCrush, who pleaded guilty to the charge of breaking and entering Spencer's stone shed, was sentenced to the house of correction for one year.

The case of Thomas Rooney, for escaping from the jail was next called, Rooney pleaded not guilty and had no counsel, but wanted one. He was given time in which to procure an attorney.

PRIZE CONTESTS.

Gold and Silver Medals Taken for Excellence in Essays and Declamations.

The prize essay and declamation for the members of the Young Men's Catholic Literary society were held in St. Patrick's school hall, last evening.

The stage was beautifully decorated with bunting and potted plants, and the hall was crowded with an enthusiastic audience, who liberally applauded the efforts of the contestants.

Among those present were Rev. Frs. Michael O'Brien, John J. Shaw, Richard S. Burke, D. J. Gleason, M. J. Leonard and J. J. Gilday.

The judges in the contests were Rev. Fr. Gilday, John J. Hogan, Esq., Thomas J. Enright, Esq., James H. Carmichael, Esq., and James O'Sullivan. During the evening piano solos were rendered by John J. Cosgrove, vocal solos by Misses Josephine Morrissey and Marie Smaller, Messrs. Joseph Mahoney and John Murray and cornet solos by John F. Sullivan. Rev. Fr. O'Brien and Fr. Burke delivered brief remarks.

There were three participants in each contest and the prizes were gold and silver medals.

For the best essay on "How the Crusades benefited religion?" the gold medal was awarded John J. Tangney, and the silver medal went to Thomas Pendergast. In the declamation contest Thomas H. Muldoon won the gold medal and John J. Sullivan the silver medal.

John J. Lonergan presided over the exercises.

PERSONAL.

William A. Mooney, Ph. D., will lecture at the Y. M. C. A., this evening.

Miss Julianna Cutting of Pittsfield is the guest of Mrs. V. I. Cumnock of Kirk street.

Mr. E. B. Conant left for New York city, today, where he is to do two or three days work.

Mr. M. D. Herrick of Orange City, Fla., is the guest of her nephew, Chas. E. Edson of Royal street.

Wilder Bennett, the contractor, is quite ill at the residence of his son-in-law in Pepperell, Mass.

Mrs. M. Allison Taylor of Haverhill and her little daughter are visiting her sister, Miss Talbot of Chesnut street.

Miss Lizzie Allen of Nesmith street has returned from an extended tour of Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk and Old Point Comfort.

R. L. Loupret and his mother, Mrs. J. Loupret, have returned from Montreal. Mrs. Loupret will remain in this city during the winter.

Fell Into Machinery.

John Keer, an employe of the Suffolk mills, had a fit while at work this morning and fell into the machinery. He received a scalp wound and was taken to the corporation hospital.

Mills Running at Night.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Oct. 22.—Lawrence industries are enjoying a marked increase in business. The mills are not only running full time, but night work is now necessary in order that they may keep pace with orders coming in. Standing at night on the bridge crossing the Merrimac river on Union street, one can look a half a mile up the river and see many of the mills are lighted up, and the hum of machinery tells the story of a return of better times.

A Sea Trip Contemplated.

BERLIN, Oct. 22.—The Osteo Zeitung says that the imperial German yacht Hohenzollern has been ordered to be in readiness to proceed to sea. It is presumed that Emperor William might go to Russia under certain circumstances.

SENATOR BRADY

Endorsed by C. L. U. At Its Meeting.

POPULISTS WERE QUITE PROMINENT IN SPEECH MAKING.

One of the Liveliest Meetings of That Body.

The Central Labor union held what the members call the liveliest meeting in its history yesterday. Senator Peter J. Brady was endorsed.

The meeting which was well attended was called to order by President Meehan.

The financial secretary reported on the Labor Day celebration receipt $602.05 with an estimated increase of $25. The expenses amounted $540.

The legislative committee reported that it had been assured that the weavers' particulars law was being evaded in this city and recommended that Chief Wade be notified of the matter. The report was accepted.

Notice was received from the Spinners' union that their hall is at the disposal of the organizing committee, and the offer was accepted, a vote of thanks being tendered the Spinners' union.

The committee appointed to send out questions to all the candidates reported that it had sent all the candidates the questions, though some had not received them. This fact didn't please all the members as some of them appeared to doubt the sincerity of the committee.

Communications were read from L. W. Weeks and Daniel Moynahan, populist candidates for representative, in which they stated that if elected they would work for all labor measures.

John Joseph O'Connor, democratic candidate in Ward Three, answered all questions affirmatively.

Hon. Peter J. Brady communicated that he had always worked for all labor measures while in the house and senate and assured the C. L. U. that if elected his course of action would be the same as in the past, in regard to labor matters.

No republicans have answered the questions as yet.

The body then took up these communications for action, that of Mr. Weeks being taken up first.

Thomas F. Connolly moved that the communications be given to the press.

Thomas F. Garvey of the Cigarmakers' union thought the C. L. U. should do something. They were sent out in the cause of labor. He wanted to speak on Senator Brady's answer and was perfectly willing to allow any one to speak on the answers of the other candidates.

Mr. Kendall didn't believe in introducing politics into the union.

Mr. Connolly offered to withdraw his motion and by a vote of 15 to 7 the withdrawal was allowed.

On motion of Mr. Mahan the questions were taken up separately. Those of the candidates who were present did not vote on any of these measures.

On L. W. Weeks' communication it was moved by Mr. Logan that the communication be accepted and placed on file; amended, by Mr. Cryan to read that it be given to the press.

A hot discussion was brewing at this point as some of the members didn't want to endorse any one.

Mr. Garvey asked if the union ever endorsed a candidate and receiving an affirmative answer he expressed his views very forcibly. He maintained that the union is being charged as being run for the populist party which had an infamous birth in its midst. He was not a member of that party nor were many others of the union. He thought appreciation should be shown for the efforts of Mr. Brady and wanted the body to endorse him.

The vote was taken on taking definite action on the matter, the chairman decided it by voting to lay it on the table.

Mr. Thomas Mahan Textile of union 68 moved that a vote of thanks be tendered to Senator Brady for his action in labor matters and that the union endorse his candidacy, Mr. Garvey seconded it.

Mr. Cryan of the People's party said that Mr. Mahan had stated once before that his union wanted him to have nothing to do with politics and the latter replied that he had said his union had instructed him to have nothing to do with the people's party.

Mr. Garvey seconded the motion and said, that it was pleasing at all times to reward a man for his good works; it is a duty devolving upon me as an organized union man to endorse and support Senator Brady. While in the house of representatives and in the senate chamber he has demonstrated his ability as a legislator and when we as organized union men have a candidate seeking our support, a candidate such as Senator Brady, who has proven himself a friend and benefactor to the cause for which we are united, it becomes our duty to stand shoulder to shoulder, man to man, and by our votes reelect him as a reward for his good work for us in the past and as an assurance that our interests will be looked after in the future.

During his remarks, also Mr. Garvey referred to the C. L. U., as a monument to the efforts and energies of Thomas F. Connolly, and turning to that gentleman told him that in the course which he had taken he was not only injuring himself but was also injuring the union and the cause of organized labor. The people's party, he said, had an infamous birth and was hurtful to the cause of labor for it would detract from the strength of labor's friend, Hon. Peter J. Brady. He also expressed his intention of fighting the foe of that friend of labor, as a laboring man should.

L. W. Weeks, a populist candidate, also spoke saying that the people's party men in the C. L. U., had done all in their power to further the interests of organized labor.

Here Mr. Garvey asked the privilege to correct him and a discussion ensued after which Mr. Weeks continued. The C. L. U., has been a political body all along as we have gone into politics to further our own interests.

He didn't want the union to endorse any man as it would cause a fight.

He thought Mr. Brady was a good man to support but said that by endorsing any one man, trouble would ensue.

Mr. Mahan said that Mr. Brady was the only candidate now before the public who had done any thing for them and that anyway a populist candidate could not be elected.

Mr. Connolly again replied, saying that he noticed the reporter (referring to THE SUN reporter) had taken everything carefully Mr. Garvey had said and said also that he knew the reporter had an object in so doing.

He wanted Mr. Garvey to explain his remark that the birth of the people's party was infamous, and Mr. Garvey said that the party was born in the C. L. U. hall in a tricky manner.

Mr. Connolly then spoke against the reporter and was called to order.

Mr. Kinsella said that if the reporters were unfair that they should be put out. Secretary McCullough then informed the chair that up to that time, THE SUN reporter hadn't shown any unfairness.

Mr. Connolly, after declaring himself as the subject of debate, reviewed the birth of the local people's party and maintained that he had always advocated keeping politics out of the union. He said that the platform of the people's party was built upon the principles set forth at a labor convention of which he was secretary and that he was acting consistently in supporting that party. The people's party of Lowell wasn't born at a C. L. U. meeting. The speaker said that he was a poor man because he had always battled for his convictions. He maintained that the press scored him alone, in the people's party.

Mr. Mahan at this point raised a point of order, that Mr. Connolly was making a populistic speech.

Mr. Connolly was allowed to proceed. He said that it was painful to him to stand there as a member of the C. L. U., and a candidate for the senate on the people's party ticket and hear a brother member ask the organization to endorse another man.

If the men to whom he gave the best years of his life, should stand by him, he would have no trouble in obtaining an election. He consoled himself with the thought that Garrison, Phillips and others had been treated worse. There is no power or money enough in the world he said to hire me from my track. By taking my life is the only way to do it, but I thank God that even in these degenerate days and under our corrupt government, a man has the power to stand by his convictions. Some people infer that I am running a political side show in the interest of Mr. Foss. I deny it. Never since I have come into the world have I been brought to do what I didn't think was right, and all the powers of Hell and Heaven could not drive me from my course."

Mr. Pepard said that the union should look out for a certainty and not an uncertainty.

Mr. M. J. Riley called a point of order, with an excited appeal to sit Mr. Pepard down.

Mr. Pepard said: "I am bound to follow Bro. Brady."

Mr. Kinsella said that he objected to calling Senator Brady "brother."

"He's a brother of organized labor," was the answer.

Mr. Kinsella made a forcible retort.

Mr. Cryan opposed the motion in a brief speech. He thought it the height of injustice to throw Mr. Connelly down for Mr. Brady. He thought the action would lead to the death of the C. L. U.

President Meehan then took the floor and made the coolest speech of the evening. He looked upon Mr. Connolly as a personal friend and an honorable man but he knew that he didn't have the ghost of a show on the coming election. Then with the records of Foss and Brady before them any one could plainly see that Mr. Brady was the friend of labor and should be supported.

Mr. Kinsella said that as a Knight of Labor he must stand by the people's party as their platforms were alike.

John Ring Right on Deck.

Mr. John Ring said both Messrs. Connolly and Brady are Knights of Labor. He would be willing to help the people's party if it were consistent under the circumstances. He didn't believe in having one Knight of labor oppose the other. Both men are competent, but Mr. Brady has been tried and found true, and with the best of feeling to Mr. Connolly he asked him to withdraw from the fight until his time comes. "On my word of honor, said he, I would vote for Mr. Connolly under other circumstances, but he jeopardizes the chances of our only labor friend, who has a chance. I believe that the coming party is the people's democratic party. Endorse the oldest and longest tried democrats, elect good democrats and drive out the speculators and you will not need a people's party. Democratic principles, the principles of the people will always live. I hope the organizations will endorse Bro. Brady, and I hope to see the day when I can stand up and advocate Mr. Connolly's nomination.

Then came a discussion between Messrs. Connolly and Ring in which Mr. Connolly said he would get licked if Mr. Ring was working for his election, doubted his veracity and the chairman called him to order.

At this point the trouble between the two became personal and unfriendly.

Chairman Meehan rapped to order vigorously and some one yelled "question" and the question was put.

Senator Brady Endorsed.

On motion, a yea and nay vote was taken and also on motion, after another hot discussion, no one was allowed to vote who was not a pledged member of the C. L. U.

The populist candidates voted negatively and the result was 19 yeas, 14 nays, and Senator Brady's candidacy was endorsed, and at 6.10 o'clock the meeting adjourned.

THE CITY WATER.

Each and every individual, resident and non-resident of Lowell, if they are consumers of city water, must make settlement in full to date for all charges, the present week and before three o'clock on Saturday next. Failing to do this such individuals will note:

1st. That water will be cut off from all premises delinquent, MONDAY, OCTOBER 29th, and will not be again let on until original bill together with a fine of $2.00 is paid.

2d. That there are positively no exceptions to this order.

Persons who have unpaid bills will act wisely if they will attend to matter the early part of present week, as there is always a crush and necessary long wait in line during the last few days of grace.

Saturday is last day to pay.

Japanese Ware Slaughtered.

We are having a sale this week on Japanese novelties. The prices are marked away down. See the goods in our corner window. The U. S. Tea Co., corner Central and Prescott streets.

HOT SHOT for the COUNTY RING

WILL SHERIFF CUSHING ANSWER THE QUESTIONS?

Mr. Rodgers in Behalf of the Laboring People of Lowell Demands an Explanation From Sheriff Cushing.

Prison Labor Used for Some One's Profit While Honest Workmen are on the Point of Starvation—Is There a Loop-hole in the County Commissioner's Report? "Something Rotten in Denmark." The Notorious Ring on Its Last Political Legs.

Reform in the County methods!

"Down with the County ring," should be the slogan at the battle of ballots on Nov. 6th. Figures don't lie but they don't always tell the full story.

Will the citizens of the county have a chance to see or hear Sheriff H. G. Cushing's reply to the following communication?

To Henry C. Cushing, Esq., Sheriff of Middlesex County.

In looking over the report of the receipts and expenditures of Middlesex County I find that you have returned to the county treasurer the sum of $2072.26 as money received from labor of prisoners at the jail at Lowell.

In view of this fact and that there is a sentiment in this community against prison labor entering into competition with free labor I would respectfully ask you the following questions:

First—From whom did you receive that sum of money?

Second—Was the labor all performed at the Lowell jail?

Third—Was part of the money received for labor performed outside the Lowell jail?

Fourth—Is it true that gangs of prisoners have been taken from the jail in the morning, during the past year, and set at work doing farm labor, building stone walls and farm buildings on land located at the end of the boulevard, and returned to the jail at night?

Fifth—If your answer to the fourth is affirmative, you will tell who owns the land, who employed those prisoners and how much was paid over to the Middlesex county treasurer for the labor of such prisoners?

I ask these queries because you failed to return any itemized account of where you received that money, and because if it is true, then men with families stand idly by and look on in want, through coming into competition with prison labor, and it is time those idle men who are in want should know the reason for their idleness.

E. W. RODGERS,

On behalf of the citizens of Mid'x county.

A FINE CONCERT.

Given in Aid of St. Peter's Parish by the Best of Lowell Talent.

A grand concert in aid of the new St. Peter's church was given in Huntington hall last evening under the direction of Mr. T. F. Molloy. The attendance was very large and the program of high order. Perhaps the most beautiful number of the evening, was the rendition of Gounod's Ave Maria by Mrs. W. F. Shaw, the famous soprano, with accompaniments on the organ by Mr. Molloy and the violin by Prof. Borjes. Mrs. Shaw also sustained the solo parts with Mr. Molloy in the Miserere from Il Travatore, assisted by a male chorus. Mrs. Belle Harrington-Hall rendered well selected readings and recitations and was encored repeatedly. Mr. James Donnelly, the popular young baritone, who made such a success in opera this summer was among the talent and he rendered his portion of the program in a very creditable manner. Mr. Donnelly has a bright future before him. The sextet from Lucia was rendered by the American quartette assisted by Mrs. Shaw soprano and Mrs. M. K. Tenney, contralto, and Dr. Rix was encored in his selections. The Roumania Banjo club, Misses Lottie and Kittie Walsh and Master Arthur Baldwin also participated.

FUNERAL SERVICES.

COBURN—The funeral of the late Chas. B. Coburn took place yesterday afternoon from the family residence on Colburn street. The service was private and was conducted by Rev. Mr. Batchelor. The bearers were four sons-in law of the deceased, A. A. Coburn, J. Tyler Stevens, D. Dana Bartlett and Edward Ellingwood. The arrangements were in charge of Chas. H. Coburn. Interment was in the Lowell cemetery.

Three Small Blazes.

The fire department responded to three alarms during Saturday evening and Sunday. All were small blazes, and no great damage was done.

Late Saturday afternoon box 28 was sounded, a blaze being in progress in a window in Joseph Hamel's store on Aiken street.

The alarm from box 19, Saturday night, was for a slight blaze in the cellar of a tenement on Lawrence street, occupied by Frank Mort.

A window curtain in Gordon's boarding house on the Boott corporation caught fire last evening and an alarm was sounded from box 39.

Bobbed Up Serenely.

"Tom" Lennon took a sudden fall at the corner of Central and Merrimack streets at 11 o'clock this morning. Seated comfortably in his road wagon, he was driving along, when one of the rear wheels came off, and "Tom" dropped.

He was not injured and came up smiling ready for another "go."

Dr. A. Mignault has returned from Canada.

LATEST

WEAVERS GAINING STRENGTH.

3500 MORE SILENT LOOMS IN THE FALL RIVER MILLS.

Big Demonstration of 8000 Operatives in South Park Today—Mills May Have to Shut Down.

By Associated Press to THE SUN.

FALL RIVER, Oct. 22.—The mill reports today indicate that 3500 less looms are running, and in the Merchants' mill alone three are 1600 less looms running. The manufacturers fear they may have to shut down if the weavers do not go in. The weavers to the number of 8000 held a big mass meeting on South Park this morning.

CHILDREN BURNED.

Four of Them in a Blazing House in New York.

By Associated Press to THE SUN.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Four little grandchildren of Bishop Taylor of the Methodist denomination were burned to death in their father's house today. They were the children of Rev. Ross Taylor. Three men men jumped from the windows and were hurt.

MUNICIPAL REFORM.

This Subject Was Talked Upon to a Congregation by Sec. Smith of the Board of Trade.

Secretary Smith of the board of trade spoke on Municipal Reform at the Central M. E. church, yesterday afternoon, being introduced by the pastor as a future mayor of Lowell.

Mr. Smith's address was strong, substantial and straightforward on the ideas advanced at board of trade meetings.

IN $8000 BONDS.

Young Martin Held For a Hearing Next Week.

In police court, this morning, Michael J. Martin, charged with manslaughter, in alleged causing the death of Patrick Buckley, was held in $8000 for a hearing on Wednesday, Oct. 31.

Jury Reported a Disagreement.

By Associated Press to THE SUN.

EAST CAMBRIDGE, Oct. 22.—The jury in the suit of Mary E. Bartlett against the Bigelow estate for $175,000 damages reported a disagreement and the case will come up at the March term. It is understood that 24 ballots stood 9 to 3 in Miss Bartlett's favor.

POISONING CASE.

Reported Attempt at Suicide in a Boarding House.

It was reported that there was a poisoning case in Forsyth's boarding house on the Suffolk corporation, today. The victim is a man and he is not expected to live.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

Do not forget Lewis Morrison's magnificent production of Faust at the Opera house tonight, with a fine company and wonderful accessories.

LOCAL NOTES.

Violoncello for safe cheap at Downing's, 182 Merrimack street.

The only intention recorded at the city clerk's office today was Lewis H. Swift 25, to Mabel H. Stevens 22.

Call at J. J. Gaynor & Co.'s, 35 Prescott street, and see the electric oil heater. It is the best in the market.

An adjourned meeting of the board of trade will be held this evening and municipal affairs will be discussed.

The space between the city hall and Memorial building is being paved. Worthen street in front of city hall will also be paved.

There will be a joint convention of both branches of the city council tomorrow evening to give a hearing on the petition to define the lines of Gorham street.

Rev. Mr. Kennott delivered a very interesting illustrated lecture at the First Congregational church last evening. Views of India and China were shown.

Green sells sewing machines cheaper than any house in Lowell; cleans watches or replaces mainsprings. Springs for $1.00, all jewelry work in proportion, 88 Merrimack street.

Rev. C. E. Amaron, formerly of this city but who is now engaged in editorial work on "L'Aurore" in Montreal, spoke at the French Baptist mission yesterday morning and at the French Protestant church in the evening.

DEATHS.

HAMILTON—Catherine Hamilton, aged 51 years, died Saturday at her home on South street. The funeral took place this morning and was well attended. A high mass of requiem was celebrated in St. Peter's church by Rev. Fr. McKenna. There were several beautiful floral offerings. The remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery.

McLAUGHLIN—Annie McLaughlin aged 66 years died this morning at her home, 268 Suffolk street. She was a very old resident of this city and an esteemed member of St. Patrick's church. She was of a good christian character, and of a charitable disposition. She had numerous friends and acquaintances who will be grieved to hear of her death. She leaves two daughters, Mrs. William P. Barry, and Mrs. Henry Roach.

KELLY—Frederick E. Kelly, aged 26 years died yesterday morning at his home, in the rear of 10 Tilden street. The funeral took place this afternoon and was well attended. Burial was in the Edson cemetery.

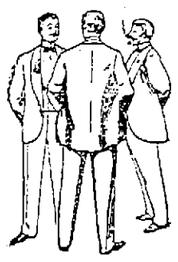
TILTON—Mary F. Tilton, wife of John W. Tilton, died last evening at her home, 43 Kinsman street.

TREFETHEN—Mary A. Trefethen, aged 81 years, died yesterday at the residence of her sister, Mrs. John Haggett, 186 Charles street.

CARTER—Annie Carter, aged 24 years, died Saturday at her home, 90 Grove street.

DUFFY—Mary Duffy, aged 32 years, died Saturday at her home, 35 Lagrange street.

McMannon, florist, Prescott & Merr'k sts



An intelligent young man buying a suit a day or two ago—"You'll kill off the tailors if you keep on with this good clothing; I know lots of fellows who've always had their cloths made that now buy their things here!"

That their's a substantial basis of truth for this remark is evident enough wherever you find the best dressed men and young men.

On the street, at the clubs or in attendance at social functions, half at least of the good dressers are wearing clothes that were provided—Rogers, Peet & Co.'s or our own make.

We're not yet satisfied, however; we want to clothe the other half.

PUTNAM & SON,

ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS.

Central Street, Cor. Warren.

The Belgian Elections.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 22.—The reballoting for members of the chamber of representatives passed off without any disorder. The returns thus far received indicate clerical successes in Brussels. The Catholics were victorious over the Liberal-Socialist coalition. Eighteen Catholics have won seats formerly occupied by Liberals.

Nuptial Knot Retied.

CHELSEA, Mass., Oct. 22.—Mr. and Mrs. James Watts were married Saturday night by Rev. R. J. Wyckoff. They were married a month ago by Rev. Mr. Wriston, who was recently fined for marrying people without having due authority. This made Mr. and Mrs. Watts anxious, and they got married again, to make sure.

Shortage of Over $3000.

BELLEFONT, Pa., Oct. 22.—For the misappropriation of money collected as school tax in the borough of Phillipsburg in 1892, Associate Judge C. A. Faulkner of Centre county has been arrested on the charge of embezzlement, and bound over in $1000 for trial. The amount of his shortage is over $3000.

Cape Cottage Gone.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 22.—The Cape Cottage, a shore hotel on Cape Elizabeth, was burned last night, with most of the contents. The loss is about $20,000.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Ex-Lord Mayor Sullivan of Dublin has arrived in New York.

Fall River (Mass.) weavers again voted to continue the strike.

Samuel Wheeler, aged 78, hanged himself in his barn at Berlin, Mass.

Manchester (N. H.) Democrats named Charles C. Hayes for mayor.

Governor McKinley received a tremendous ovation at New Orleans.

Henry Westman of Boston, 70 years old, committed suicide by hanging.

An ex-Millville (R. I.) liquor dealer is suspected of issuing bogus checks.

James Anthony Froude, LL.D., the eminent writer and historian, is dead.

Dr. E. F. McQuesten was nominated by the Democrats for mayor of Nashua, N. H.

A bookkeeper for a New York importing firm is charged with embezzlement of $35,000.

A dispatch from Yokohama reports the arrival there of Lord Churchill and his wife.

The hotel at Whately, Mass., and the store of Howes & Son adjoining were burned.

At the Young Men's Christian association at Newburyport, Mass., $3000 was pledged for state work.

An expose of "discretionary pool" operations in Pittsburg was followed by a panic among investors.

At Plymouth, Mass., Joseph Perron of Fall River was held in $500 bonds for breaking and entering.

Charles Spry, a 10-year-old boy, fell from a boat in the Merrimac river at Haverhill, Mass., and was drowned.

The factory of the American Biscuit and Manufacturing company at Fond du Lac, Wis., was destroyed by fire. Loss, $100,000.

The statements that various changes were about to be made in the Italian diplomatic service are declared to be entirely unfounded.

Miss Ethel Ingalls, the eldest daughter of ex-Senator Ingalls, is to be married next Wednesday in Atchison, Kan., to Dr. Edward Giles Blair.

In his report of the condition of the schools of Hartford, Superintendent Brocklesby severely criticises the system for deficiencies in teaching English.

The faculty of the Yale law school will recommend to the corporation that the course of study in the law department be increased from two to three years.

It has been discovered at Amesbury, Mass., that a cow killed by a local butcher was badly affected with tuberculosis. The animal came from Seabrook, N. H.

The opening of the electric road from Skowhegan to Norridgewock, Me., was celebrated by a balloon ascension, canoe and bo races, firemen's contest, etc.

All the latest designs in fine pleasure vehicles.

Our Business Wagons are specially constructed to withstand the wear of pavements and car tracks.

We can save you money. Get our prices and look over our assortment before you purchase elsewhere.

FAY BROS. & HOSFORD.

P. H. HEELON, 557 and 559 Gorham St

Boarding, Hack and Livery Stable.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays excepted.

Per Year $3.00 - - - Per Month, 25c.

City delivery and postage free.

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TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 45	6 50	6 00	7 08
6 30	7 45	6 59	7 52
6 50	8 08	7 38	8 14
§7 01	7 53	8 01	9 12
§7 18	8 02	8 39	§8 11
§7 27	8 12	9 00	§9 42
7 45	8 35	9 15	§10 25
8 50	9 40	10 00	11 15
§9 00	10 30	12 45	11 58
9 40	10 40	11 30	§12 04
11 00	12 05	1 00	§1 47
§12 00	12 45	2 00	2 52
1 40	2 50	3 00	3 46
3 00	4 25	3 30	4 18
§4 02	4 45	4 15	§5 20
4 30	5 30	5 00	5 44
§5 21	6 15	5 25	6 22
5 40	6 55	5 50	7 05
§6 28	7 15	6 15	7 28
§7 32	8 35	7 20	§8 10
		8 00	§8 40
		10 15	11 24
		11 22	12 23

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
§7 18	8 02	2 00	2 55
§7 27	8 12	3 00	10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	1 47
§9 16	10 10	5 00	6 52
§4 25	5 32	7 30	8 17
§6 03	7 00	8 09	8 40
		9 00	10 02

§From Middlesex St. station only.

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 50	8 03	7 30	8 32
8 15	9 12	9 25	10 35
9 37	10 31	10 05	11 42
10 50	12 02	11 50	1 07
12 41	1 37	2 15	3 25
2 45	2 60	3 30	4 28
3 20	3 42	3 40	4 55
3 25	4 25	4 30	5 42
4 30	5 22	5 01	6 16
5 10	6 41	6 01	7 13
6 45	7 30	6 34	7 45
7 00	8 00	9 40	10 16
9 30	10 43	11 15	12 12

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
8 20	9 25	8 00	9 18
12 05	1 24	11 45	12 53
4 15	5 20	5 00	1 20
5 35	6 50	7 00	8 22
7 25	8 45		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Central street station. Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway Street.

§ Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

For Governor:

HON. JOHN E. RUSSELL of Leicester.

For Congressman:

HON. GEO. W. FIFIELD of Lowell.

For Senator:

HON. PETER J. BRADY of Lowell.

FIFIELD'S TARIFF policy is: give the bill a fair trial or in brief let it alone; Knox's intent is to tear down the *democratic tariff*.

MR. FIFIELD is pledged to use his efforts to get a federal building for Lawrence. Does that interest our sister city?

THE CITIZEN becomes facetious when it affects to think that the *next congressional house* will be republican. The democratic majority has more staying qualities neighbor. Mr. Fifield will go there to be count.

THE Salem News, a republican paper, has *this to say of Senator Hill's canvass:*

"Much as people may condemn the political methods of Senator David B. Hill, one cannot but admire the dash and vigor with which he is conducting his gubernatorial campaign. Admitting the fact that his political existence and his standing as a leader are respectively at stake, and that he is fighting with all the desperation which animates the man whose all is dependent upon success, he yet challenges the mingled admiration and attention of the public at large by his fertility as a tactician, his aggressiveness as a leader, his brilliancy as a campaigner and his ability as a pleader—specious, if not always convincing. He is indeed a striking personality, and the campaign he is waging must be acknowledged nothing if not masterly.

SENATOR BRADY.

The Boston Post made a vigorous and apparently a successful fight against the proposition to grant the Bell Telephone company an increase of $30,000,000 capital stock. Incidental to its policy in that contest it endeavored to brand every democrat who did not follow its dictation and in the course of its assaults upon the members of the legislature who failed to do so, it criticised Sen. Brady, but for what? For voting for the bill? No! For voting against his party? No! but simply for refusing to vote for a roll call on a certain vote.

The Post might be excused if in its enthusiasm it should have criticised Mr. Brady; but now when the contest is long ago settled, when Mr. Brady is the candidate of the democracy, when his election means success to the party in more ways than one; when his defeat will mean the triumph of Foss, the republican, it is a violation of democratic policy to oppose him. Will the Post or any other democratic paper in Boston presume to oppose the regular nominees of the party for the state, senate or for congress? Oh! no, they would not attempt such an act of party treason.

But if such a course would be treason in Boston why should it not be treason in Lowell? The Post fought its fight and won; the democrats of Lowell are fighting their battle and hope to win but if they find themselves opposed by the Post they will have to meet it as the occasion requires.

LICENSE COMMISSION NOT IN POLITICS.

The rumors that Mr. Foss had a dead clinch on the license commission have received a quietus from Commissioner Rice. Mr. Rice says the commission is not in politics and does not intend to aid any candidate in securing an election.

The commission was appointed to take the license question out of politics and if the members refrain from interference in party contests between candidates, they will achieve that end and will in consequence benefit the city and purify municipal politics. But should the commission allow Mr. Foss or anybody else to use its name as a threat or an inducement, the state of affairs would soon be as bad as that which existed under the old regime. It is a source of gratification to learn that no candidate can bank upon political help from the license commission and that this commission will be what it was intended to be, a body above suspicion. The politicians who secured election through promises to liquor dealers will now find that they will have to draw upon some other talisman. It will be a great advance towards municipal reform when licenses will be granted only to men who can be relied upon to conform to the law, when they will no longer be made the prizes for party treachery or the marketable merchandise of the corrupt official. The license commission, we are glad to say, is all right and the community, we believe, may rest assured that the *candidate* who would make capital out of his alleged "pull" with the commission is only playing a game of bluff.

THE CAMPAIGN is waxing hot, the republicans are getting excited, they are using the calamity cry for all it is worth. They are sounding it all over the country but they have modified their opinion of McKinleyism. Tom Reed has gone back on Billy McKinley and his bill. He says the bill was a mere makeshift and not at all satisfactory to the republicans. He knows the country does not want a revival of McKinleyism and he is, therefore, telling the country that republicans have something better in store. That we may assume means higher duties all round. But when the country shall have given the present bill a fair trial it will demand still lower duties, not higher.

MR. KNOX will speak here tomorrow evening. Let him explain what he has ever done for the cause of labor, or what for any cause except his own candidacy. Mr. Fifield is a man who has been honored by his city and whose administration was marked by conservatism and good business discernment.

McKINLEY AFTER VOTES.

The Bogus Napoleon Making Great Efforts to Humbug the People.

When Governor McKinley goes out in search of votes, he is not accustomed to let a little thing like truth or candor stand in his way. In his campaign in Ohio he left a wide track of misstatement and falsehood all the way from Lake Erie to the Ohio river. Only a day or two ago he sought to score a point against Democracy by the absurd statement that the concessions granted to Hawaiian sugar planters were for the special profit and benefit of the Sugar trust, the fact being that the trust has no interest in the Hawaiian plantations or alliance with the planters of Honolulu. There was quick and forceful response made to this piece of characteristic misrepresentation, and it is noticed that the bogus Napoleon of the Republican party has not returned to that line of attack.

It is very clear that this is the same old McKinley, after all. The man who strove so long to persuade American voters that under *his beneficent tariff* law the foreigners paid our taxes will not hesitate at such little fictions as calling the Republican party the party of bimetallism. He is serenely confident of his ability to humbug all the people all the time.—Chicago Times.

Democrats Are Hopeful.

The general depression which appeared to be felt by all Democrats until some months ago seems to be fast disappearing, and while it was not an uncommon thing in midsummer to hear a Democrat speak in a hopeless way about the election this fall now there is nothing of this kind heard, but from every section comes a story of confident assurance.—Allentown (Pa.) Democrat.

A Gratifying Victory.

The Georgia Democrats have given a combination of Populists and Republicans a decisive whaling. The negroes voted largely with the Populists. Under the circumstances the victory is more gratifying than would have been a larger majority obtained over either of the opposing parties fighting singly.—Philadelphia Record.

The Winner Is Easy to Pick.

The whole country has "caught on" to the significance of the New York campaign. Even out in Montana an editor tells his readers that it is a contest between brains and a barrel.—Boston Globe.

Fact and Fancy.

The Indiana glass factories are starting up with a cheerfulness that is in the strongest contrast with the dull, gray pallor of Major McKinley's calamity howl.—New York World.

The Price of Lumber Advancing.

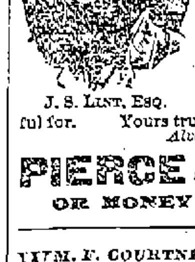
A coming advance in the price of pine lumber is announced. The disastrous effect of pauper lumber from Canada is not yet apparent.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Wool and the G. O. P.

Wool is too mean for anything. It keeps going up in price without seeming to care a rap for the g. o. p.—New York Mercury.

EXPELLED

—every poison and impurity from your blood with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Rheumatism has its origin in a poisoned condition of the blood and is always relieved by this remedy, which acts on liver, kidneys and blood. Dyspepsia and stomach troubles are most often the result of a diseased liver. Rouse the torpid liver to action with the "Discovery."



J. S. LINT, ESQ.

I feel a great deal better than I did before taking your "Golden Medical Discovery" for my rheumatism, and it does all that it is recommended to do. I have a daughter who was troubled with a weak stomach so that she vomited everything that she ate and the "Discovery" cured her also, which I am thankful for. Yours truly, JOHN S. LINT. *Alvarado, Steuben Co., Ind.*

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HOME, SWEET HOME AUTHOR.

REMOVAL OF THE REMAINS OF JOHN HOWARD PAYNE.

Brought From Tunis to His Native Land. Pathetic Scene In the Little Protestant Church—Something About the Last Days of the Sweet Singer.

I chanced upon Mr. John Worthington the other day just after his return from Malta, where he has been United States consul since his appointment to that position by President Arthur in 1882. From time to time I have noticed extracts from his consular reports in the newspapers, but I particularly remembered his connection with the removal of John Howard Payne's remains to this country from Tunis at the instance of Mr. Corcoran of Washington.

Mr. Worthington said that one of the earliest and most interesting duties he had to perform as consul was to go to Tunis and exhume the body of John Howard Payne, the author of "Home, Sweet Home." This was on Jan. 5, 1883. Payne had been the American consul at Tunis and died there in 1852. His body lay in St. George's cemetery, in the heart of the town of Tunis, for 39 years, when Mr. Corcoran, the Washington banker, obtained permission from the state department to take it up and bring it to America.

"When I arrived at Tunis," Mr. Worthington continued, "it was noon—the exhumation was to take place at 1 o'clock. At the grave I found assembled Sir Thomas F. Reade (the British consul general), one or two gentlemen connected with the American consulate and about 20 other gentlemen, some of them Tunisians, dressed in the costumes of the country. Among the latter was Payne's old dragoman, who had been present at his death and funeral.

"There was nothing whatever left of the body except the skeleton, and in removing this skeleton from the grave to a coffin we had to put some of the earth in with it, as the coffin in which the body had been buried had crumbled away, the earth and bones becoming mixed.

"In stooping over the grave I noticed that the root of a tree—a pepper tree—had just begun to creep over the forehead. This I pulled away, and in so doing exposed a piece of bone as white as ivory, which, together with a branch of the pepper tree, I sent to Mr. Corcoran at Washington. I also obtained five or six brass buttons from the uniform in which Payne had been buried, one of which I sent to Mr. Corcoran, one to the secretary of state—in fact, I gave them all away, not keeping even one for myself.

"The body was then taken to the little English Protestant church at Tunis, where, the coffin having been covered with an American flag, we placed it on a table at the foot of the chancel and directly under a window which had been erected to Payne's memory by English and American residents, and on which was inscribed: 'To the memory of John Howard Payne, author of "Home, Sweet Home."'"

This was just about sunset. The ceremony which took place was of a simple nature. An English naval officer played the air of 'Home, Sweet Home' on a little American melodeon which stood there, and after considerable urging I induced my wife to sing the words. This she at last consented to do, and standing there in the beautiful twilight singing helped to make one of the most pathetic scenes I have ever witnessed. At first she sung in brave tones, but gradually, as she began to think how this little scene might some day become historic, her voice trembled and trembled—which only added pathos to the scene—until there was not a dry eye in the church. Arabs, foreigners and all were wiping away the tears. It was simply overwhelming.

"There we left the body all night. The next day, at noon, we again assembled, when the coffin containing all that was left of Payne was carried to the Mariana, whence it was put aboard a French ship bound for Marseilles. It was then transferred to a ship coming direct to the United States, where it was taken to Washington and buried.

"Over the grave in Washington Mr. Corcoran dedicated a handsome monument, with appropriate ceremonies.

"The people of Tunis, as I learned afterward, felt aggrieved that even the old tombstone which had covered the grave for 30 odd years had been taken away to America. This was done by a mistake. Mr. Corcoran wrote me, and when he was informed of their feeling he at once authorized me to have a monument put up over the empty grave in Tunis. This I did, duplicating the one in Washington, except instead of putting a bust, as on the Washington moument, I had a little group of symbols cut for the top, one a ribbon, on which were carved the first few notes of 'Home, Sweet Home,' and the inscription (from Mrs. Ray Riley Smith's poem, 'Sometime'), 'Then Be Content, Poor Heart,' and the others a lute and a book."

"I suppose, Mr. Worthington, you obtained considerable information regarding Payne's life in Tunis?"

"Yes, I did, particularly from a Mr. Alfred Chappillie, the present United States vice consul in Tunis. He knew Payne very well and was very kind to him. It was through Mr. Chappillie largely that Payne was enabled to receive the assistance which made his last days comfortable without Payne knowing that it was charity. He was proud, he fancied—and his friends led him to believe—that the money he was living on was his own, whereas, as a matter of fact, his friends were helping him. He supposed it was his money which had been saved for him out of his own income.

"Payne lived in a fine large house in Tunis, which he had succeeded in getting the bey to let him occupy in his capacity as a servant of the United States. As he began to fail he staid in the house a great deal, sitting in a large chair, well wrapped up, with a hot fire burning—this, too, in the hot climate to be found there—contenting himself with brandy and soda. He finally died from exhaustion from inability to eat or retain anything, living on brandy altogether during the last few days of his life."—Philadelphia Press.

Carrying Out Orders at the Hospital.

The story following was told to the writer by the friend of the deceased:

"My friend sickened and was taken to the hospital, where, of course, he was under the care of a trained nurse. I had occasion several times to notice how strictly the nurse, a cold faced young woman, carried out the orders of the attending physician. One night I received a message announcing the death of my friend. I hastened to the hospital to do the last duties. The young woman nurse showed me into the room, pulled the sheet from the face of the dead and remained by the cot. 'Why didn't you close his eyes when he died?' I asked.

"'The physician never said anything to me about closing his eyes,' she replied in a purely mechanical way. I never realized as I did then how nearly a machine it is possible for some humans to become."—Chicago Herald.

The general committee of the German trade unions is now considering the advisability of calling together a congress next year.

HE WAS HEARTLESS.

A Human Reptile Who Disdained to Aid a Fellow Man.

A man who had just dined at a Woodward avenue restaurant the other evening was picking his teeth in that self satisfied way so aggravating to a hungry person, when he was accosted by a pedestrian who promptly introduced himself as follows:

"'Deevening, sir. I am a bum. My name is Davidson. I want to ask a favor of you."

"I swore off long ago," replied the diner, as he carried the toothpick over to his other jaw.

"You mistake my object, sir. I am not asking you for money to pay for drink, lodgings or food. I do not want to go to Toledo, Buffalo or Chicago. In fact, sir, I do not want money to live on, but to die on."

"Um! Want to die, eh?"

"I do, sir. This is my last night in the beautiful city of Detroit and also on earth. By midnight my soul shall have winged its weary flight to that mysterious realm.'

"Going to commit suicide?"

"I am. I have coolly and calmly figured it out. Life has been a failure. It is not worth the living. In that other land I can perhaps become a successful vag."

"But why should a dying man want money?"

"I owe a man in this town 25 cents. He is a good man, but poor. He lent me the money to keep me from suffering, and I won't be mean enough to die and leave him to whistle for it. I want to put that quarter in his hand and say to him: 'Jim, old boy, I am going hence, but before I go I want to square up. Here's your quarter, and may heaven reward you for your kindness.' That's what I want to say, sir, and I now ask you for the coin."

"Yes. You are sure to die?"

"My mind is irrevocably made up."

"And Jim must have his quarter?"

"He must."

"I'll do better than that," said the man as he pulled out book and pencil. "Give me Jim's address, and I'll call around in the morning and break the sad news of your death and hand him a half. What's the full name, please?"

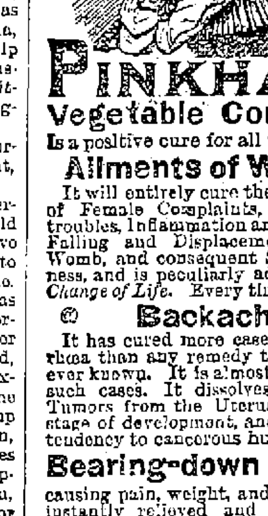
"The full name? Sir, you are evidently a heartless human reptile, and I want nothing more to do with you. Keep your money, sir. Keep your money, and I'll be hanged if I commit suicide. No, sir! No, sir! When I see such evidences of the cruel heartlessness of the world, it decides me to live on just as long as I can and be just as mean as I can. Consider our interview at an end. Good night, sir!"

And he drew himself up and stalked off through the darkness and left the man to chew his toothpick and look after him and regret his unjust suspicions.—Detroit Free Press.

Sex In Literature.

Mrs. Humphry Ward, in refusing an invitation from a club of "woman writers," said she condemned sex distinction in literature. She did not wish to see sex emphasized in literature, but rather she desired to see "the neutrality of the pen—the sexlessness of intelligence."

LYDIA E.



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Is a positive cure for all those painful

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It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life.* Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Leucorrhœa than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruations, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health," by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 90 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of *either sex* the Vegetable Compound is unequaled.

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Saturday, Sept. 29th, at 2.30.
All interested are invited to attend. It will be informal, and for the purpose of organizing and making known the arrangements of classes for the season of 1894-'95. Dancing for the children from 2.30 to 4. All former members of children's classes and friends are invited. The first lesson will be given Saturday, October 6th.
Classes in dancing for Adults, Beginners, Intermediate and Advance, now open. Pupils received at any time. Hall for rent Monday and Tuesday evenings. For further information call on or address
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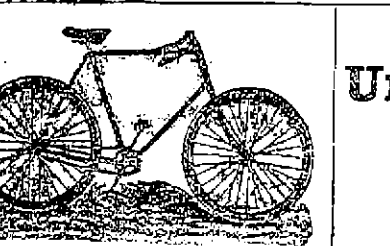

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Hosiery! Hosiery!! Look at the bargains we offer in Hosiery.
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75 dozen Ladies' Fast Black All Wool Hose 20c. a pair, never sold less than 25c. a pair.
120 doz. Children's Fast Black Hose, double knees, 15c., regular price 25c. a pair.
160 dozen Ladies' Fast Black Seamless Hose, 12 1-2c. a pair.
90 dozen Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Wool Hose, 25c a pair, former price 29c.
1 lot of Children's Seamless Hose 10c. a pair, well worth 15c. a pair.
2 cases Gent's All Wool Seamless Hose, 15c. a pair, worth 20c. a pair.
2 cases All Wool Seamless Hose, 20c. a pair, never sold less than 25c. a pair.
60 doz. Gent's Seamless Cotton Hose, 5 pairs for 25c.
50 doz. Gent's Extra Fine Seamless Hose, 12 1-2c. a pair.
Our Night Robes at 59c. are the talk of the city. You cannot buy the same Goods anywhere under $1.25 each. We have only a few left. Remember the price, 59c.—don't get left; they won't last long. Come and see us. You will be sure to buy and go away well pleased. Our store is stocked with Bargains, and nothing but Bargains.
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A. L. Kittredge & Co., 208 CENTRAL ST.

Stop, and Read This.
150 doz Men's Shirts and Drawers at 25c; down town price 38c.
100 doz Men's Shirts and Drawers, 50c; sold all over the city for 75c.
60 doz extra heavy Rilled at 50c, never sold less than 75c.
29 1-2 doz Blue Rilled, all wool, 75c; down town price, 80c.
60 doz fine Portsmouth Rilled at $1, sold elsewhere at $1.25. Our 75c and $1 Natural Wool Vests and Pants are unsurpassed by any firm in the city.
25 doz Ladies' Jersey Vests and Pants, 25c; cheap at 39c.
40 doz Jersey Vests and Pants, 39 1-2c; sold last year for 50c. They are the talk of the town.
50 doz Ladies' Jersey Vests and Pants, fleeced lined, 50c. They are the talk of Lowell.
Ladies' and Misses' Merino Vests and Pants, 25, 38, 50, 69, 85, 98c, $1 and $1.25.
These goods have all been bought since the new tariff bill passed, consequently we can sell them at bottom prices.
One word more, we have a full line of Misses' Merino and Scarlet Underwear at prices never offered before in New England.
TO THE PUBLIC.—We cordially invite you to inspect our new Fall Underwear, which we know will benefit you. Come one, come all.
BROWN ∴ BROTHERS,
OPP. MONUMENT SQUARE.

YOU ARE SURE
To have them during the next six weeks. We refer to the customary coughs and colds which always appear with the change from summer to fall weather. Taken in time they are easily shaken off, but if allowed to run may last all winter, and end with some serious complaint like consumption. Do you remember some of the marvelous cures performed by
Ellingwood's
Cough Balsam
Last winter? All we want now is to remind you of the best preparation in the world for coughs and colds, and later we shall publish testimonials from some of our well known and reliable citizens which must convince you of its value as a curer.
Price 25c., 50c., and $1 a Bottle.

THERE IS
no brand of high grade beers that smacks of better flavor, than the "Premier" or "Bavarian."
NO BETTER
stimulating and healthgiving beverage in the market than Smith's Philadelphia
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for which we are sole Lowell agents.
THE GOLDEN SHEAF,
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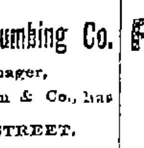
Parker block, Near Palmer Street.



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D. W. MULLIN, Manager,
Formerly with D. H. Wilson & Co., has started in business at
328-336 MIDDLESEX STREET,
where estimates on Steam, Water and Gas Fitting will be given. Copper smith work of all kinds done, also repairs. All work guaranteed first class in every respect. Lowest Prices.

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Manufacturers of the Finest Carbonated Soda Beverages in the City. The choicest line of
Lager and Stock Ales
In the city. Family Trade a Specialty. Order by Telephone 34-4.
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LETTERHEADS and ENVELOPES of all kinds printed at THE SUN office.

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248 DUTTON ST.,
Practical Plumbers
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Sanitary Engineers.
Also Steam, Gas and Water Fitters. We also carry a large line of Gas Fixtures at lowest price.

DR. KELLEY SURGEON DENTIST

Now Is the Time to Buy.
PICTURES, DIPLOMAS FRAMED,
25c. TO $1.00.
LARGE LINE OF MOULDINGS.
Our Prices Are Always One-third Off.
GEO. E. MAKER,
No. 2 John St., Marble Bank Building.

JAMES MEEK,
HAY, GRAIN AND POULTRY FOOD.
Little Stone Mill foot of Anne St.
LOWEST PRICES. TELEPHONE 2-70

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Gas Light Company
OFFICE:
22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle.
SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.
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PRICE OF GAS,
With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is
$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.
First-class Gas Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.
No charge made for the use of meters.
No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.
Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

THE GREAT AIM OF PLUTOCRACY.

The Enslavement of the Many By the Few In America.

The Tendency Shown In the Utterances of the Baron's Agents—Labor Naturally the Strongest Support of Government—Behold, the Light Is Breaking.

The Century Megazine for October furnishes food for reflection for those who believe in the principles set forth in the Declaration of Independence, but more especially for those optimistic patriots who pooh pooh the idea that there is a settled purpose in a certain quarter to divide this nation into two distinct classes—a governing class and a governed class. The governing power is to rest with the aristocracy of wealth, and the wealth producers are to be placed absolutely under the control of this power. Democracy is to be overthrown and plutocracy installed beyond all question, as there is now still some doubt as to whether that is our real though not acknowledged condition. The careful observer has not waited until this late day to reach the conclusion that the American lords and barons and their lickspittles have agreed among themselves that popular government is an ever present menace to the complete triumph of their aim to secure absolute dominion over the mudsills. That the people have been indifferent and careless in the exercise of the power resting in them until they are slaves in fact, if not in name, is not satisfying to plutocracy, for the power still exists, and it may be exercised ere it is too late. Therefore that power must be destroyed.

It is not enough that the rich have fastened the chains of industrial slavery upon the poor through legislation. While the producers are politically free and are permitted to combine for the enforcement of their economic rights, there is danger that they will remain a constant impediment to the complete establishment of a wealthy aristocracy and possibly under the lash of the taskmaster may be driven to exercise their political power for their regeneration. Stealthily, but persistently and unerringly, plutocracy has for 30 years, or since the liberation of the chattel slave, carried out its purpose of enslaving the wageworkers. Through a carefully prepared programme of legislation, carried out up to the present in accordance with an occasionally amended schedule, the moneybags of the world have made themselves the masters of American industry, and the bloated, brigands grin with fiendish delight as in their dreams they hear the sounds of hammers forging bonds for the industrious. The foul and murderous business began with bonds, and it ends with bonds, but the first and the last are not the same. Law, law, law, has been the cry of the greedy cormorants for 30 years. Now it is "law and order." Their "law" stood for legalized theft, and their "order" means the bullets and bayonets of hired murderers.

I do not want to be misunderstood in this matter. I am not denouncing every man who is the possessor of capital—every employer. Few of the manufacturers or merchants of 30 years ago were even tacitly in the conspiracy to control the lawmaking power and through it the destinies of our people, but while this is true I must admit for consistency's sake that many in those classes have taken advantage of the opportunities presented to them because of their great fortunes accumulated since 1865 and are now part and parcel of the conspiracy of wealth. As against these I fully realize that the vast majority of our merchant class are either now or are destined to be victims of the same vicious and greedy beast that is devouring labor. They foolishly believe that they will either be able to protect themselves or graciously be allowed to escape, and because of this self deception their cries for the suppression of the "lawless workingman" rival those of the hired shouters of the barons. They were fierce in denouncing Debs and his comrades in the late unpleasantness and enthusiastic in applauding the autocracy of a president who eagerly jumped into the fray—on monopoly's side. They mildly and respectfully mumbled a protest against the ever recurring instances of the prostitution of government machinery to enhance the fiendish powers of the barons, but they are vehement in their demands that the disorder of robbed and starving workingmen be "stamped out." Their shortsightedness will prove their ruin.

But what of the articles in The Century? you ask. I had almost forgotten them, as they are so much like the many utterances that have come under the eyes of those who read the organs of the plutocracy in these times. It is difficult to select any as especially calling for attention. The whole lot is so infamous. One of the articles I have before me is signed "James Wier, Jr., M. D., 'Waveland,' Owensboro, Ky." The "Waveland" evidently refers to the country castle or baronial estate of the writer. Note the surroundings of the gentleman who writes about "The Methods of the Rioting Striker an Evidence of Degeneration." The article is a labored effort to show that physical degeneration, followed naturally by mental and moral degeneration, is the real cause of the "lawlessness evinced" by "our work people." It is not necessary to discuss what the doctor assigns as the prime causes of "degeneration." It is sufficient to say that he lays the blame for labor disturbances at the door of our foreign born population. This is the common trick today of the tool of plutocracy whether on the platform or in print. Every whipper snapper and lickspittle of the barons will tell you that "there would be no dissatisfaction among our work people if it wasn't for the influence of the scum of Europe which has swarmed upon our shores."

It is the anarchist from the slums of Europe that the soldiers are called upon to shoot down. The American workingman has no kick coming. In the language of the "Waveland" seer, who of course enjoys excellent opportunities for knowing all about the workingman:

> The native born American workingman descended from Anglo-Saxon ancestors has not yet been attacked by degeneration. In this fruitful land his struggle for existence has been easy. Consequently his physical and psychical beings have not been held in check and turned back by the exigencies of his surroundings, but, on the contrary, have been greatly developed. He takes broad and elevated views of sociological questions. He recognizes the fact that each man is the architect of his own fortunes, and that success depends on the intrinsic worth of each individual.

It is singular that the doctor, with all his knowledge, does not recognize that the courage to protest and fight against injustice is more likely to abide with the kind of men he has described than with those who are physically and psychically degenerated. The doctor made a slip in his reasoning, as he also did in his use of terms. How could he so far forget himself as to say "struggle for existence" in describing the happy conditions surrounding the native born American workingman? Further comment upon the above extract is not needed. It speaks for itself.

After condemning our immigration laws and charging once more upon the immigrant the responsibility for all labor disorders this savior of society, this kind hearted friend of "our work people," concludes his contribution to the Christianlike literature of nineteenth century civilization thus:

> Year after year Europe pours into the United States multitudes of degenerate human beings, who, incited by the freedom of American institutions and without the deterrent fear of summary punishment, immediately give free rein to their atavistic imaginations, and whenever they think that the favorable moment has arrived plunge into anarchy and lawlessness. These people are savages and should not be treated as civilized beings. They are not amenable to those arguments which would undoubtedly prevail were they civilized men and women. Consequently it is folly to argue with them. Their ideas of social economics are totally different from those of the civilized world, and the sooner the world recognizes this fact the better it will be for civilization. When the Indians out west go on the warpath, we know how to control them. The psychologist considers the anarchist as being no better than the Indian.

What a fix chaps of this doctor's stripe would be in if they hadn't the term "anarchist" to juggle with! I am opposed to the anarchist theory of no government and have no sympathy with the kind of "anarchist" the doctor writes about, but it seems to me there is a better way to destroy his power than to butcher him—a better way because its results would be more lasting. To kill off the products of a system and not change the system is like cutting sweet pea blossoms to make the vines bear heavily through the whole season. If the American workingman's condition was not such as to make him grateful for the sympathy of any one who in any way espouses his cause, if the powers that be in government showed some consideration for his rights and less subserviency to the money mongers, trust tyrants and corporation cormorants, there would be no difficulty with "riotous foreigners" in labor disputes. Organized labor in America would prove the government's strongest protector if the men who represent the government in its legislative, executive and judicial branches were not everlastingly arrayed upon the side of privilege and pelf. There were no "anarchistic foreigners" engaged in the recent railway strike, and yet the administration at Washington promptly got into shape to control the strikers "as we control the Indians." What rioting there was began after the courts and the soldiers were openly arrayed upon the side of the arrogant corporations.

The editor of "Topics of the Time" in Century asks, also in the October number, "While all the rest of the people are upholding law and order, how does it come about that the laboring classes are in so many instances seeking to overthrow law and order?" The implied charge in the query is not true. If it were, the answer might be found in such instances as the one I refer to in the foregoing paragraph. But we will let the questioner make his own answer. Here it is: "It is because, as we said in 1893, our laboring class is not as a body American, but anti-American. That it is becoming more American through experience we are glad to believe." How the writer makes his statements that the laboring classes "are in so many instances" conducting themselves like "anti-Americans" and yet "are becoming more American through experience" fit into each other it is difficult to see, especially as the recent railway difficulty, which of course had very strong "anti-American" tendencies, was one of the causes which provoked him into writing his little piece. But editors of high priced magazines are not required to be consistent. All they are expected to do is to pound the mudsills and prejudice the middle class.

There's where the trouble lies; there's the correct answer to the question, "Why is there unrest among 'our' work people?" The middle class is deceived by the agents of plutocracy into believing that the working people are responsible for the disturbances which cause suffering to business interests. In the hurry of commercial life our merchants and small manufacturers have allowed the subsidized editors and professors of the barons to do their thinking. Of the burdens which Shylock has put upon the people the middle class has passed its share along in the regular course of business until it has found a final resting place upon the shoulders of the sill, who has simply been forced deeper into the mud. Occasionally one of the middlemen is unable to shift the burden, and he is crushed by its weight. Such an experience sometimes makes him think, and then he joins the ranks of the discontented. But through it all Shylock is gathering his toll and rearing his palace of plutocracy. When the middle class cries out because it is pinched, Shylock offers comfort and encouragement by whispering: "Have no fear. I am your friend. If you will allow your public servants to do as I require, I will furnish you the capital to carry on your business. You cannot turn a wheel without my help, and it is fortunate [aside, "For me"] that I am your friend, my dear."

So the swindle goes on, and the man who really believes that he loves peace more than any one else is the unwitting cause of most of the trouble. The light is breaking though. It is pleasant to be able to say that before closing this letter. The dawn is rising this time in the west. The people of the prairies and mountains have seen the light, and it has enabled them to locate the cause of strikes, riots and tramps. The news is spreading over the south, the north—aye, and even in the east it is being told, and there are many who receive it with gladness. Shylock is trembling in his boots, for there are rumors that the next big strike will be by the building trades employed on the palace of plutocracy, and that it will be impossible to secure others to take the strikers' places. The first vote on the strike is to be taken Nov. 6, 1894. If it doesn't carry at that time, it surely will on Nov. 6, 1896, when another vote will be taken.

JOS. R. BUCHANAN.

A Day's Work.

Does not our neighbor, The Record, err in asserting positively that "employers have learned by experience that a shortened day means relatively increased wage, just as a long day means a short wage?"

Economists, statisticians, business men and labor leaders have been studying this subject for some years, and all have come to the conclusion that the reduction of the hours of labor to the eight hour point has not decreased the productivity of the worker nor the labor cost of the product. England has furnished a vast quantity of data bearing upon the problem, all of which support this position. It would of course be absurd to contend that the hours of labor could be indefinitely decreased without corresponding decrease of the product, but it has been very thoroughly demonstrated that the change from ten to eight hours in English factories has cost the employer nothing and profited the worker much in time for rest, recreation and self improvement.—Chicago Times.

Starvation In Pullman.

Some hundreds of people in the town of Pullman are gradually starving to death. This statement is literally true. Pullman is some miles out in the country from Chicago, and after the great strikes of June and July ended so much had been written about the place that the newspapers and public were tired of reading about it. For two months the press of Chicago had almost nothing to say about Pullman or the condition of the people who were living there. Yet the people have continued to exist, entirely dependent upon the charity of others. After public interest in the strikes had died away the supplies which were being furnished to the needy in the town of Pullman palace cars slowly but steadily decreased. The climax was reached this week when about 700 people who applied at relief headquarters for food yesterday morning were told that there was nothing more for them.—Chicago Cor. Philadelphia Press.

The Six Hour Day.

The proposal to inaugurate a six hour day of labor in the building trades was doubtless inspired by a humane and altruistic purpose. It comes from the men already employed, and what it really means is that these persons are willing to divide the work which they have with the unfortunates who have no work at all. To do such work as is to be done at the rate of six hours a day instead of eight would require a fourth more hands. Eight men would find work where six are now employed. The original six would surrender a portion of their wages to the incoming two.—Chicago Record.

The Modern Hell.

The ancient hell of torments dire
Was pictured forth with flames and fire,
Where sinning souls were swiftly sent
To get their meted punishment.
The modern hell—but my weak pen
Dares hardly strive to show to men
What dreadful torments daily go
To make the round of modern woe.

From early dawn till falls the night
No rest has he, the luckless wight
Who toils to gain the daily bread
With which his children must be fed.
Perhaps in dark, unhealthful mines
Or on the railway's lengthened lines
He risks his life from day to day
To keep the demon Want at bay.
Perhaps in factories where the light
Of day scarce changes from the night
He toils amidst a horrid din
A meager sustenance to win.

In crowded garrets, hot and high,
Where multitudes in squalor lie
He makes his home. There sickness comes
And through the place at will it roams.
In lays its ghastly hand on youth,
For tender years it has no ruth,
And soon a harvest great is reaped,
And tiny mounds are quickly heaped
Above the heads where till this rest
None other had their lives e'er blest.

The meager pittance that they earn
Just serves to make the fire burn
That's known as life within their frames,
But only smolders, never flames.
And living is the same as death
Except they have the one thing—breath—
That is denied the peaceful dead
Who lie in earth beneath their tread.

From tortured millions comes the cry,
"We are but slaves who live and die
At will of those who have the pow'r
To legislate and change each hour
The laws to suit themselves and reap
Therefrom a harvest, which they keep
'Neath lock and key, while starving men
Cry out for bread, and back again
The cry is hurled in bitter scorn,
'The poor man never should be born.'"

O God in heaven, hear the cries
That daily to thy throne arise.
Send forth thy bolts of garnered wrath,
Blast through this country one clean path,
That levels all to one fair plane,
Where all shall rule, and none shall reign,
Where man to man shall brother be
And all be one equality.

—W. Reed Dunroy.

TRAIN ROBBERY

The Desperadoes Fire 200 Shots at a Train.

PASSENGERS GAVE UP VALUABLES IN FEAR.

Four Police Officials Among the Victims.

WAGONER, I. T., Oct. 22.—A Kansas City and Memphis express was wrecked and robbed by the Cook gang of desperadoes at Correta, a blind siding, five miles south of here. The train was running 20 miles an hour. When within 100 feet of the switch a man came out from behind an embankment and threw the switch for the siding, running the train into a string of box cars.

Engineer Harris applied the air brakes and reversed the engine. The robbers commenced firing at the engine and coaches, and as soon as the train stopped, two of them commanded the engineer and fireman to come down. As soon as they had dismounted, the robbers marched them to the baggage and express cars. Here they forced Express Messenger Ford to open the doors by perforating the side of the car w a bullets.

Plans Were Well Laid.

Meanwhile two more of the robbers had taken up a position at the rear end of the sleeper to prevent any one escaping. Two others mounted the platform between the smoker and baggage car and two were on the platform between the first and second coaches, all keeping up a continual firing.

The two robbers in the express car were meanwhile ransacking that car, securing all the money in the local safe. They commanded Messenger Ford to open the through safe, but when he explained that the safe was locked at the main office, and not opened until it reached its destination, they left the car.

The two men on the front platform then started through the coach demanding money and valuables. As soon as they reached the rear end of the coach the two men on that platform started through the second coach.

When they were about half way through, a freight train, following close behind, whistled, and Bill Cook, the leader, who had all the time remained outside issuing commands, swearing at the passengers and shooting, called for all hands to come out.

The men on the cars jumped out, and when all were on the ground fired a last volley at the train and disappeared in the darkness. There were eight or 10 men in the party. Two of them were white and the others were halfbreeds.

No Respecters of Persons.

Special Officers Helmick and Dickinson of the Missouri Pacific were on the train, also United States Deputy Marshals Brunner and Casaver, but they were covered by Winchesters in the hands of the bandits before they had time to make a move. Casaver lost a watch and a six-shooter.

The train was backed up to this place for assistance. The cars were completely riddled with bullets, every window being broken. The engine cab was shot all to pieces, even the steam gauge and gauge lamp being shot away, and the ground around the wreck covered with empty shells. It was a miracle that many lives were not lost. Over 200 shots were fired.

The Missouri Pacific immediately started a special train from Little Rock, carrying Superintendent W. J. McKee, and picking up deputy marshals. United States Indian Agent Wisdom of Muskogee has ordered all the Indian police to report for duty.

Prominent Worcester Man Dead.

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 22.—Hon. Samuel Winslow, ex-mayor of this city, died yesterday after a sickness of nearly a year. He accumulated a large fortune in the manufacture of skates. He served in the Massachusetts legislature and was mayor of Worcester for four terms. He was actively interested in suburban street railways.

Chinese Casualties.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—Mail from the Orient brings news of a fire at Chung-Kiang. Over 30 people were burned to death and 2000 houses were destroyed. Disastrous floods were reported in northeastern China. Many women and children were drowned and an enormous property loss suffered.

Baggagemen Thrown Out.

SELMA, Ala., Oct. 22.—The new management of the Southern railway issued an order to the effect that on Nov. 1 all the train baggagemen will be removed. Express messengers will have to attend to both baggage and express matter.

His Worth Realized.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—All the papers this morning contain leaders of eulogy on James Anthony Froude. The Times says that his death seems to close a memorable and brilliant chapter in the literary history of the country.

Fast Bicycling In Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 22.—E. E. Anderson broke the world's class A bicycle record for one-quarter mile, unpaced, flying start, Saturday. He made the distance in 28 4-5s, taking 1 1-5s. off the record made by F. H. Grosch.

Schoolhouse Burned.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Oct. 22.—The Cottage City school building was totally destroyed by an incendiary fire. School is suspended until books can be procured, when sessions will be resumed in the town hall.

His Life Crushed Out.

TAUNTON, Mass., Oct. 22.—Robert Ellis of East Boston, while helping repair a railroad bridge, was pinned under a 2200-pound hammer. He died three hours later.

A Football Victim.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 22.—Millard, halfback of Brown, was so badly injured in the game with Wesleyan Saturday that he will be unable to play again this year.

Suicide of a Southern Musician.

KNOXVILLE, Oct. 22.—Chloral, taken with suicidal intent, ended the life of Linda Miller, one of the most famous female musicians in the south.

Has the Gout.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—A dispatch from Simla says that the doctors there believe that the symptoms displayed by the Ameer of Afghanistan are due to gouty complications, which may disappear, and that the ameer has instructed his notables and generals to support his eldest son, Prince Habib Oullah, in the succession to the throne.

Why Not.

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying too much for printing. Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.

MANSLAUGHTER

Did Young Martin Cause Patrick Buckley's Death?

HOODLUMISM AND ITS AWFUL RESULT.

Meagre Details of the Affair On Part of the Police.

A sad fatality occurred in Belvidere, Saturday night as a result of which Patrick H. Buckley, an elderly and well known citizen of Belvidere lies dead and Michael J. Martin a 17 years old boy is in a cell charged with having caused his death.

There were many stories of the affair no two of which are alike.

It appears that about 9.30 o'clock Saturday evening as the wife of Deputy McQuade was passing the wood yard on Concord street near Andover with her neice, Miss Wexted of Newark, N. J., the latter was struck by a stone. The ladies becoming frightened, ran into the store of James J. Dolan and one of the employes notified Officer Hurley. About the same time, a man named Higgins informed the officer that he had been struck while some one yelled "they are down the street."

Officer Hurley and Mr. Higgins ran down to the corner of Everett and Fayette street where they found a man named Burns who was supporting Patrick H. Buckley who was lying unconscious, suffering from what appeared to be a scalp wound caused by a stone.

The ambulance was called and the unfortunate man was removed to St. John's hospital where he died shortly after midnight.

Michael J. Martin Arrested.

The police immediately set out to discover who threw the stone which caused Buckley's death as well as any evidence tending to throw light on the matter.

It was learned that the trouble began in what is known as Tompkins' alley, directly opposite the spot where Miss Wexted was struck, and at this place it is said the arrested man Michael J. Martin and a young man named James Roche, who bears a very good reputation became involved in a quarrel during which Martin called Roche a vile name, receiving a slap on the mouth for the insult. Then it is said Martin threw stones at Roche, "laying for him" to use a slang expression.

At the corner of Everett and Fayette streets, it is said, Martin threw the stone which missed Roche and struck Patrick Buckley who had left his home in the rear of 24 High street but 10 minutes before, and who had just arrived on the scene.

The trouble between Roche and Martin began earlier in the evening, in a barroom, where it is said Martin began "guying" an old Englishmen who had been exhibiting many medals to a number of young men.

How Many Threw Stones.

Judging by the number of persons struck by stones there were more than one person throwing them and it is thought that a number of the friends of Martin were out to avenge the blow struck by Roche, at their friend. Walter Mellon of Fayette street was struck on the foot, James Smith a fireman at the High street engine house and two or three others had narrow escapes from being struck. The missiles were thrown from alleys and it was difficult to ascertain just who threw them.

Office Hurley interviewed a number of people in the vicinity and at three o'clock yesterday morning, he, together with Capt. Moffatt and Inspector Allen, arrested Martin from his home at the corner of High and East Merrimack street.

Martin admits having had trouble with Roche but denies having thrown the stone which caused Buckley's death. He said that when Roche struck him, he went home as Roche is much older and a more powerful man than himself. But while protesting his innocence Martin agreed that "things looked black" for him. He has retained W. F. Courtney, Esq., as counsel.

The Victim's Son Talks.

Patrick Buckley, Jr., oldest son of the dead man, said that he was with his father when the latter was struck and that he was going to pick him up but became frightened at the number of stones thrown. Young Buckley was not on the scene when Officer Hurley arrived.

A number of stories were told, after Martin's arrest, though no one seemed to tell anything that was not in the line of hearsay evidence.

Joe Lennon, coachman for Putnam, was passing along Fayette street a few minutes before the fatality occurred and saw a young man picking up stones and muttering. He thought the man was crazy and ran away.

Frank Mooney, aged 12 years, tells a straight story of the affair, claiming to have followed the hoodlums who threw the stones.

The Autopsy Held.

At the hospital Medical Examiner Irish, Drs. Meigs, Jones and Ricker held an autopsy, and the skull was found to be severely fractured.

Patrick Buckley, the victim, was 60 years old and is survived by four sons and a widow.

Still Another Story.

The first story told to the police and which seemed most plausible, is that the wrangle between Roche and Martin began in Ed. Cushing's bar-room. According to this an old man named Clark was entertaining a crowd by relating stories of his experiences in the English army, and how he won medals in big battles in Egypt and India. It is said that several youngsters guyed the old man and that Roche told Martin to shut up and let the old man alone.

From what was said Roche slapped Martin and the latter went out muttering something about revenge. Roche did not leave until later and when passing by Tompkin's alley got the first shower of rocks.

Inquest Ordered.

Medical examiner Irish has ordered an inquest for tonight and District Attorney Weir will be present.

Conflicting Identification.

Yesterday it was generally reported that a certain newspaper man could identify the assailant, whom he said was not Martin. He denies the story today, and Officer Hurley says he does not remember the newspaperman grabbing him on the arm and saying "There is the fellow who threw the rock; arrest him!" The police believe that there is considerable lying among many of the supposed witnesses to the affair.

Almost Starved to Death.

HALIFAX, Oct. 22.—Steamer Harlaw brought as passengers from Bay of Islands, Captain McDonald and five men of the Gloucester (Mass.) fisher, Martha C., which was driven ashore at a place called Bear Point on Sept. 28. The crew for 13 days lived under a tent made of canvas saved from the wreck. They had little or nothing to eat, and when assistance arrived, were on the verge of starvation. The Martha C. was returning from a trading voyage to Labrador.

To Make a Doughnut

"Take a hole and put some dough around it, then fry in lard." This simple recipe has brought thousands to grief, just because of the frying in lard, which as we all know hinders digestion. In all recipes where you have used lard, try

Cottolene

the new vegetable shortening and you will be surprised at the delightful and healthful results. It is without unpleasant odor, unpleasant flavor or unpleasant results. With COTTOLENE in your kitchen, the young, the delicate and the dyspeptic can all enjoy the regular family bill of fare.

Cottolene is sold in 3 and 5 pound pails, by all grocers. Get the genuine. Made by

The N. K. Fairbank Company,
CHICAGO,
224 State Street, Boston.
Portland, Me.

WHEN YOU SEE

The Japanese Dishes we are offering for 6c. each, you will want a dozen or more, if your eyes are open to a bargain. These dishes can be used for oatmeal at the breakfast table, or they may be used for sliced tomatoes and a variety of dishes.

They are nicely decorated, and look extremely pretty. They can be seen in one of our store windows. Remember they are only

6c. Each.

French & Puffer,
245 Central Street.

—THE—
Citizen's Associate Musical Course
—IN—
Associate - Hall.

Six Splendid Musical Entertainments for $1.50 and $2.00, according to Location.

READ THIS LIST.

NOVEMBER 7.
The famous Women's Philharmonic Orchestra of 24 lady instrumentalists and that charming soprano, Miss Priscilla White; a galaxy of artistes.

NOVEMBER 22.
Herbert Johnson's splendid Quartet Club, with a well known, clever humorist and reader. Two hours music and merriment.

DECEMBER 6.
The admired Cecilian Ladies' Quartet, with a reader, supplemented by the great artist the celebrated violin virtuoso, Alfred de Seve and Mrs. de Seve. A rare opportunity of a rare combination.

DECEMBER 20.
"Thomas Moore and his Poems." A magnificent entertainment by a bright clever lecturer and splendid tenor singer, Mr. M. J. Dwyer of the Boston Herald. This lecture is illustrated pictorially by the stereopticon and musically by Mr. Dwyer and a fine quartet.

JANUARY 3.
The famous "Old Homestead Quartet," in an original and entertaining musical programme covering all branches of part singing. A clever humorist comes with them.

JANUARY 17.
The Boston Instrumental Club consists of some 15 members of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, the cream of what is the most artistic musical organization in the United States. Their programme of rare excellence will be varied by the singing of a contralto of national reputation, whose name will be given later.

N. B.—This course is the lowest in price and biggest in point of artistic excellence ever offered to the Lowell public. The concerts come every Thursday night except the first, which is on Wednesday.
Tickets $1.50 and $2, on sale next Saturday. Full particulars then.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!
Wholesale Prices to the Consumer.
Best Minnesota Haxall Flour,
$4.00 Per Bbl.
50c. 1-8 Bbl. Sack. A printed Guarantee with every barrel or sack bought
Other goods sold on a small margin, but we are selling Flour just now.
F. M. BARNEY & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
415 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL, MASS.

Do You Go To Lawrence?
If So, Call At
THE HOTEL BRUNSWICK,
Which now has the Finest Dining Rooms in the city. They have been recently renovated. The Cuisine is Unsurpassed

OFFICE TO LET—In THE SUN building. A nice location for a doctor or light professional business. Inquire at THE SUN office.

Lowell Opera House
MONDAY AND TUESDAY,
October 22nd and 23d.
LEWIS MORRISON
—AS—
"MEPHISTO"
In his famous, dramatic, scenic and electric production of
FAUST.
A performance celebrated throughout the entire English speaking world. In the cast are Miss Florence Roberts as Marguerite, and Mr. Edward Elsner.
Regular Prices, $1, 75, 50, 35, 25c. Seats on sale Friday.

One Performance Only.
Wednesday Oct. 24.
C. M. Bertram's comedians, in the newest, greatest and most successful farce comedy production,
HOSS AND HOSS
Up to Date and a little Beyond.
Never Half So Big.
Never Half So Funny.
Never Half So Attractive.
If You Want Fun Go Where Fun Is.
Regular Prices, $1, 75, 50, 35, 25c. Seats on sale Monday at 10 o'clock.

One Night Only.
Thursday, Oct. 25.
America's Greatest Actor,
MR. JAMES A.
HERNE,
In his original creation of Nathan'l Berry in his own beautiful play,
SHORE ACRES,
As presented by him 114 nights at the Boston Museum, 257 nights in New York City. Under the direction of Henry C. Meeler.
Prices—$1.50 $1, 75, 50, 35, 25c. Seats on sale Tuesday.

Music Hall,
One Week Only.
MONDAY, OCTOBER 22.
Ladies' Reception Matinee—Wednesday.
Children's Candy Matinee—Saturday.
LOWELL'S FAVORITE ACTRESS,
Miss Ether Tucker
Supported by Her Own Company.
3—GREAT PLAYS—3
Monday and Tuesday Nights.
FANCHON.
POPULAR PRICES, 10c., 20c., and 30c.

Stained and Varnished interiors will soon be a thing of the past.
The latest style is to use
B. & K.
CLEAR TONED
INTERIOR PAINTS
The delicate party colors of which harmonize with the newest shades of wall papers.
They dry with flat finish and can be cleaned with soap and water.
SOLD ONLY AT
C. B. Coburn & Co.'s
63-71 Market Street.

McCARTIN'S BAKERY,
107 Gorham Street.
Domestic Bread, Cake and Pastry.
Orders for Wedding Cake promptly filled. Beans received for baking.

E. R. DONOVAN,
Office: 85 Gorham Street.
Constable and Auctioneer.

EDWARD CAWLEY,
Office, 131 Central Street.
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Coal of all kinds. Also dealer in Wood, Lime, and Cement. Agent for the celebrated Portland drain and sewer pipe. Elevator, Rogers-Street Bridge.

JAMES A. CAWLEY,
Moore Street
COAL.
Telephone for Summer Prices. All orders promptly delivered. (Late of firm of Cawley Bros

J. J. GALLAGHER,
260 Merrimack Street.
Depot Cigar Store.
All the leading brands of Cigars and Tobacco

W. A. LEW,
49 John Street
Clothing, Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed
Orders received for cleaning dying and pressing promptly and neatly executed.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street,
Photographers,
Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work Guaranteed.

FRANCIS W. QUA,
No. 3 Barristers' Hall,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

J. M. KINGSBURY,
No. 373 Bridge Street,
Meats and Provisions.
(Successor to Street & Kingsbury.)

WANT COLUMN
Advertisements inserted under this head for ONE CENT A WORD, first insertion; subsequent insertions HALF PRICE.

TENEMENTS TO LET

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut St.

TO LET—A pleasant office in THE SUN building. Inquire at SUN office.

FOR SALE—Cottage of six rooms newly painted and papered, good lot of land, fine well of water, situated near the Bleachery. A great bargain at $550. Very easy terms. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

WANTED—Capable men to represent our nurseries. Write Ellwanger & Barry, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED.—Active man with about $150 can get a permanent agency which will pay $25 a week and expenses. C. Stephenson, Franklin house.

$900 AND EXPENSES PAID competent men first year, or large commission, selling by sample, staple goods to merchants. No peddling. Experience unnecessary. For sealed particulars send stamp. Household Specialty Co., 704 4th street, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED.—25 salesmen at the great fire sale, 173 Middlesex street.

FOR SALE in Centralville a nice cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land and on easy terms. Price, $1350. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

WANTED—Ladies to apply or address Room 5, 64 Central street, Lowell and find out how to make money easy.

GOLDEN'S SHOES soled and heeled 29c at Cunningham's, Bridge street, Merrimack square, and Palmer street.

FOR SALE—cottage of 6 rooms and pantry near Salem street, sewer connections, good lot of land, price $1800. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

WANTED—Salesman; salary from start, permanent place. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

GET YOUR SUMMER CLOTHES cleansed at the Merrimack Steam Dyeing and Cleaning house. Clothing dyed, cleansed and repaired at short notice, 477 Merrimack street, F. P. Lew, proprietor.

$75.00 PER MONTH easily earned without financial risk by reliable agents with team, at retailing our teas, coffees, standard extracts, baking powder, spices, etc., etc., packed in imported tea pots, ruby, crystal, enameled and engraved agate and glassware, etc., of extensive varieties and value. Address for illustrated circular, terms, etc., to wholesale house, N. E. Distributing Co., 78 Broad street, Boston.

FOR SALE in Canaan, N. H., good farm of 60 acres of good land, large sugar orchard, cottage house, large barn and shed; ¼ mile from school, church, store and post office. Price, $600. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

OLD PAPERS, just the thing to put under carpets, 5 cents a hundred at this office.

FOR SALE—Two tenement house, 8 minutes walk from post office; this is a bargain. Price, $1250. G. L Hubbard, Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—A fruit, confectionery, tobacco and cigar store on one of the principal streets in this city. Excellent location, doing a large business. Best of reasons for selling. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED—Rooms to let at 40 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—City and country property of all kinds and all prices to suit every one that wants to buy. We have boarding and lodging houses in all parts of the city and money to loan on all kinds of property. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE.—A 4-tenement block. Store in one, rents for $28 per month, built but a few years, 2840 feet of land, near center of the city, and one of the best pieces of property on our list for investment, price $2500. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

FOR SALE—A good farm of 50 acres with good buildings, 6 miles from Lowell. Price $2000.

FOR SALE in Ward Four new cottage house of 7 rooms with large lot of land. Price $2000. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—A nice cottage house of 7 rooms and shed all in best of condition, gas, cemented cellar, sewer connections, concrete walks, good lot of land room for stable, situated in one of the best locations in the Highlands. Few steps from Coral street—Price $2000. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

FOR SALE—Small farm of 7 acres, cottage house and shed; 3 miles to Lowell, ½ mile to mills, 5 minutes walk to cars. Price only $700. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

VARIETY STORES use old papers for wrapping purposes. We sell them at this office for 5 cents a hundred.

FOR SALE.—A small farm seven miles from Lowell, one-half mile from the depot, near the school, one acre of blackberries, one quarter of an acre of strawberries, seventy-five apple trees, twenty pear trees, one and a half acres with three acres of planted. Rare bargain. For further particulars see C. W. Pinkham, 65 Merrimack street. Come quick or you will lose this chance.—200 acres of a farm, with a 20 room house; would make a fine summer boarding house. Cuts 50 tons of hay, plenty of fruit, one and a half miles from the depot, and ($1150) eleven hundred and fifty dollars will capture this place. Inquire of C. W. Pinkham, 65 Merrimack street.

F. L. RICHARDSON,
Real Estate and Business Broker,
—AT—
56 CENTRAL STREET.

BOARDING HOUSES in all parts of the city. Prices from $250 to $1200.

MILK ROUTE, 20 cans, fine teams. Price $650.

HOUSE TO LET in Middlesex Village for $13.

TWELVE SMALL STORES, some cigar and tobacco, others variety, grocery, and some great bargains. Before you buy call at 56 CENTRAL STREET and see our list.

Nudd The Engraver,
DOES WORK FOR
All the Leading Jewelers.
Nothing but Artistic Work Done at NUDD'S, 64 Central St., Room 5.

Are You Ready for Hot Weather?
Prepare by buying a good Oil Stove or Refrigerator. Perhaps you need a Baby Carriage. These can be had at bargain prices at
VICTOR PIHL'S,
CORNER CENTRAL AND NORTH STS

Arthur M. Bertrand,
(Successor to F. W. Sargent,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
FINE TAILORING A SPECIALTY.
24 Middle Street, Lowell, Mass.
Dress Suits to Let.

NOTRE DAME ACADEMY,
LOWELL, MASS.
Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies
ESTABLISHED 1852. --- CHARTERED 1853.
This school continues the careful training and thorough instruction in every department for which it has hitherto been so favorably known. For particulars address: The Superior.

FISHER B. PEARSON,
Room 44 P. O. Block,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

SUN WEATHER BULLETIN.

ALMANAC FOR MONDAY, OCT. 22.

SUN RISES.....6 03 | MOON RISES....11 55 PM
SUN SETS.....4 52 | FULL SEA { 5 00 AM / 5 30 PM
LENGTH OF DAY.....10 46 |

Forecast for New England: Generally fair; east to south winds, slightly warmer in the interior.

LOCAL NEWS.

Be joyful and smoke Tower's corner.

The sacred cantata chorus which is being directed by Dr. F. R. Rix will soon give a concert for some worthy object.

James S. Hastings, who substituted as a reporter on THE SUN during the summer, has joined the Boston Post reportorial staff.

The Atlantic social club held its fifth complimentary ball to the ladies at its club room on Moore street, Saturday evening. Mr. Harry Needham was general manager, D. Hartley and Fred Bell aids. The occasion was very enjoyable.

Typhoid Is Present.

There were 33 deaths last week a rate of 20.8, a slight increase over the previous two weeks. There were 9 cases of typhoid and 2 of scarlet fever.

Nothing Succeeds Like Success.

The firm of Scott & O'Day, the well known pipers and plumbers, have removed to larger and more convenient quarters on Gorham street, opposite the new post office. This popular firm, no doubt, will have great success in their new shop.

Bowling in Providence.

Les Miserables bowling team went to Providence this morning to take part in the grand opening of the new bowling alleys in that city, owned by John B. Swift and others of this city. The team of crack bowlers intend to show the Providence people what good bowling is made of.

Sample of Young American.

A little six year old boy, residing in Ward Five was told that if he was a good boy he might have a party for his little friends on Hallowe,en. The youngster replied; "I don't want to have a party on that night, because I want to go out and ring door bells, and play tick-tack on the windows." The young idea soon learns to shoot.

Utilizing the Skating Rink.

It is stated that the revival meetings to be held by Evangelist Moody, will gather in the old skating rink on Branch street, for years occupied by the Standard Bottling and the Moxie companies.

The rink has not been used for meetings for years, the last big one being that held by the Knights of Pythias when the supreme chancellor of the world visited the city. The big concerts used to be given there also.

The Billiard Tournament.

At the Highland club Saturday evening Walter Leighton won the billiard tournament. The results of the matches were as follows: First round, Church beat Lyman 65 to 32, Goddard beat Snyder by default, Sturtevant beat Bradbury 55 to 27, Pevey beat Smith 60 to 67, Harris beat Morton 75 to 29, Saunders beat Hawes by default, Leighton beat Anderson 75 to 61, Libby beat Barton 24 to 60; second round, Goddard beat Church 60 to 60, Sturtevant beat Pevey 55 to 48, Harris beat Saunders 75 to 70, Leighton beat Libby 75 to 41. In the semi-finals, Sturtevant beat Goddard 55 to 41, Leighton beat Harris 75 to 68. In the final Leighton beat Sturtevant 75 to 36.

A Happy Wedding.

The marriage of Mr. Robert O'Connor chief engineer at the Consumers' Brewery and Miss Sarah E. Cluin, sister of John J. Cluin, occurred last evening at St. Peter's parochial residence, the happy couple being united by Rev. Fr. Ronan. The ceremony was witnessed only by the immediate relatives of the contracting parties. The bride was attended by her cousin, Miss Josie Honan and Mr. Joseph A. Malone officiated as best man. At the conclusion of the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of Mr. and Mrs. O'Connor on B street where a reception was held. They were the recipients of many costly wedding gifts. They will be at home after Nov. 1.

Music Hall's Special.

Messrs Thomas and Watson certainly made a ten strike when they secured for this one week only the very popular actress Ethel Tucker supported by her specially selected company, who will present three very strong plays, "Fanchon" "The new Magdalen" and "A Mountain Pink." Her opening play "Fanchon" will serve to show her company and herself to the very best advantage. She has played the part a great deal; every where receiving unstinted praise. Special attention will be paid to scenery, costumes and appointments. A ladies reception matinee will be given Wednesday and a children's candy matinee Saturday. Her company is an exceptionally strong one and the patrons of Music Hall can look forward to a thoroughly enjoyable dramatic treat the entire week.

KICKING THE BALL.

Two Fine Exhibitions of Foot Ball, One of Rugby and the Other of Association Game.

It is pretty discouraging to athletic clubs to arrange events and get no patronage. At the foot ball game on the Drucut oval, Saturday, the attendance was very slim, yet the match was a great one, closely contested from beginning to end.

It was won by the Internationals against the Lowells 4 goals to 2, and the small score shows how closely contested it was. There was much feeling between the teams as they are the best association foot ball players in the city.

The make up of the teams was given last week and was substantially correct except that Prof. Stroud of the Y. M. C. A., who plays on the Lowells, was out of town, and Jack Smith was in Lynn, depriving the Lowells of two strong forwards.

The Internationals were the stronger team and played together better. M. Casey, J. Casey, Finlan and Ellison putting up a great game.

For Lowell, Haslam did great work. In the first half the Internationals got three goals kicked by Ellison, Marshall and Forbes.

In the second half the Lowells played stronger and got two goals by Flynn with a head butt, and Chalmers by a kick. For a long time the Lowells kept the ball at their opponent's goal, but could not score, and just before the game ended the Internationals got another goal by Barnes. The two teams expect to meet again in a week or two. E. Warbrigton was referee, and T. Gibson and J. Patrick linesmen.

The High School Game.

At the Fair grounds, Saturday, the High school team defeated the Concord High school team 40 to 0 in a fine game. The rush line played better than ever before, Roach and Mussey doing especially great work. Conners, a Harvard player was put on the Concord team to strengthen it. The Lowell players were McDermott, Plaisted, A. H. Tuttle, Harris, Martin, Evans, Roach, Graves, Benoit, Banks, Muzzey and Burt. The touchdowns were made by Burt 4, Muzzey 2, Plaisted 2; goals, Burt 4.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 97 MERK ST.

After dinner, try Old Hundred.

Wall paper at 18 Church street.

T. C. Lee, Fire Insurance, Donovan Bl'dg.

The place to buy a violin is at Downings, 182 Merrimack street.

E. A. Wilson, coal dealer, is selling coal at lowest cash prices; call at 51 Merrimack street.

Patten & Co. have the finest potted and cut flowers in the city, Shedd's block, Central street.

A true, life-like photo is something everybody admires. Marion makes that kind. Visit his studio in Barristers' hall and have a sitting made.

A Valuable Gift.

Paul Butler and Mrs. Ames have presented to Benjamin F. Butler post 754, of Irving Park, Ill., a stand of national colors. Capt. Philip Reade a member of Post 42 of this city will present the colors and the response will be by Commander D. W. Blair of Irving Park. The presentation will occur Nov. 2.

TWO BAD LOCALITIES.

Where More Police Officers Are Needed Temporarily, If Not Permanently, to Protect Peaceable Citizens.

In view of the fact that hoodlumism seems to be on the increase, it is represented most forcibly to THE SUN that Centralville needs greater police protection, and another officer could be used to patrol the lower part of Belvidere.

Despite the fact that Chief Davis and Mayor Pickman live in the immediate neighborhood, it is stated to THE SUN that the scene of Saturday night's murder is a dangerous locality after dark, the danger lying in a gang of youths who congregate there when the officer is not around. The hoodlums are said to delight in tripping up people and using hats of passers by as targets. If there is a remonstrance from the assaulted party vulgarity and possibly a fight is the result.

Over in Centralville the Lakeview avenue beat is getting quite a reputation. Stone throwing is too prevalent for comfort and whenever an arrest is made the officer is a target for abuse. When Officer Hession substituted over there recently he was running the gauntlet of rocks continually. Two bad assault cases, in one of which a man was cut in the groin frightfully, have been added to the list of unpunished cases.

Centralville has 17,000 residents, yet three officers on each night patrol are thought sufficient. Attempted burglaries on Sixth, Vernon and Beacon streets are reported, and a man dressed in female attire roams around at night, on Hildreth and Bridge streets. It is time that some of the beats be divided and more officers put on duty in all parts of the city.

The Brick Was Hard, John.

A man who has just finished a term in prison waylaid Officer John Fox on Lakeview avenue Saturday night, and tried to dent his skull with a whole brick. The officer's nose just escaped damage. After a lively chase in which some quick sprinting was done the murderously inclined assailant got away.

LOVE TURNED TO HATE.

William Fuller Hacked Emma Hunt to Death With a Butcher Knife.

ALBION, N. Y., Oct. 22.—William Fuller, alias Lake, the murderer of Emma Hunt, was captured yesterday afternoon in a farm barn by Constables Handy and Barry. He offered no resistance and was lodged in jail here. Lake acknowledged that he committed the crime, and said that after knocking the woman senseless he cut her throat and hacked her with a butcher knife.

The murderer was born in Middleport. After being arrested he spoke of the confession which he wrote previous to the murder. Fuller is worn out with his efforts to escape capture and from want of food. He fails to realize the enormity of the crime of which he has confessed. He says that the only reason he had for killing the girl was her refusal to reciprocate his love. Her refusal turned his love to deadly hate.

Struck With an Ax.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—A determined attempt was made at 11 o'clock last night to murder Luigi Marabello, the keeper or boss of an Italian lodging house at 16 Moon street. Marabello's assailant was Alphonse Scantone, and the weapon used was a hatchet. Scantone's brother, Phillipe, and his wife, are lodgers in Marabello's house and have not paid their rent for some time. Marabello had given him notice to leave the house or take his chances of being ejected, and it led to the row last night. Marabello's injuries are serious, but will not prove fatal.

Outraged a Baby.

HICKSVILLE, O., Oct. 22.—Charles O'Neill, a negro, was arrested for outraging Harriet Hickerman, 3 years old. The child was discovered unconscious in a barn. O'Neill admitted the charge, and for a time it was thought he would be lynched, but O'Neill was safely jailed.

Was a Philanthropist.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 22.—Andrew Smith, of the firm of Smith Bros., manufacturers of cough drops, died here yesterday. He was 58 years of age. Mr. Smith had contributed to numerous charities. He and his brother recently presented this city with a public park.

A Knotty Question.

BERLIN, Oct. 22.—Though the Prussian cabinet sat for five hours, further meetings are expected before a final decision in regard to the repressive measures against socialists is arrived at. Among the measures likely to be adopted is a strict press law.

Horribly Mangled.

WEBSTER, Mass., Oct. 22. — Richard Palmer, a cotton spinner, aged about 87, was run over by a freight train and instantly killed. His head, both arms and both legs were cut off.

To the Bitter End.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—A telegram was received at the Japanese legation yesterday stating that the universal expression in Japan is that the war must be vigorously pursued until it is brought to a triumphant conclusion.

Vacation About Ended.

BUZZARD'S BAY, Mass., Oct. 22.—The president and family spent their last Sabbath at Buzzard's Bay for this year quietly at Gray Gables, with a few guests. The president leaves here tomorrow.

Will Try It Again.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 22.—A dispatch states that negotiations for peace between China and Japan have been reopened.

The Way of the World

Is to get all you can and keep all you get. The only safe way when getting is to go where all is good and to buy from those who are satisfied with the "Live and Let Live" motto. Dickson Bros., tea importers, 68 Merrimack street.

Louis Alexander,

Importer and tailor, 65 Central street, is a first class practical cutter of long experience in the New York houses. Is up with the times and guarantees satisfaction. Fall importations now ready.

Money loaned on endorsed notes, personal securities and second mortgages on real estate by J. B. Swift, 6 Barristers hall. Telephone 405-4.

DR. PARKHURST'S

Views of Society's Sins Against the Fallen.

HE WOULD HAVE MORAL WOMEN UPLIFT THEIR SISTERS.

He Wants All Good Women to Aid the Bad.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Dr. C. H. Parkhurst yesterday preached a sermon in his church which was a plea for fallen women. The doctor took for his text, Matthew 21 31: "Verily I say unto you that the publicans and the harlots go into the kingdom of God before you." Dr. Parkhurst said society has a way of sealing sins for which no warrant can be found in the Scriptures.

"What the state punishes crime for is because it is sinful to society. The penalty in such cases is according to the harm it will do to society. The acts that are most likely to land a man in jail are not the most likely to keep him out of heaven. If a man be a thief, he will always have the indulgence of other thieves."

"There seems to be one character of crime that if one sex practices it, it is all right, but if the other does, ostracism from society follows. Men can do as they choose on this score with women for whom they have no respect; but with a woman it is different. You no doubt have acquaintances whom you know ought to be in jail, but until they are sent there, you are friendly to them. When they don the prison garb, however, then the community at large has no use for them. The people

Have No Use For an Ex-Convict."

Dr. Parkhurst cited statistics from Sing Sing which showed that many return to prison a second time. "A man who has served a second term will tell you he did so because on his release he was shut out from the church and society in general.

"There is always far more readiness on the part of profligates to abandon their life than it is for the chief priests, elders and pharisees to help them. Society says there are several unpardonable sins. They say it is a crime for a woman to transgress the seventh commandment, but it is not so for a man.

"One of the great troubles when a woman wishes to lead a better life is that she does not find the help in her sisters."

The doctor related an experience of a woman he knew who had reformed. He cited the case as an example of the little hope held out by good women to their fallen sisters.

"What hope then is there for a woman to try and do better? There are a great many Magdalens in New York, probably thousands of them, who will get to heaven. They are children of God, just as good in his sight as you, and you should do all you can to help them.

Christ's Blood All-Sufficient.

"If your fallen sister has reformed and has been washed in the blood of the lamb, what is it your business? No matter what her former life had been, His blood is sufficient to redeem her. Some of you gather your skirts about you to escape from them, while they are just as precious to Him as you are.

"The story of the prodigal son is a good lesson on the subject. The father of this boy took him back into his home and forgot the past. But the prodigal's eldest brother could remember nothing but the fact that his brother had at one time been an outcast.

"This describes society to a dot. There is no reason why an ex-convict or a fallen woman should not be received into society when they have again became good persons and the past is blotted out.

"This, however, is not the rule, and this is the reason why out of 100 persons who enter a depraved life, 95 die in that life which binds them to their destiny and damnation."

Attacked by Apaches.

TUCSON, A. T., Oct. 22.—The first act of violence committed by Indians resulting from the removal of the troops from Fort Bowie is reported. Phil Salter, while on his way to a round-up in Stein's Pike, was attacked by a band of six or seven Apaches, who were lying in ambush. A number of shots were fired at him. His pack animal was killed. The attack was presumably to get his firearms, ammunition and contents of the packs. He barely reached the nearest ranch, five miles away, where he lies in a dying condition.

No Verdict.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 22.—The jury which sat the past week on the celebrated Bartlett-Bigelow in the superior civil court were dismissed, having been unable to agree upon a verdict. The case was given to the jury at 2:45 o'clock Saturday afternoon. At 10:30, no agreement having been reached, the deputy, acting under instructions, dismissed the jury, and they departed for their homes.

Hazzard Goes West.

PLYMOUTH, N. H., Oct. 22.—T. R. Hazzard, the alleged Wichita (Kan.) forger, will be obliged to face the charges against him. Governor Smith granted a requisition in Hazzard's case, and today Officer Greene of Wichita started west with the prisoner. Hazzard is charged with forging deeds to real estate, defrauding J. W. Ramsey and Thompson & Bland out of $7800.

Loss of Life on the British Coast.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—A fierce gale along the British coast caused many casualties. The Warner lightship broke away from a tugboat when near New Haven and was driven shoreward. A boat was lowered to replace the towline, but a heavy sea capsized it and four of its occupants were drowned. The lightship made leeway rapidly and was soon driven ashore.

A Dangerous Camp.

JOLIET, Ills., Oct. 22.—Three men were killed and three seriously wounded by an explosion at a drainage canal camp yesterday. An explosion took place at the same camp Saturday night, when two men were killed and one wounded.

A $200,000 Blaze.

MONTREAL, Oct. 22.—The Intercolonial railroad blacksmith shop and roundhouse at Rive du Loup were destroyed by fire yesterday. Eight locomotives, including two new ones for express trains, were destroyed. Loss, $200,000.

Bound to Stump.

PAINESVILLE, Minn., Oct. 22.—United States Marshal Bede addressed a meeting here, and at the close he tendered his resignation of the marshalship on account of the order forbidding federal employes to do campaign work.

Died in a Hospital.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22. — Ex-Governor Joseph D. Beadle of New Jersey died in St. Luke's hospital last evening. He was taken to St. Luke's hospital on the 12th inst. to have an operation performed.

THE DYING CZAR'S CASE.

CAREFUL TREATMENT MAY PRESERVE HIS LIFE.

His Character As Viewed by An American Diplomat—He Preserved the Peace of Europe.

LONDON, Oct. 22—Advices from Livadia are to the effect that the condition of the czar is unchanged.

In spite of the latest bulletins, there is reason to believe that the czar's life may be prolonged by careful treatment for weeks, if not months. The end generally comes after a period of collapses of unconsciousness, which may last several days.

The czarina, who is the second daughter of King Christian of Denmark, is suffering from severe nervousness. The rumors that she has been stricken with either paralysis or apoplexy are untrue.

According to the best information obtainable, there will be a formal bethrothal and exchange of rings between the czarewitch and Princess Alix at Livadia on Wednesday, perhaps sooner, according to circumstances.

The marriage of a foreign unorthodox princess to a Russian heir apparent necessitates three distinct ceremonies—reconciliation to the orthodox church, betrothal and nuptials. The ceremonies formerly were always separate, but the betrothal and actual marriage latterly have often been performed together. An imperial manifesto on this subject is expected.

Diplomat Smith's Conclusions.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22. — Ex-Minister Charles E. Smith, who, during the time he represented the United States at St. Petersburg, had ample opportunity to observe the personal and political characteristics of the czar, talked in an interesting fashion when asked by a reporter for his impressions as to the effect the death of the czar would have on the Russian empire. Mr. Smith said:

"The death of the czar would, in my opinion, be a serious misfortune for Russia and for Europe. It is not probable that there will be any marked change in the conservative attitude of the imperial government. The peace policy of the present reign has been so wise, prudent and firm that it is likely to be followed.

"But with a new and untried sovereign there must be solicitude until the lines are settled. As to Russia internationally, the present emperor has given her tranquility and stability. There is little discontent, no agitation, and general devotion to the crown, and with wise counsels it will be easy to move forward without disturbance.

"Alexander III has been an upright and earnest ruler. Less commanding than Nicholas, less liberal than Alexander II, he has been well-balanced. His personal qualities have inspired devotion at home and confidence abroad. He has been sincere, steadfast, conscientious and straightforward. He has shared the reactionary tendency which followed the assassination of his father, and which has been unfortunate in some of its developments, but with his firm policy he has united a strong sense of justice.

A Beautiful Domestic Life.

"No one could see anything of the beautiful domestic life of the emperor, or of his laborious devotion to the responsibilities of the crown, or of his manifest desire to promote the welfare of his people, without great respect for him. He has been a Russian of Russians in his feeling, and has aimed to develop the national spirit of his people. But he has joined with this national sentiment a deep personal sense of right and duty.

"The sudden and swift collapse of the czar in the very prime of life seems strange and almost incredible. He is only 49 years old. He had the stalwart figure and physical prowess of the Romanoffs. Standing 6ft. 4in., well proportioned, the very picture of robust health, reputed to be the strongest man in Russia, prudent, living a model life, he seemed the last of the living sovereigns upon whom dread disease would lay its fatal hands.

Preserved Peace In Europe.

"His moral rectitude and his upright purpose have matched his rugged manhood. His character and impulses have inspired loyalty and devotion at home and respect and confidence abroad. For years he has been the sheet anchor of peace in Europe. As crown prince he won soldierly laurels in the Russo-Turkish war, but as emperor he has been devoted to continental peace and has been the surest and most potent force in maintaining it.

"With one hand he moderated the impulsive ardor of France, and with the other he warned and checked the aggressive tendency of Germany. He restrained the hostile spirit of others, and renounced warlike purposes himself. Had he been restless and ambitious of military glory and aggrandizement, he might easily have applied the torch which would have set Europe aflame. But he held a steady hand over the great powers.

A Journalist For Counsellor.

"Curiously enough, with all the Russian censorship and restriction, the most active and potent agent in leading the czar from the old foreign influences was a journalist, Katkoff, the chief of the Moscow Gazette, who was one of the ablest and most powerful editors of any country, and the alliance of the czar and Katkoff shook the universal intellectual and diplomatic domination of Bismarck, and, from playing a subordinate part to the great German chancellor, advanced Russia to the position of holding the balance between adverse forces and dictating the peace of Europe. The czar pursued this policy with steady and rational judgment.

"There is a prevailing idea that he has lived in constant dread and anxiety. But he is a fatalist, and he has moved calmly forward with the conviction that his destiny, whatever it might be, could not be changed. Doubtless precautions have constantly been taken for his safety, but they have been the measures of those about him rather than his own. His great service to mankind has been as the peacemaker of Europe.

"What will follow his death no one can yet tell. The heir to the throne is only 26. His opinions and tendencies are largely a matter of conjecture. It is to be hoped that when he comes to the throne the influences about him will be of a wholesome character, and that, with a broader liberalism, he will maintain the attitude of Russia as a conservator of peace. In that direction and in his own blameless life the czar leaves a worthy example."

Was Starving to Death.

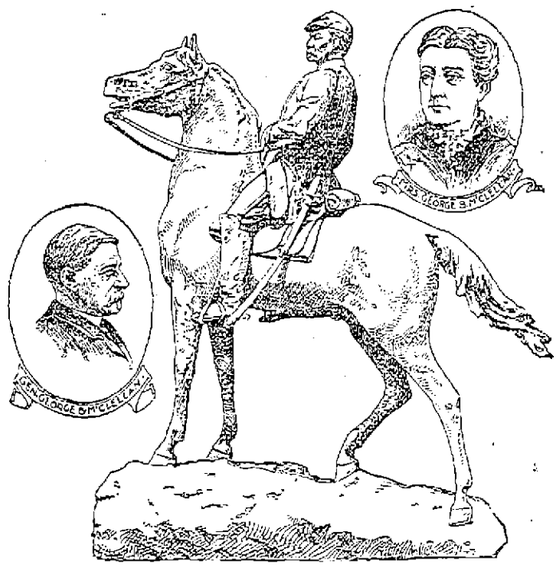
NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Estelle Germain, an actor, formerly husband of Maud Granger, was picked up on the street yesterday in a starving condition, and removed to a hospital.

Foreclosure Likely.

DENVER, Oct. 22.—The American Trust company of Boston, who own and controls the bonds of the Union Pacific and Gulf road, will commence suit for the foreclosure of the mortgage bonds of the Gulf road.

Steamer Ashore.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Steamer Drew ran ashore at Fort Washington point yesterday morning. The passengers were safely landed.



THE M'CLELLAN STATUE IN PHILADELPHIA.

General George B. McClellan was born in Philadelphia 67 years ago, and it is consequently appropriate that his statue should be erected in the Quaker City. The statue is of bronze, and horse and man are half again as large as life. The funds for the statue were raised by the admirers of the Hero of Antietam.

TITLE WELL EARNED.

Queen Alix Has an Easy Victory Over the Famous Directum.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—Queen Alix and King Directum met on the Mystic track at Medford and raced for a purse of $11,000. Ten thousand disappointed persons saw the contest, which was discontinued before the deciding heat had been tried.

THE HEAD OF ALIX, 2:03¾.

Fate was against Directum. He was in no condition to show his splendid mettle, and after he was beaten in the first two heats the judges and the doctor prescribed a rest.

So Alix took the race and the purse, and then trotted an exhibition mile in 2:07¾, as a consolation to the spectators, who had paid $1.50 apiece to see the great event of the racing season of 1894.

Alix made her first mile in 2:09, and her time at the quarters was: 32, 1:04¾ and 1:37¾, coming down under the wire two lengths ahead of Directum.

She trotted the second heat in 2:14¾, making the quarters at 32, 1:05½ and 1:40, beating her rival by three lengths.

It was a procession all the way around the track in both heats, the pace of the queen being set just fast enough to keep her ahead of the disabled king. "Directum isn't well! Mud fever!" said an expert in horseflesh."

A TERRIBLE ACCUSATION.

Shipowners Said to Have Planned Crime to Collect Insurance Money.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—The bark Adalguisa, from Callao, for Humboldt, Cal., put into this port in a disabled condition. She was launched in 1856, and since that date not a cent has been spent for repairs. Mate Roberts says the bark's owners deliberately planned to wreck the ship, which was heavily insured, and to drown the crew.

He says the sailors were all shipped under false names, so they could never be traced. The ship was provided with scanty provisions and water for only 30 days. The bark sailed from Callao on Jan. 20, and if a rain had not supplied water, the crew must have perished with thirst. A big box, labelled provisions, when opened, contained nothing but scraps of iron, shaving and oil cans.

Every man in the crew was of a different nationality. When they arrived in port they were fearfully emaciated with hunger. The mate says the only sound thing about the bark was the ship's boat, in which the owners planned that the captain and mate would escape. The Peruvian consul will not allow the Adalguisa to leave port. She is unseaworthy and will be sold to pay the crew.

Against Militia.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—The Central Labor union, at its meeting yesterday afternoon, emphatically placed itself on record as being opposed to all military bodies, either state or national, and denounced them as an injury to the working classes and a tool for capitalistic monopoly. Further, it was urged that all toilers with a home to protect and a living to make, if they are members of the militia at the present time, get out of it immediately, as the militia of today, as has been made evident on several occasions recently, is nothing more than a death machine whereby the interests of the moneyed monopolists are protected at the cost of the employes' life.

A Drunkard's Horrible Death.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 22.—A drunken man staggered from the sidewalk on South Main street last night and fell in front of a car, being dragged nearly 75 feet. He was killed almost instantly, his body being shockingly mangled.

A Fatal Error.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Oct. 22.—While casting a gas well some one struck a match to light his pipe. An explosion followed, and three men were fatally hurt. Several others were injured.

Enough to Start a Bar.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—Lieutenant Brown's liquor officers did a good Sunday's work. 225 gallons of beer and 30 gallons of whisky being confiscated from kitchen barrooms.

Weston's Walk.

NEWBERG, N. Y., Oct. 22. — Edward Payson Weston started today on his total walk of 4c miles a day for 12 consecutive days. A wager of $1000 is posted on the result.

DAMAGING EVIDENCE

Given at the Preliminary Hearing In the Chambers Murder Case.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 22. — The greatest legal event in the history of Scituate took place at Richmond village, when Lawrence C. Keegan was given a preliminary hearing on the charge of murder.

The most important development in the court proceedings was the identification of the prisoner by Miss Fanny Oatley, who saw the phaeton buggy with its big bundle covered with the laprobe. She positively indentified the driver as the prisoner seated before her in the courtroom.

Mrs. Annie B. White, a Providence dressmaker and a widow, testified she knew Keegan and that she saw him in a buggy on Friendship street on the day of the murder. She positively identified the prisoner as the man whom she saw on that day in company with a portly and dark woman. It was about 4 o'clock when witness saw Keegan and his female companion.

Gilbert Bishop, Nelson Bennett and George B. Dexter positively identified the black mustang and buggy. The horse and carriage were brought to the courthouse door so that the witnesses could view them.

Then the three witnesses positively and unreservedly identified the accused as the driver of the horse on the day of the murder.

The government rested and Lawyer McGill asked for a discharge, but Judge Johnson held Keegan for the grand jury in $20,000. He was taken to Cranston jail in default of bonds.

LADIES WHO VALUE
A refined complexion must use Pozzoni's Powder. It produces a soft & beautiful skin.

-BEST-
HAXALL FLOUR
$4 per bbl.

Choice St. Louis,	$3.00 Per Bbl.
Bag of Haxall,	.55 Per Bag
Bag of St. Louis	.40 Per Bag
Tub Lard	.8 lb.
Canned Peas	.7 Per Can
" Tomatoes	.8 Per Can
" Salmon	.11 Per Can
" Blue Berries	.10 Per Can
" Clams	.8 Per Can
6 Boxes Sardines	.25

These prices guaranteed while the advertisement is displayed.

FARLEY'S .·. CASH .·. GROCERY,
New No. 140 Gorham St.

DO YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY?
If so call at the
TEMPLE OF DESIGN,
—FOR YOUR—
FALL and WINTER MILLINERY.
There you will find the correct styles and newest novelties at the lowest possible prices.
14 and 16 Merr'ck Square, Runels' Block.

"And The Parrot Said Hooray?"
No wonder when he saw the bread made from MONT BLANC FLOUR. Be sure and try it.

THE BOSTON BRANCH GROCERY
Old No. 199 Middlesex St. New No. 455.
Opp. Northern Depot. Telephone 374-3, Brass Signs.
CALEB L. SMITH.....Proprietor

When in Need of Real Fine
MILLINERY
Call at the New Store of
ABBIE M. SMITH
Where the most complete assortment of Novelties and Exquisite Trimmings may be found. All New Goods.
175 Merrimack St., Welles' Block.
MRS. M. E. DUDLEY, Assistant.
Fine Mourning a Specialty.

Teacher of Music.
Miss Ethel O'Heir is now forming classes for Piano and Organ. For further particulars call at
COR. LANE AND HORN STS. (No. 68.)
N. B.—Would accept position as organist at reasonable terms.

WATSON BAKERY
Every evening at 5 o'clock Hot Tea Rolls and Cream Bread, also all kinds of Cake and Pastry. Only the best stock used in the manufacture of our goods. Parties supplied at short notice at
Nos. 24 to 30 CHARLES STREET.
Peter Watson, Prop.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Keeping Abreast of the Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The report of Commodore Chadwick, chief of the bureau of naval equipment, shows that the coal bills of the navy are steadily increasing, owing to the increase of the power of the vessels; that a great improvement has been made in night signals; that a new boat's compass has been adopted, and that aluminium has been substituted for bronze in binnacle fittings.

Not a Record Breaker.

TOLEDO, Oct. 22.—Miss Annie Londonderry of Boston, who left Chicago on Sept. 24, with only 3 cents in her purse, to make a tour of the globe on a bicycle, arrived here yesterday, just 27 days out. Her trip so far has been without incident.

The Old Story.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Oct. 22.—Austin W., the 14-year-old son of Willis Stockbridge, was accidentally shot by George Cameron. The two boys went into the barn where there was a gun, which the Cameron boy picked up, thinking it was not loaded, but it accidentally discharged, the shot taking effect in young Stockbridge's head. The injured boy cannot live.

Considerably Less Than $10,000.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 22.—In the Davis-Burbank $10,000 libel suit, the jury returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, Elroy Davis, in the sum of $278, defendants to pay costs of trial. The plaintiff's counsel will file a petition for a new trial.

O'Donnell & Gilbride.

SPECIAL BULLETIN OF BARGAINS
FOR - THIS - WEEK!

FURNITURE DEPT.

A special undersolling sale of fine furniture will be inaugurated in our department, beginning to-day, including the newest conceptions of the world's makers in Parlor, Chamber and Dining Suites or odd pieces, Library and Hall Furniture in vast profusion, will be offered greatly lower than prevailing prices. We will offer unequalled economical chances that will silence all competition. Great wagon loads of furniture bearing the name of O'Donnell & Gilbride seen all about our town delivering goods speak of our success as furniture men. If there is a room, nook or corner in your home that needs a piece of furniture, come in this week and look through our stock. There is money saving in this underselling sale for purchasers.

Special Offerings on Chinese Mattings.
500 rolls of China Matting in choice designs and colorings, all of which have retailed to date at from 15 to 22c. per yard, will be offered this week at only 10c. Per Yard.

Bargains in Bed Blankets.
2500 pairs of 10-4 white or grey Blankets, only 25c. Each.
12 pairs of 11-4 white or grey Blankets, only 98c. a pair.
500 pairs of 11-4 white Blankets, with pink, blue, red, or orange borders, only $1.09 a Pair.
One lot of 12-4 White Blankets, a special bargain at $3.98 a pair.

NOTICE.
We are special agents for the celebrated Saxony Blankets, made by the St. Mary's Woolen Manufacturing Co., of St. Mary's, Ohio. These blankets are made from pure, high-grade, fine wool, and retailed from $4 to $15 per pair Come in and examine them.

Bed Comforters from 75c to $10 Each
We are offering such extraordinary values in Bed Comfortables that no lady need bother making them. A special for this week is a down filled quilt at $4.98 each. They're beauties. Come in and look at them.

Don't Fail to Get One of Those Towels. 500 doz. large Huck towels, a regular 10c. article, on sale on our linen counter 5c each.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE.
Importers and Retailers of Dry Goods, Carpets and Furniture.
MERRIMACK, PALMER and MIDDLE STREETS

MAKE MONEY BY SAVING IT!!
We'll srve it for you today (Monday), and all this week by offering some big values.

Millinery Department.
$1.25 "Manhanset" Sailors, 69c.
98c. Best Felt Sailors 49c.
$1 Fancy Feathers 25c.
$1 Ostrich Tips 25c.
50c. Wide Satin Ribbons 29c.
75c. Scotch Tam O'Shanters, 59c.
50c. Pretty Tam O'Shanters, 25c.
$5 Trimmed Hats, now $1.98.
98c. Trimmed Walking Hats, 49c.
75c. Navy High School Caps, 25c.
50c. Embroidered Silk Infants' Bonnets 25c.
98c. China Silk Infants' Bonnets, 49c.
50c. Children's Eiderdown Bonnets, 25c.
$1.25 Best English Felt Hats. 75c.

Wrappers and Waists.
Some big values this week at one-third less than usual prices.
$1.25 pretty style Wrappers, 75c.
$1.50 dainty Flannelette Wrappers, 98c.
$1.75 Wrappers now $1.25.
$2.25 Tea Gowns, now $1.49.
$2.50 Tea Gowns, now $1.75.
$2 Cashmere Waists, all colors, $1.25.
$3 pretty Flannel Waists, $1.98.
$3.50 new Flannel Waists, $2.25.
$2 fine French Coney Fur "Minks," 98c
$4 finest Brook "Minks," $1.98.

MONEY - MAKERS.

KID GLOVES.
The biggest values in real Kid Gloves ever offered.
$1.25 Foster Lacing Kid Gloves 75c
$1.50 Real Kid Gloves, $1
$1.25 Lacing Biarritz Gloves, 79c
$1.50 Biarritz Kid Gloves, $1.
$1.75 best quality Lacing Gloves, $1.25
$2 best quality Lacing Gloves, $1.50
$1.50 real Foster Lacing Gloves, $1
$1.50 heavy Dogskin Gloves, $1
$2 real Mocha Lacing, $1.25
$1.25 best 5-Hook Glace Gloves, 75c

Hosiery and Underwear.
Grand values at half-price this week.
25c Boys' Ribbed Hosiery, 10c pair.
25c Ladies' Ribbed Wool Hose 19c
50c Ladies' Natural Wool Hose 25c
50c Ladies Cashmere Hose 25c
38c Ladies' Fleeced Hose 19c
25c Ladies' Fleeced Hose 12-1-2c
25c Child's Scarlet Vests 15c
28c Ladies Jersey Vests 19c
50c Ladies' Jersey Vests 25c
75c Gent's Camel's Hair Wear 49c
$1 Ladies' Scarlet Wool Wear 75c
87c Ladies' Jersey Vests 49c
45c Gents' Scotch Wool Wear 25c

Moir Bros.' POPULAR STORE. 119, 121, 123 Merr'k St.

THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXIV. NO. 43. LOWELL, MASS., MONDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1894. PRICE ONE CENT.

THIRD EDITION

☞THE SUN is the only paper in Lowell receiving The Associated Press, cable and telegraphic despatches. Most of the news items in this issue can be found in the other local papers tomorrow, if you are willing to wait till then.

SOME STRAY POLITICAL JOTS.

BIG DEMOCRATIC RALLY FOR THURSDAY NIGHT.

Russell and Stratton Will be the Speakers—A Big Attendance Expected—Ward Six Club to Build New Quarters—Chas. T. Roy.

The Ward Six Democratic club held a meeting yesterday afternoon and judging from the action taken in regard to erecting a building to be used as permanent quarters it would seem that the club is to be a fixture in Ward Six politics. Denis O'Neil, the treasurer, made a report showing the financial condition of the club to be all right. A committee of 25 was constituted a building committee with instructions to lease a piece of land and erect a club house. Capt. D. J. Cassidy delivered an address. A committee was appointed to arrange for a ward rally at an early date and another committee to procure 300 torches.

Charles T. Roy of LeNational is one of the best French speakers in New England. He has engagements to speak in all the leading cities of this state and New Hampshire. Why should he not be heard here? There is much missionary work for him to do among the French. There is not much time now to work upon. Let steps be taken to have Mr. Roy address the French voters at one of the rallies. They have been listening all the year to the calamity cry, let them hear a plain statement of the situation from one of their own leaders, a man whom they can trust to be honest in his statements. By all means have Mr. Roy speak in the city.

The ward committees should arrange for rallies in the interest of the democratic party.

Hon. John E. Russell, candidate for governor, and Charles K. Stratton, candidate for lieutenant governor, will speak at a rally to be held in Huntington hall on Thursday evening. The democrats of the city should turn out en masse to hear the addresses because during the past six months they have heard little else than calamity speeches and some have read the calamity literature issued by the republican authorities. The speakers should get a grand reception.

MR. EDITOR:—Will you please give me space in your paper to say a word for Thomas F. Roche, the Fayette street grocer who is a candidate for overseer of the poor. He is a staunch democrat, a well known business man and would give entire satisfaction as an overseer. His friends are confident that he will be elected. Yours truly,

WARD SIX.

The Independent Democratic club of Ward Six will meet in the ward room over the engine house next Wednesday evening. Members are requested to attend.

Ex-Councilman E. F. Spalding is an aldermanic candidate in Ward Six.

Is Governor Greenhalge on Rev. Hugh Montgomery's list? Will he become the tail to the A. P. A. kite? These are the questions being asked on the street. Montgomery says yes.

The Tammany club of Ward Three had a general gathering of candidates yesterday afternoon. Pres. Hendricks presided and among those who spoke were Joseph Gormley, Frank Fagin, Tim Reynolds, James Miskella, John H. Callahan, Dennis P. O'Neill, Thomas McLaughlin, John Reagan, Patrick Delahanty, Edward Grady and John B. Clancy all candidates for the common council. Dr. W. M. Kelley, candidate for the school committee, read a paper on education and John A. Gately sent a letter expressing regret at his inability to attend but promising to visit some future meeting of the club. Joseph Donohoe, William E. Dwyer, James E. Gorman, Patrick Mahan and John J. Gilbride, candidates for overseers of the poor, were also present. The meeting was a very interesting one and was quite lengthy.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

Do not forget Lewis Morrison's magnificent production of Faust at the Opera house tonight, with a fine company and wonderful accessories.

Police Court Scenes.

There were big batches of drunks fined by Judge Hadley today.

Wm. Thompson, an old man, got six months in jail; Belle Walker, ten months; Robert Laidlaw, was sent to the reformatory; May McDermott got ten months in the workhouse; Michael Golden, six months. Several disturbers of the peace were lined.

High Tide in Tax Money.

A record was broken at the city treasurer's office Saturday when over $512,000 were received over the counter in payment of taxes. Two officers were needed to keep the crowd in line.

Stricken With Paralysis.

While sitting in his office, Saturday afternoon, J. J. Judkins, the veteran printer, had a stroke of paralysis. He was removed to his home on Hildreth street, and Dr. Ricker attended him. He is reported much better today.

Reduction In

STEERAGE RATES

ONLY $10.

Boston to Queenstown, Liverpool, London, Belfast, Glasgow, Londonderry.

James F. O'Donnell,

Agent, Lowell, Mass.

Cor. of Worthen and Market Sts.

LATEST

5 O'CLOCK.

WEAVERS GAINING STRENGTH.

3500 MORE SILENT LOOMS IN THE FALL RIVER MILLS.

Big Demonstration of 8000 Operatives in South Park Today—Mills May Have to Shut Down.

By Associated Press to THE SUN.

FALL RIVER, Oct. 22.—The mill reports today indicate that 3500 less looms are running, and in the Merchants' mill alone three are 1600 less looms running. The manufacturers fear they may have to shut down if the weavers do not go in. The weavers to the number of 8000 held a big mass meeting on South Park this morning.

CHILDREN BURNED.

Four of Them In a Blazing House in New York.

By Associated Press to THE SUN.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Four little grandchildren of Bishop Taylor of the Methodist denomination were burned to death in their father's house today. They were the children of Rev. Ross Taylor. Three men men jumped from the windows and were hurt.

MUNICIPAL REFORM.

This Subject Was Talked Upon to a Congregation by Sec. Smith of the Board of Trade.

Secretary Smith of the board of trade spoke on Municipal Reform at the Central M. E. church, yesterday afternoon, being introduced by the pastor as a future mayor of Lowell.

Mr. Smith's address was strong, substantial and straightforward on the ideas advanced at board of trade meetings.

IN $8000 BONDS.

Young Martin Held For a Hearing Next Week.

In police court, this morning, Michael J. Martin, charged with manslaughter, in alleged causing the death of Patrick Buckley, was held in $8000 for a hearing on Wednesday, Oct. 31.

LOCAL NOTES.

Violoncello for sale cheap at Downing's, 182 Merrimack street.

The only intention recorded at the city clerk's office today was Lewis H. Swift 25, to Mabel H. Stevens 22.

Call at J. J. Garvor & Co.'s, 85 Prescott street, and see the electric oil heater. It is the best in the market.

An adjourned meeting of the board of trade will be held this evening and municipal affairs will be discussed.

The space between the city hall and Memorial building is being paved. Worthen street in front of city hall will also be paved.

There will be a joint convention of both branches of the city council tomorrow evening to give a hearing on the petition to define the lines of Gorham street.

Rev. Mr. Konngott delivered a very interesting illustrated lecture at the First Congregational church last evening. Views of India and China were shown.

Green sells sewing machines cheaper than any house in Lowell; cleans watches or replaces mainsprings. Springs for $1.00, all jewelry work in proportion, 88 Merrimack street.

Rev. C. E. Amaron, formerly of this city but who is now engaged in editorial work on "L'Aurore" in Montreal, spoke at the French Baptist mission yesterday morning and at the French Protestant church in the evening.

DEATHS.

HAMILTON—Catherine Hamilton, aged 51 years, died Saturday at her home on South street. The funeral took place this morning and was well attended. A high mass of requiem was celebrated in St. Peter's church by Rev. Fr. McKenna. There were several beautiful floral offerings. The remains were interred in the Catholic cemetery.

MCLAUGHLIN—Annie McLaughlin aged 66 years died this morning at her home, 268 Suffolk street. She was a very old resident of this city and an esteemed member of St. Patrick's church. She was of a good christian character, and of a charitable disposition. She had numerous friends and acquaintances who will be grieved to hear of her death. She leaves two daughters, Mrs. William P. Barry, and Mrs. Henry Roach.

KELLY—Frederick E. Kelly, aged 36 years died yesterday morning at his home, in the rear of 10 Tilden street. The funeral took place this afternoon and was well attended. Burial was in the Edson cemetery.

TILTON—Mary F. Tilton, wife of John W. Tilton, died last evening at her home, 49 Kinsman street.

TREFETHEN—Mary A. Trefethen, aged 81 years, died yesterday at the residence of her sister, Mrs. John Haggett, 188 Charles street.

CARTER—Annie Carter, aged 24 years, died Saturday at her home, 60 Grove street.

DUFFY—Mary Duffy, aged 32 years, died Saturday at her home, 35 Lagrange street.

McManmon, florist, Prescott & Merr'k sts

Mills Running at Night.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Oct. 22.—Lawrence industries are enjoying a marked increase in business. The mills are not only running full time, but night work is now necessary in order that they may keep pace with orders coming in. Standing at night on the bridge crossing the Merrimac river on Union street, one can look a half a mile up the river and see many of the mills are lighted up, and the hum of machinery tells the story of a return of better times.

A Sea Trip Contemplated.

BERLIN, Oct. 22.—The Osteo Zeitung says that the imperial German yacht Hohenzollern has been ordered to be in readiness to proceed to sea. It is presumed that Emperor William might go to Russia under certain circumstances.

When you need printing, remember THE SUN.

SENATOR BRADY

Endorsed by C. L. U. At its Meeting.

POPULISTS WERE QUITE PROMINENT IN SPEECH MAKING.

One of the Liveliest Meetings of That Body.

The Central Labor union held what the members call the liveliest meeting in its history yesterday. Senator Peter J. Brady was endorsed.

The meeting which was well attended was called to order by President Meehan.

The financial secretary reported on the Labor Day celebration receipt $602.05 with an estimated increase of $25. The expenses amounted $543.

The legislative committee reported that it had been assured that the weavers' particulars law was being evaded in this city and recommended that Chief Wade be notified of the matter. The report was accepted.

Notice was received from the Spinners' union that their hall is at the disposal of the organizing committee, and the offer was accepted, a vote of thanks being tendered the Spinners' union.

The committee appointed to send out questions to all the candidates reported that it had sent all the candidates the questions, though some had not received them. This fact didn't please all the members as some of them appeared to doubt the sincerity of the committee.

Communications were read from L. W. Weeks and Daniel Moynahan, populist candidates for representative, in which they stated that if elected they would work for all labor measures.

John Joseph O'Connor, democratic candidate in Ward Three, answered all questions affirmatively.

Hon. Peter J. Brady communicated that he had always worked for all labor measures while in the house and senate and assured the C. L. U. that if elected his course of action would be the same as in the past, in regard to labor matters.

No republicans have answered the questions as yet.

The body then took up these communications for action, that of Mr. Weeks being taken up first.

Thomas F. Connolly moved that the communications be given to the press.

Thomas F. Garvey of the Cigarmakers' union thought the C. L. U. should do something. They were sent out in the cause of labor. He wanted to speak on Senator Brady's answer and was perfectly willing to allow any one to speak on the answers of the other candidates.

Mr. Kendall didn't believe in introducing politics into the union.

Mr. Connolly offered to withdraw his motion and by a vote of 15 to 7 the withdrawal was allowed.

On motion of Mr. Mahan the questions were taken up separately. Those of the candidates who were present did not vote on any of these measures.

On L. W. Weeks' communication it was moved by Mr. Logan that the communication be accepted and placed on file; amended, by Mr. Cryan to read that it be given to the press.

A hot discussion was brewing at this point as some of the members didn't want to endorse any one.

Mr. Garvey asked if the union ever endorsed a candidate and receiving an affirmative answer he expressed his views very forcibly. He maintained that the union is being charged as being run for the populist party which had an infamous birth in its midst. He was not a member of that party nor were many others of the union. He thought appreciation should be shown for the efforts of Mr. Brady and wanted the body to endorse him.

The vote was taken on taking definite action on the matter, the chairman decided it by voting to lay it on the table.

Mr. Thomas Mahan Textile of union 68 moved that a vote of thanks be tendered to Senator Brady for his action in labor matters and that the union endorse his candidacy, Mr. Garvey seconded it.

Mr. Cryan of the People's party said that Mr. Mahan had stated once before that his union wanted him to have nothing to do with politics and the latter replied that he had said his union had instructed him to have nothing to do with the people's party.

Mr. Garvey seconded the motion and said, that it was pleasing at all times to reward a man for his good works; it is a duty devolving upon me as an organized union man to endorse and support Senator Brady. While in the house of representatives and in the senate chamber he has demonstrated his ability as a legislator and when we as organized union men have a candidate seeking our support, a candidate such as Senator Brady, who has proven himself a friend and benefactor to the cause for which we are united, it becomes our duty to stand shoulder to shoulder, man to man, and by our votes reelect him as a reward for his good work for us in the past and as an assurance that our interests will be looked after in the future.

During his remarks, also Mr. Garvey referred to the C. L. U., as a monument to the efforts and energies of Thomas F. Connolly, and turning to that gentleman told him that in the course which he had taken he was not only injuring himself but was also injuring the union and the cause of organized labor. The people's party, he said, had an infamous birth and was hurtful to the cause of labor for it would detract from the strength of labor's friend, Hon. Peter J. Brady. He also expressed his intention of fighting the foe of that friend of labor, as a laboring man should.

L. W. Weeks, a populist candidate, also spoke saying that the people's party men in the C. L. U., had done all in their power to further the interests of organized labor.

Here Mr. Garvey asked the privilege to correct him and a discussion ensued after which Mr. Weeks continued. The C. L. U., has been a political body all along as we have gone into politics to further our own interests.

He didn't want the union to endorse any man as it would cause a fight.

He thought Mr. Brady was a good man to support but said that by endorsing any one man, trouble would ensue.

Mr. Mahan said that Mr. Brady was the only candidate now before the public who had done any thing for them and that anyway a populist candidate could not be elected.

Mr. Connolly again replied, saying that he noticed the reporter (referring to THE SUN reporter) had taken everything carefully Mr. Garvey had said and said also that he knew the reporter had an object in so doing.

He wanted Mr. Garvey to explain his remark that the birth of the people's party was infamous, and Mr. Garvey said that the party was born in the C. L. U. hall in a tricky manner.

Mr. Connolly then spoke against the reporter and was called to order.

Mr. Kinsella said that if the reporters were unfair that they should be put out. Secretary McCullough then informed the chair that up to that time, THE SUN reporter hadn't shown any unfairness.

Mr. Connolly, after declaring himself as the subject of debate, reviewed the birth of the local people's party and maintained that he had always advocated keeping politics out of the union. He said that the platform of the people's party was built upon the principles set forth at a labor convention of which he was secretary and that he was acting consistently in supporting that party. The people's party of Lowell wasn't born at a C. L. U. meeting. The speaker said that he was a poor man because he had always battled for his convictions. He maintained that the press scored him alone, in the people's party.

Mr. Mahan at this point raised a point of order, that Mr. Connolly was making a populistic speech.

Mr. Connolly was allowed to proceed. He said that it was painful to him to stand there as a member of the C. L. U., and a candidate for the senate on the people's party ticket and hear a brother member ask the organization to endorse another man.

If the men to whom he gave the best years of his life, should stand by him, he would have no trouble in obtaining an election. He consoled himself with the thought that Garrison, Phillips and others had been treated worse. There is no power or money enough in the world he said to hire me from my track. By taking my life is the only way to do it, but I thank God that even in these degenerate days and under our corrupt government, a man has the power to stand by his convictions. Some people infer that I am running a political side show in the interest of Mr. Foss. I deny it. Never since I have come into the world have I been brought to do what I didn't think was right, and all the powers of Hell and Heaven could not drive me from my course."

Mr. Pepard said that the union should look out for a certainty and not an uncertainty.

Mr. M. J. Riley called a point of order, with an excited appeal to sit Mr. Pepard down.

Mr. Pepard said: "I am bound to follow Bro. Brady."

Mr. Kinsella said that he objected to calling Senator Brady "brother."

"He's a brother of organized labor," was the answer.

Mr. Kinsella made a forcible retort.

Mr. Cryan opposed the motion in a brief speech. He thought it the height of injustice to throw Mr. Connolly down for Mr. Brady. He thought the action would lead to the death of the C. L. U.

President Meehan then took the floor and made the coolest speech of the evening. He looked upon Mr. Connolly as a personal friend and an honorable man but he knew that he didn't have the ghost of a show on the coming election. Then with the records of Foss and Brady before them any one could plainly see that Mr. Brady was the friend of labor and should be supported.

Mr. Kinsella said that as a Knight of Labor he must stand by the people's party as their platforms were alike.

John Ring Right on Deck.

Mr. John Ring said both Messrs. Connolly and Brady are Knights of Labor. He would be willing to help the people's party if it were consistent under the circumstances. He didn't believe in having one Knight of labor oppose the other. Both men are competent, but Mr. Brady has been tried and found true, and with the best of feeling to Mr. Connolly he asked him to withdraw from the fight until his time comes. "On my word of honor, said he, I would vote for Mr. Connolly under other circumstances, but he jeopardizes the chances of our only labor friend, who has a chance. I believe that the coming party is the people's democratic party. Endorse the oldest and longest tried democrats, elect good democrats and drive out the speculators and you will not need a people's party. Democratic principles, the principles of the people will always live. I hope the organizations will endorse Bro. Brady, and I hope to see the day when I can stand up and advocate Mr. Connolly's nomination.

Then came a discussion between Messrs. Connolly and Ring in which Mr. Connolly said he would get licked if Mr. Ring was working for his election, doubted his veracity and the chairman called him to order.

At this point the trouble between the two became personal and unfriendly.

Chairman Meehan rapped to order vigorously and some one yelled "question" and the question was put.

Senator Brady Endorsed.

On motion, a yea and nay vote was taken and also on motion, after another hot discussion, no one was allowed to vote who was not a pledged member of the C. L. U.

The populist candidates voted negatively and the result was 15 yeas, 14 nays, and Senator Brady's candidacy was endorsed, and at 6.10 o'clock the meeting adjourned.

THE CITY WATER.

Each and every individual, resident and non-resident of Lowell, if they are consumers of city water, must make settlement in full to date for all charges, the present week and before three o'clock on Saturday next. Failing to do this such individuals will note:

1st. That water will be cut off from all premises delinquent, MONDAY, OCTOBER 29th, and will not be again let on until original bill together with a fine of $2.00 is paid.

2d. That there are positively no exceptions to this order.

Persons who have unpaid bills will act wisely if they will attend to matter the early part of present week, as there is always a crush and necessary long wait in line during the last few days of grace.

Saturday is last day to pay.

Japanese Ware Slaughtered.

We are having a sale this week on Japanese novelties. The prices are marked away down. See the goods in our corner window. The U. S. Tea Co., corner Central and Prescott streets.

HOT SHOT for the COUNTY RING

WILL SHERIFF CUSHING ANSWER THE QUESTIONS?

Mr. Rodgers in Behalf of the Laboring People of Lowell Demands an Explanation From Sheriff Cushing.

Prison Labor Used for Some One's Profit While Honest Workmen are on the Point of Starvation—Is There a Loop-hole in the County Commissioner's Report? "Something Rotten in Denmark." The Notorious Ring on Its Last Political Legs.

Reform in the County methods!

"Down with the County ring," should be the slogan at the battle of ballots on Nov. 6th. Figures don't lie but they don't always tell the full story.

Will the citizens of the county have a chance to see or hear Sheriff H. G. Cushing's reply to the following communication?

To Henry G. Cushing, Esq., Sheriff of Middlesex County.

In looking over the report of the receipts and expenditures of Middlesex County I find that you have returned to the county treasurer the sum of $2072.26 as money received from labor of prisoners at the jail at Lowell.

In view of this fact and that there is a sentiment in this community against prison labor entering into competition with free labor I would respectfully ask you the following questions:

First—From whom did you receive that sum of money?

Second—Was the labor all performed at the Lowell jail?

Third—Was part of the money received for labor performed outside the Lowell jail?

Fourth—Is it true that gangs of prisoners have been taken from the jail in the morning, during the past year, and set at work doing farm labor, building stone walls and farm buildings on land located at the end of the boulevard, and returned to the jail at night?

Fifth—If your answer to the fourth is affirmative, you will tell who owns the land, who employed those prisoners and how much was paid over to the Middlesex county treasurer for the labor of such prisoners?

I ask these queries because you failed to return any itemized account of where you received that money, and because if it is true, then men with families stand idly by and look on in want, through coming into competition with prison labor, and it is time those idle men who are in want should know the reason for their idleness.

E. W. RODGERS,

On behalf of the citizens of Mid'x county.

A FINE CONCERT.

Given in Aid of St. Peter's Parish by the Best of Lowell Talent.

A grand concert in aid of the new St. Peter's church was given in Huntington hall last evening under the direction of Mr. T. F. Molloy. The attendance was very large and the program of high order. Perhaps the most beautiful number of the evening, was the rendition of Gounod' Ave Maria by Mrs. W. F. Shaw, the famous soprano, with accompaniments on the organ by Mr. Molloy and the violin by Prof. Borjes. Mrs Shaw also sustained the solo parts with Mr. Molloy in the Miserere from Il Travatore, assisted by a male chorus. Mrs. Belle Harrington-Hall rendered well selected readings and recitations and was encored repeatedly. Mr. James Donnelly, the popular young baritone, who made such a success in opera this summer was among the talent and he rendered his portion of the program in a very creditable manner. Mr. Donnelly has a bright future before him. The sextet from Lucia was rendered by the American quartette assisted by Mrs. Shaw soprano and Mrs. M. K. Tenney, contralto and Dr. Rix was encored in his selections. The Roumania Banjo club, Misses Lottie and Kittie Walsh and Master Arthur Baldwin also participated.

FUNERAL SERVICES.

COBURN—The funeral of the late Chas. B. Coburn took place yesterday afternoon from the family residence on Colburn street. The service was private and was conducted by Rev. Mr. Batchelor. The bearers were four sons-in law of the deceased, A. A. Coburn, J. Tyler Stevens, D. Dana Bartlett and Edward Ellingwood. The arrangements were in charge of Chas. H. Coburn. Interment was in the Lowell cemetery.

Three Small Blazes.

The fire department responded to three alarms during Saturday evening and Sunday. All were small blazes, and no great damage was done.

Late Saturday afternoon box 28 was sounded, a blaze being in progress in a window in Joseph Hamel's store on Aiken street.

The alarm from box 19, Saturday night, was for a slight blaze in the cellar of a tenement on Lawrence street, occupied by Frank Mort.

A window curtain in Gordon's boarding house on the Boott corporation caught fire last evening and an alarm was sounded from box 39.

Robbed Up Serenely.

"Tom" Lennon took a sudden fall at the corner of Central and Merrimack streets at 11 o'clock this morning. Seated comfortably in his road wagon, he was driving along, when one of the rear wheels came off, and "Tom" dropped.

He was not injured and came up smiling ready for another "go."

Dr. A. Mignault has returned from Canada.

THE SUN EXTRA

6 O'CLOCK

GIVEN TWO YEARS IN PRISON.

MORE SENTENCES BY THE HIGH COURT TODAY.

Judge Fessenden Not Slow in Acting When the Jury Returns a Verdict On the Several Cases.

At the beginning of the afternoon session the case of Geo. Howard of Dracut was tried. Howard was charged in the indictment with larceny of a horse from Thomas F. Fay in August, 1894, while the theft occurred in 1893. The mistake was rectified having been noticed first by the defendant.

Thomas F. Fay testified that the defendant formerly worked for him, after having his employ, he, with other men, jumped out in Dracut and his horse was placed in pasture near them. The horse was stolen. Joseph L. Cleveland of Salem, N. H., saw the defendant with the stolen horse. Officer Scott of Dracut and Jos. F. Fay also testified.

For the defence Howard said he never did anything to do with the theft. He was away with Main's circus and was arrested in Chelsea.

The jury in the case of Patrick H. Shea charged with breaking and entering and larceny from a freight car returned a verdict of guilty of larceny and he was sentenced to the Mass. reformatory.

Henry Butlaw, his companion who is from Willimantic, Conn., was sentenced to the house of correction for one year.

T. J. Robinson pleaded guilty to the charge of breaking and entering Anderson's grocery store on Market street. He was sentenced to the Concord reformatory.

Thomas Rooney, who escaped from the Lowell jail, pleaded guilty. Rooney became in Stonebam and was serving a sentence of three months for drunkenness. He had been in 20 days when he escaped. He had a wife and six children, all of whom are too young to work and when he escaped, he intended to return but wished to make some money for his family before returning. He was sent back to serve out his sentence and was given three months in the house of correction besides.

John Hayes pleaded guilty to the charge of larceny of $150 worth of goods from a building on Eliot street, and hid them. Some one else found them. Hayes served two years for breaking and entering some 3 years ago and had served time for drunkenness. He was sentenced to the house of correction for two years.

Before court adjourned the jury in the case of George Howard returned a verdict of guilty.

FROM THE WIRE.

By Associated Press to THE SUN.

The town clerk of Litchfield, Me., W. C. Adams, is short in his accounts $1200.

Manuel Lewis of East Providence, who last week was convicted of feloniously assaulting Amelia Silva, was today sentenced 15 years at hard labor.

Samuel Wheeler of Berlin, Mass., 80 years old, hanged himself in his barn. He was somewhat insane.

Five Negroes Lynched.

By Associated Press to THE SUN.

CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—A special from Columbia, S. C., says that at 9 o'clock last night the telegraph operator at Orange reported that five negroes who were arrested for the murder of County Treasurer Robert Copes, had all been lynched.

To Be Married at Once.

By Associated Press to THE SUN

BERLIN, Oct. 22.—It is reported that the Princess Alix of Hesse will be married to the Czarewitch immediately after her arrival in Lavidia. Emperor William and Prince Henry of Prussia accompanied her some distance on her journey, from Berlin on Friday evening.

PRIZE CONTESTS.

Gold and Silver Medals Taken for Excellence in Essays and Declamations.

The prize essay and declamation for the members of the Young Men's Catholic literary society were held in St. Patrick's school hall, last evening.

The stage was beautifully decorated with bunting and potted plants, and the hall was crowded with an enthusiastic audience, who liberally applauded the efforts of the contestants.

Among those present were Rev. Frs. Michael O'Brien, John J. Shaw, Richard S. Burke, D. J. Gleason, M. J. Leonard and J. J. Gilday.

The judges in the contests were Rev. Fr. Gilday, John J. Hogan, Esq., Thomas J. Enright, Esq., James H. Carmichael, Esq., and James O'Sullivan. During the evening piano solos were rendered by John J. Cosgrove, vocal solos by Misses Josephine Morrissey and Marie Smaller, Messrs. Joseph Mahoney and John Murray and cornet solos by John F. Sullivan. Rev. Fr. O'Brien and Fr. Burke delivered brief remarks.

There were three participants in each contest and the prizes were gold and silver medals.

For the best essay on "How the Crusades benefited religion?" the gold medal was awarded John J. Tancred, and the silver medal went to Thomas Pendergast. In the declamation contest Thomas B. Muldoon won the gold medal and John J. Sullivan the silver medal.

John J. Lonergan presided over the exercises.

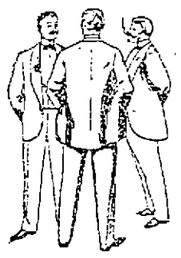
Jury Reported a Disagreement.

By Associated Press to THE SUN.

EAST CAMBRIDGE, Oct. 22.—The jury in the suit of Mary E. Bartlett against the Bigelow estate for $175,000 damages reported a disagreement and the case will come up at the March term. It is understood that 24 ballots stood 9 to 3 in Miss Bartlett's favor.

Why Not.

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying too much for printing. Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.



An intelligent young man buying a suit a day or two ago—"You'll kill off the tailors if you keep on with this good clothing; I know lots of fellows who've always had their cloths made that now buy their things here!"

That their's a substantial basis of truth for this remark is evident enough wherever you find the best dressed men and young men.

On the street, at the clubs or in attendance at social functions, half at least of the good dressers are wearing clothes that were provided—Rogers, Peet & Co.'s or our own make.

We're not yet satisfied, however; we want to clothe the other half.

PUTNAM & SON,

ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS.

Central Street, Cor. Warren.

HIGH COURT IS SITTING.

JUDGE FESSENDEN IS EXPECTED TO GIVE HEAVY SENTENCES.

Three Prisoners Sent Away For Short Terms Today—Trial of Cases of Breaking and Entering.

The criminal session of the Superior court opened this morning at 10 o'clock in the court house on Gorham street, Judge Fessenden presiding. Prayer was offered by Rev. J. M. Greene.

The attendance was very large, as is the case generally at criminal sessions.

The juries were drawn and the first selected as foreman, George G. Hill of Malden.

The case of Joseph Daigle for alleged burglary of and larceny from the house of John P. Quinn was called first. Daigle pleaded not guilty and was without counsel.

This case was put aside for a while at the request of the district attorney and that of Patrick H. Shea for alleged burglary of a freight car on the night of July 25 was called. Henry Butlaw who is also in this case pleaded guilty.

Shea was also without counsel and for that reason the district attorney did not make any opening or close as is the custom.

After damaging evidence against the prisoner by witness, Shea said, in defence that he met Butlaw on the track and told him not to break the seal on the car, going away from him immediately afterwards.

After a somewhat lengthy charge by Judge Fessenden, owing to the fact of it being the first case the jury retired at 11.40 o'clock.

Thomas J. Savage pleaded guilty to the charge of escaping from the work house. He was sent there for seven months, for larceny and drunkenness, in August, 1893. In the following month he sealed a wall, making his escape and was not caught until quite recently. Savage said that his crime was not great. He was put to work among crazy people and paupers and could not stand the sights he saw. Not being transferred to some other part of the building he took French leave. Savage was sent back to the workhouse to serve out his old sentence and an addional sentence of 20 days in the house of correction was imposed.

James Hicks of Wakefield, pleaded guilty to the charge of breaking and entering the pawn shop of Isaac Gordon and larceny therefrom. He was sentenced on the first count to a term of 15 months to the house of correction.

Neil McCrush, who pleaded guilty to the charge of breaking and entering Spencer's stone shed, was sentenced to the house of correction for one year.

The case of Thomas Rooney, for escaping from the jail was next called. Rooney pleaded not guilty and had no counsel, but wanted one. He was given time in which to procure an attorney.

PERSONAL.

William A. Mooney, Ph. D., will lecture at the Y. M. C. A., this evening.

Miss Julianna Cutting of Pittsfield is the guest of Mrs. V. I. Cumnock of Kirk street.

Mr. E. B. Conant left for New York city, today, where he is to do two or three days work.

Mr. M. D. Herrick of Orange City, Fla., is the guest of her nephew, Chas. E. Edson of Royal street.

Wilder Bennett, the contractor, is quite ill at the residence of his son-in-law in Pepperell, Mass.

Mrs. M. Allison Taylor of Haverhill and her little daughter are visiting her sister, Miss Talbot of Chesnut street.

Miss Lizzie Allen of Nesmith street has returned from an extended tour of Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk and Old Point Comfort.

R. L. Loupret and his mother, Mrs. J. Loupret, have returned from Montreal. Mrs. Loupret will remain in this city during the winter.

Fell Into Machinery.

John Keer, an employe of the Suffolk mills, had a fit while at work this morning and fell into the machinery. He received a scalp wound and was taken to the corporation hospital.

All the latest designs in fine pleasure vehicles.

Our Business Wagons are specially constructed to withstand the wear of pavements and car tracks.

We can save you money. Get our prices and look over our assortment before you purchase elsewhere.

FAY BROS. & HOSFORD.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Issued Daily: Sundays excepted.

Per Year $3.00 - - - Per Month. 25c.

City delivery and postage free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division. To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 45	6 50	6 09	§7 27
6 30	7 40	6 30	7 52
6 50	8 08	7 00	§7 56
§7 01	7 55	8 00	9 12
§7 18	8 02	9 00	§8 11
§7 27	8 12	9 00	§9 52
7 45	8 35	9 15	§10 27
8 50	9 46	10 00	11 16
§9 00	10 50	10 35	11 28
9 40	10 40	11 50	§12 28
11 00	12 05	1 00	§1 47
§12 00	12 45	2 30	3 54
1 40	2 50	3 00	3 56
3 00	4 25	3 50	4 48
§4 02	4 45	4 15	§5 33
4 30	5 20	5 00	5 54
§5 27	6 15	5 25	6 22
5 40	6 50	5 50	7 05
§6 25	7 15	6 15	7 28
§7 32	8 35	7 30	§8 10
		8 00	§8 40
		10 15	11 21
		11 22	12 40

Western Division. To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 53	8 00	7 30	6 32
8 35	9 12	9 25	10 35
9 31	10 51	10 25	11 42
10 50	12 02	11 50	1 07
12 30	1 37	2 15	3 27
12 15	2 06	3 30	4 28
2 20	3 43	3 40	4 55
3 25	4 27	4 30	5 42
4 30	5 22	5 01	6 16
5 10	6 41	6 01	7 12
6 35	7 50	6 35	7 47
7 00	8 02	9 40	10 40
9 30	10 43	b11 15	b12 12

Sunday Trains.

8 20	9 20	8 00	9 18
12 05	1 23	11 45	12 53
4 15	6 20	5 00	6 26
5 25	6 50	7 00	8 22
7 25	8 45		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Central street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway Street.

b. Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Sunday Trains.

§7 18	8 02	2 00	2 50
§7 27	8 12	9 00	10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	1 57
§9 16	10 10	5 06	5 58
§4 25	5 32	7 30	8 10
§6 03	7 06	8 00	8 40
		9 00	10 32

§From Middlesex St. station only.

For Governor:

HON. JOHN E. RUSSELL of Leicester.

For Congressman:

HON. GEO. W. FIFIELD of Lowell.

For Senator:

HON. PETER J. BRADY of Lowell.

FIFIELD'S TARIFF policy is: give the bill a fair trial or in brief let it alone; Knox's intent is to tear down the democratic tariff.

MR. FIFIELD is pledged to use his efforts to get a federal building for Lawrence. Does that interest our sister city?

THE CITIZEN becomes facetious when it affects to think that the next congressional house will be republican. The democratic majority has more staying qualities neighbor. Mr. Fifield will go there to be count.

THE Salem News, a republican paper, has this to say of Senator Hill's canvass:

"Much as people may condemn the political methods of Senator David B. Hill, one cannot but admire the dash and vigor with which he is conducting his gubernatorial campaign. Admitting the fact that his political existence and his standing as a leader are respectively at stake, and that he is fighting with all the desperation which animates the man whose all is dependent upon success, he yet challenges the mingled admiration and attention of the public at large by his fertility as a tactician, his aggressiveness as a leader, his brilliancy as a campaigner and his ability as a pleader—specious, if not always convincing. He is indeed a striking personality, and the campaign he is waging must be acknowledged nothing if not masterly.

SENATOR BRADY.

The Boston Post made a vigorous and apparently a successful fight against the proposition to grant the Bell Telephone company an increase of $20,000,000 capital stock. Incidental to its policy in that contest it endeavored to brand every democrat who did not follow its dictation and in the course of its assaults upon the members of the legislature who failed to do so, it criticised Sen. Brady, but for what? For voting for the bill? No! For voting against his party? No! but simply for refusing to vote for a roll call on a certain vote.

The Post might be excused if in its enthusiasm it should have criticised Mr. Brady; but now when the contest is long ago settled, when Mr. Brady is the candidate of the democracy, when his election means success to the party in more ways than one; when his defeat will mean the triumph of Foss, the republican, it is a violation of democratic policy to oppose him. Will the Post or any other democratic paper in Boston presume to oppose the regular nominees of the party for the state, senate or for congress? Oh! no, they would not attempt such an act of party treason.

But if such a course would be treason in Boston why should it not be treason in Lowell? The Post fought its fight and won; the democrats of Lowell are fighting their battle and hope to win but if they find themselves opposed by the Post they will have to meet it as the occasion requires.

LICENSE COMMISSION NOT IN POLITICS.

The rumors that Mr. Foss had a dead clinch on the license commission have received a quietus from Commissioner Rice. Mr. Rice says the commission is not in politics and does not intend to aid any candidate in securing an election.

The commission was appointed to take the license question out of politics and if the members refrain from interference in party contests between candidates, they will achieve that end and will in consequence benefit the city and purify municipal politics. But should the commission allow Mr. Foss or anybody else to use its name as a threat or an inducement, the state of affairs would soon be as bad as that which existed under the old regime. It is a source of gratification to learn that no candidate can bank upon political help from the license commission and that this commission will be what it was intended to be, a body above suspicion. The politicians who secured election through promises to liquor dealers will now find that they will have to draw upon some other talisman. It will be a great advance towards municipal reform when licenses will be granted only to men who can be relied upon to conform to the law, when they will no longer be made the prizes for party treachery or the marketable merchandise of the corrupt official. The license commission, we are glad to say, is all right and the community, we believe, may rest assured that the candidate who would make capital out of his alleged "pull" with the commission is only playing a game of bluff.

THE CAMPAIGN is waxing hot, the republicans are getting excited, they are using the calamity cry for all it is worth. They are sounding it all over the country but they have modified their opinion of McKinleyism. Tom Reed has gone back on Billy McKinley and his bill. He says the bill was a mere makeshift and not at all satisfactory to the republicans. He knows the country does not want a revival of McKinleyism and he is, therefore, telling the country that republicans have something better in store. That we may assume means higher duties all round. But when the country shall have given the present bill a fair trial it will demand still lower duties, not higher.

MR. KNOX will speak here tomorrow evening. Let him explain what he has ever done for the cause of labor, or what for any cause except his own candidacy. Mr. Fifield is a man who has been honored by his city and whose administration was marked by conservatism and good business discernment.

McKINLEY AFTER VOTES.

The Bogus Napoleon Making Great Efforts to Humbug the People.

When Governor McKinley goes out in search of votes, he is not accustomed to let a little thing like truth or candor stand in his way. In his campaign in Ohio he left a wide track of misstatement and falsehood all the way from Lake Erie to the Ohio river. Only a day or two ago he sought to score a point against Democracy by the absurd statement that the concessions granted to Hawaiian sugar planters were for the special profit and benefit of the Sugar trust, the fact being that the trust has no interest in the Hawaiian plantations or alliance with the planters of Honolulu. There was quick and forceful response made to this piece of characteristic misrepresentation, and it is noticed that the bogus Napoleon of the Republican party has not returned to that line of attack.

It is very clear that this is the same old McKinley, after all. The man who strove so long to persuade American voters that under his beneficent tariff law the foreigners paid our taxes will not hesitate at such little fictions as calling the Republican party the party of bimetallism. He is serenely confident of his ability to humbug all the people all the time.—Chicago Times.

Democrats Are Hopeful.

The general depression which appeared to be felt by all Democrats until some months ago seems to be fast disappearing, and while it was not an uncommon thing in midsummer to hear a Democrat speak in a hopeless way about the election this fall now there is nothing of this kind heard, but from every section comes a story of confident assurance.—Allentown (*Pa.*) Democrat.

A Gratifying Victory.

The Georgia Democrats have given a combination of Populists and Republicans a decisive whaling. The negroes voted largely with the Populists. Under the circumstances the victory is more gratifying than would have been a larger majority obtained over either of the opposing parties fighting singly.—Philadelphia Record.

The Winner Is Easy to Pick.

The whole country has "caught on" to the significance of the New York campaign. Even out in Montana an editor tells his readers that it is a contest between brains and a barrel.—Boston Globe.

Fact and Fancy.

The Indiana glass factories are starting up with a cheerfulness that is in the strongest contrast with the dull, gray pallor of Major McKinley's calamity howl.—New York World.

The Price of Lumber Advancing.

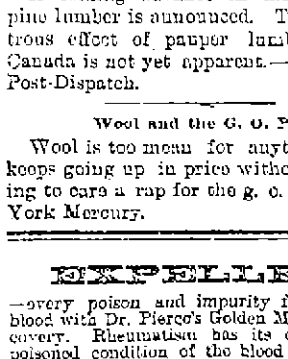
A coming advance in the price of pine lumber is announced. The disastrous effect of pauper lumber from Canada is not yet apparent.—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Wool and the G. O. P.

Wool is too mean for anything. It keeps going up in price without seeming to care a rap for the g. o. p.—New York Mercury.

EXPELLED

—every poison and impurity from your blood with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Rheumatism has its origin in a poisoned condition of the blood and is always relieved by this remedy, which acts on liver, kidneys and blood. Dyspepsia and stomach troubles are most often the result of a diseased liver. Rouse the torpid liver to action with the "Discovery."



"I feel a great deal better than I did before taking your "Golden Medical Discovery" for my rheumatism, and it does all that it is recommended to do. I have a daughter who was troubled with a weak stomach so that she vomited everything that she ate and the "Discovery" cured her also, which I am thankful for. Yours truly, JOHN S. LINT.
Alvarado, Steuben Co., Ind.

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Saddle and Harness Maker,
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HOME, SWEET HOME AUTHOR.

REMOVAL OF THE REMAINS OF JOHN HOWARD PAYNE.

Brought From Tunis to His Native Land. Pathetic Scene In the Little Protestant Church—Something About the Last Days of the Sweet Singer.

I chanced upon Mr. John Worthington the other day just after his return from Malta, where he has been United States consul since his appointment to that position by President Arthur in 1882. From time to time I have noticed extracts from his consular reports in the newspapers, but I particularly remembered his connection with the removal of John Howard Payne's remains to this country from Tunis at the instance of Mr. Corcoran of Washington.

Mr. Worthington said that one of the earliest and most interesting duties he had to perform as consul was to go to Tunis and exhume the body of John Howard Payne, the author of "Home, Sweet Home." This was on Jan. 5, 1883. Payne had been the American consul at Tunis and died there in 1852. His body lay in St. George's cemetery, in the heart of the town of Tunis, for 32 years, when Mr. Corcoran, the Washington banker, obtained permission from the state department to take it up and bring it to America.

"When I arrived at Tunis," Mr. Worthington continued, "it was noon—the exhumation was to take place at 1 o'clock. At the grave I found assembled Sir Thomas F. Reade (the British consul general), one or two gentlemen connected with the American consulate and about 20 other gentlemen, some of them Tunisians, dressed in the costumes of the country. Among the latter was Payne's old dragoman, who had been present at his death and funeral.

"There was nothing whatever left of the body except the skeleton, and in removing this skeleton from the grave to a coffin we had to put some of the earth in with it, as the coffin in which the body had been buried had crumbled away, the earth and bones becoming mixed.

"In stooping over the grave I noticed that the root of a tree—a pepper tree—had just begun to creep over the forehead. This I pulled away, and in so doing exposed a piece of bone as white as ivory, which, together with a branch of the pepper tree, I sent to Mr. Corcoran at Washington. I also obtained five or six brass buttons from the uniform in which Payne had been buried, one of which I sent to Mr. Corcoran, one to the secretary of state—in fact, I gave them all away, not keeping even one for myself.

"The body was then taken to the little English Protestant church at Tunis, where, the coffin having been covered with an American flag, we placed it on a table at the foot of the chancel and directly under a window which had been erected to Payne's memory by English and American residents, and on which was inscribed: 'To the memory of John Howard Payne, author of "Home, Sweet Home."'

This was just about sunset. The ceremony which took place was of a simple nature. An English naval officer played the air of 'Home, Sweet Home' on a little American melodeon which stood there, and after considerable urging I induced my wife to sing the words. This she at last consented to do, and standing there in the beautiful twilight singing helped to make one of the most pathetic scenes I have ever witnessed. At first she sung in brave tones, but gradually, as she began to think how this little scene might some day become historic, her voice trembled and trembled—which only added pathos to the scene—until there was not a dry eye in the church. Arabs, foreigners and all were wiping away the tears. It was simply overwhelming.

"There we left the body all night. The next day, at noon, we again assembled, when the coffin containing all that was left of Payne was carried to the Mariana, whence it was put aboard a French ship bound for Marseilles. It was then transferred to a ship coming direct to the United States, where it was taken to Washington and buried.

"Over the grave in Washington Mr. Corcoran dedicated a handsome monument, with appropriate ceremonies.

"The people of Tunis, as I learned afterward, felt aggrieved that even the old tombstone which had covered the grave for 30 odd years had been taken away to America. This was done by a mistake. Mr. Corcoran wrote me, and when he was informed of their feeling he at once authorized me to have a monument put up over the empty grave in Tunis. This I did, duplicating the one in Washington, except instead of putting a bust, as on the Washington monument, I had a little group of symbols cut for the top, one a ribbon, on which were carved the first few notes of 'Home, Sweet Home,' and the inscription (from Mrs. Ray Riley Smith's poem, 'Sometime'), 'Then Be Content, Poor Heart,' and the others a lute and a book."

"I suppose, Mr. Worthington, you obtained considerable information regarding Payne's life in Tunis?"

"Yes, I did, particularly from a Mr. Alfred Chappillie, the present United States vice consul in Tunis. He knew Payne very well and was very kind to him. It was through Mr. Chappillie largely that Payne was enabled to receive the assistance which made his last days comfortable without Payne knowing that it was charity. He was proud, he fancied—and his friends led him to believe—that the money he was living on was his own, whereas, as a matter of fact, his friends were helping him. He supposed it was his money which had been saved for him out of his own income.

"Payne lived in a fine large house in Tunis, which he had succeeded in getting the bey to let him occupy in his capacity as a servant of the United States. As he began to fail he staid in the house a great deal, sitting in a large chair, well wrapped up, with a hot fire burning—this, too, in the hot climate to be found there—contenting himself with brandy and soda. He finally died from exhaustion from inability to eat or retain anything, living on brandy altogether during the last few days of his life."—Philadelphia Press.

Carrying Out Orders at the Hospital.

The story following was told to the writer by the friend of the deceased:

"My friend sickened and was taken to the hospital, where, of course, he was under the care of a trained nurse. I had occasion several times to notice how strictly the nurse, a cold faced young woman, carried out the orders of the attending physician. One night I received a message announcing the death of my friend. I hastened to the hospital to do the last duties. The young woman nurse showed me into the room, pulled the sheet from the face of the dead and remained by the cot. 'Why didn't you close his eyes when he died?' I asked.

"'The physician never said anything to me about closing his eyes,' she replied in a purely mechanical way. I never realized as I did then how nearly a machine it is possible for some humans to become."—Chicago Herald.

The general committee of the German trade unions is now considering the advisability of calling together a congress next year.

HE WAS HEARTLESS.

A Human Reptile Who Disdained to Aid a Fellow Man.

A man who had just dined at a Woodward avenue restaurant the other evening was picking his teeth in that self satisfied way so aggravating to a hungry person when he was accosted by a pedestrian who promptly introduced himself as follows:

"'Deevening, sir. I am a bum. My name is Davidson. I want to ask a favor of you."

"I swore off long ago," replied the diner as he carried the toothpick over to his other jaw.

"You mistake my object, sir. I am no asking you for money to pay for drink lodgings or food. I do not want to go to Toledo, Buffalo or Chicago. In fact, sir, I do not want money to live on, but to die on."

"Um! Want to die, eh?"

"I do, sir. This is my last night in the beautiful city of Detroit and also on earth. By midnight my soul shall have winged its weary flight to that mysterious realm."

"Going to commit suicide?"

"I am. I have coolly and calmly figured it out. Life has been a failure. It is not worth the living. In that other land I can perhaps become a successful vag."

"But why should a dying man want money?"

"I owe a man in this town 25 cents. He is a good man, but poor. He lent me the money to keep me from suffering, and I won't be mean enough to die and leave him to whistle for it. I want to put that quarter in his hand and say to him: 'Jim, old boy, I am going hence, but before I go I want to square up. Here's your quarter, and may heaven reward you for your kindness.' That's what I want to say, sir, and I now ask you for the coin."

"Yes. You are sure to die?"

"My mind is irrevocably made up."

"And Jim must have his quarter?"

"He must."

"I'll do better than that," said the man as he pulled out book and pencil. "Give me Jim's address, and I'll call around in the morning and break the sad news of your death and hand him a half. What's the full name, please?"

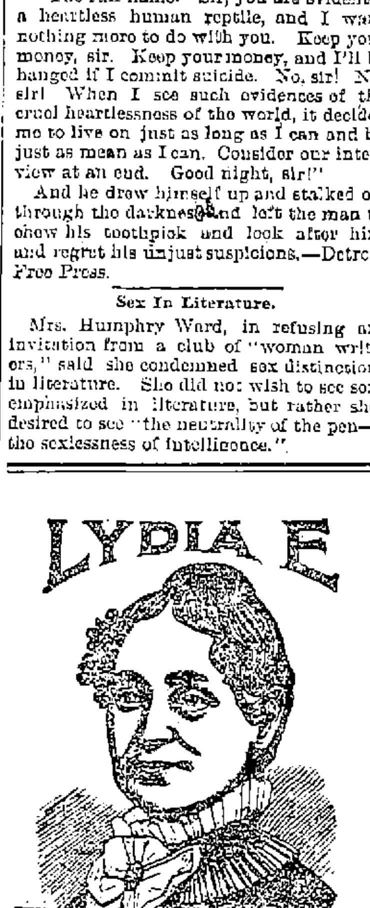
"The full name? Sir, you are evidently a heartless human reptile, and I want nothing more to do with you. Keep your money, sir. Keep your money, and I'll be hanged if I commit suicide. No, sir! No, sir! When I see such evidences of the cruel heartlessness of the world, it decides me to live on just as long as I can and be just as mean as I can. Consider our interview at an end. Good night, sir!"

And he drew himself up and stalked on through the darkness and left the man to chew his toothpick and look after him and regret his unjust suspicions.—Detroit Free Press.

Sex In Literature.

Mrs. Humphry Ward, in refusing an invitation from a club of "woman writers," said she condemned sex distinction in literature. She did not wish to see sex emphasized in literature, but rather she desired to see "the neutrality of the pen—the sexlessness of intelligence."

LYDIA E.



PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound
Is a positive cure for all those painful
Ailments of Women.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life.* Every time it will cure

Backache.

It has cured more cases of Leucorrhœa than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

Bearing-down Feeling

causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruations, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health," by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 90 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of *either* sex the Vegetable Compound is unequaled.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills cure Constipation, Sick Headache, 25c.

All druggists sell the Vegetable Compound, or sent by mail, in form of pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. *Correspondence freely answered.*

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LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

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Celebrated Anheuser Busch Beer.
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Saturday, Sept. 29th, at 2.30.

All interested are invited to attend. It will be informal, and for the purpose of organizing and making known the arrangements of classes for the season of 1894-'95. Dancing for the children from 2.30 to 4. All former members of children's classes and friends are invited. The first lesson will be given Saturday, October 6th.

Classes in dancing for Adults, Beginners, Intermediate and Advance, now open. Pupils received at any time. Hall for rent Monday and Tuesday evenings. For further information call on or address

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The Spindle Cigar
Is made by HENRY FLOOD: best smoke in town

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We are about to remove to more commodious quarters and find it necessary to close out our present stock of Harnesses of every description. The greatly reduced prices will place our stock within reach of everybody in need of Harnesses. Have leased for a term of years the "Old Brabrook Stand," established in 1827.
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Associate Hall. MR. BANTA will be at this hall every Wednesday after 3, to give Private Lessons in the Highland Fling, Hornpipe, Spanish Dance, Skip Rope, Sword Dance, Skirt Dance, Irish Reel, Jig, Clog Dance, Winging, &c., also Waltz, Schottische, Galop, Polka, any style dancing desired, $1 per lesson. Class in Ball Room Dancing meet at 8 every Wednesday Ev'g. Patrons may join this class by the lesson, 50c. per lesson

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THIS WEEK AT
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EVER POPULAR BARGAIN STORE,
NO. 111 CENTRAL STREET.

2 cases Ladies' Heavy Fleeced Jersey Ribbed Vests and Pants only 25c. each.
Underwear! Underwear!! Look at the bargains in Underwear.
2 cases Ladies' Fine Jersey Ribbed Vests and Pants 38c., worth 49c.
50 dozen Ladies' Extra Fine Jersey Ribbed Vests and Pants only 49c. each.
50 doz. Ladies' All-Wool Scarlet Vests and Pants 75c. each, former price $1.
2 cases Children's Merino Vests and Pants, from 10c. to 25c. each.
50 doz. Gent's Natural Wool Random Shirts and Drawers, only 25c. each.
50 doz. Gent's Scotch Random Shirts and Drawers, 38c. each, worth 50c.
50 doz. Gent's Natural Random Shirts and Drawers, now 49c. each.
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35 doz. Gent's All-Wool Scarlet Shirts and Drawers, 49c. each.
Hosiery! Hosiery!! Look at the bargains we offer in Hosiery.
84 doz. Children's Fast Black Hose 2½c. a pair.
75 dozen Ladies' Fast Black All Wool Hose 20c. a pair, never sold less than 25c. a pair.
120 doz. Children's Fast Black Hose, double knees, 15c., regular price 25c. a pair.
100 dozen Ladies' Fast Black Seamless Hose, 12 1-2c. a pair.
50 dozen Ladies' Heavy Ribbed Wool Hose, 25c a pair, former price 35c.
1 lot of Children's Seamless Hose 10c. a pair, well worth 15c. a pair.
2 cases Gent's All Wool Seamless Hose, 15c. a pair, worth 20c. a pair.
2 cases All Wool Seamless Hose, 20c. a pair, never sold less than 25c. a pair.
60 doz. Gent's Seamless Cotton Hose, 3 pairs for 25c.
50 doz. Gent's Extra Fine Seamless Hose, 12 1-2c. a pair.
Our Night Robes at 59c. are the talk of the city. You cannot buy the same Goods anywhere under $1.25 each. We have only a few left. Remember the price, 59c.—don't get left; they won't last long. Come and see us. You will be sure to buy and go away well pleased. Our store is stocked with Bargains, and nothing but Bargains.

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150 doz Men's Shirts and Drawers at 25c; down town price 38c.
100 doz Men's Shirts and Drawers, 50c; sold all over the city for 75c.
60 doz extra heavy Rilled at 50c, never sold less than 75c.
20 1-2 doz Blue Rilled, all wool, 75c; down town price, 89c.
60 doz fine Portsmouth Rilled at $1, sold elsewhere at $1.25. Our 75c and $1 Natural Wool Vests and Pants are unsurpassed by any firm in the city.
25 doz Ladies' Jersey Vests and Pants, 25c: cheap at 39c.
40 doz Jersey Vests and Pants, 39 1-2c; sold last year for 50c. They are the talk of the town.
50 doz Ladies' Jersey Vests and Pants, fleeced lined, 50c. They are the talk of Lowell.
Ladies' and Misses' Merino Vests and Pants, 25, 38, 50, 69, 85, 98c, $1 and $1.25.
These goods have all been bought since the new tariff bill passed, consequently we can sell them at bottom prices.
One word more, we have a full line of Misses' Merino and Scarlet Underwear at prices never offered before in New England.
☞TO THE PUBLIC.—We cordially invite you to inspect our new Fall Underwear, which we know will benefit you. Come one, come all.

BROWN ∴ BROTHERS,
OPP. MONUMENT SQUARE.

YOU ARE SURE

To have them during the next six weeks. We refer to the customary coughs and colds which always appear with the change from summer to fall weather. Taken in time they are easily shaken off, but if allowed to run may last all winter, and end with some serious complaint like consumption. Do you remember some of the marvelous cures performed by

Ellingwood's
Cough Balsam

Last winter? All we want now is to remind you of the best preparation in the world for coughs and colds, and later we shall publish testimonials from some of our well known and reliable citizens which must convince you of its value as a curer.

Price 25c., 50c., and $1 a Bottle.

THERE IS
no brand of high grade beers that smacks of better flavor, than the "Premier" or "Bavarian."
NO BETTER
stimulating and healthgiving beverage in the market than Smith's Philadelphia
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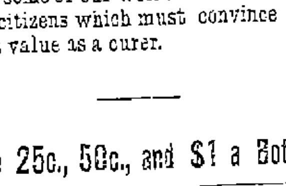

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Formerly with D. H. Wilson & Co., has started in business at
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where estimates on Steam, Water and Gas Fitting will be given. Copper Smith work of all kinds done, also repairs. All work guaranteed first class in every respect. Lowest Prices.

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Also Steam, Gas and Water Fitters. We also carry a large line of Gas Fixtures at lowest price.

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PICTURES, DIPLOMAS FRAMED,
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Our Prices Are Always One-third Off.
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HAY, GRAIN AND POULTRY FOOD.
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LOWEST PRICES. TELEPHONE 599

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OFFICE:
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PRICE OF GAS,
With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is
$1.00 ONE THOUSAND FEET.
First-class Gas Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered at $4.50 per chaldron, $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.
No charge made for the use of meters.
No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.
Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

THE GREAT AIM OF PLUTOCRACY.

The Enslavement of the Many By the Few In America.

The Tendency Shown In the Utterances of the Baron's Agents—Labor Naturally the Strongest Support of Government—Behold, the Light Is Breaking.

The Century Magazine for October furnishes food for reflection for those who believe in the principles set forth in the Declaration of Independence, but more especially for those optimistic patriots who pooh pooh the idea that there is a settled purpose in a certain quarter to divide this nation into two distinct classes—a governing class and a governed class. The governing power is to rest with the aristocracy of wealth, and the wealth producers are to be placed absolutely under the control of this power. Democracy is to be overthrown and plutocracy installed beyond all question, as there is now still some doubt as to whether that is our real though not acknowledged condition. The careful observer has not waited until this late day to reach the conclusion that the American lords and barons and their lickspittles have agreed among themselves that popular government is an ever present menace to the complete triumph of their aim to secure absolute dominion over the mudsills. That the people have been indifferent and careless in the exercise of the power resting in them until they are slaves in fact, if not in name, is not satisfying to plutocracy, for the power still exists, and it may be exercised ere it is too late. Therefore that power must be destroyed.

It is not enough that the rich have fastened the chains of industrial slavery upon the poor through legislation. While the producers are politically free and are permitted to combine for the enforcement of their economic rights, there is danger that they will remain a constant impediment to the complete establishment of a wealthy aristocracy and possibly under the lash of the taskmaster may be driven to exercise their political power for their regeneration. Stealthily, but persistently and unerringly, plutocracy has for 30 years, or since the liberation of the chattel slave, carried out its purpose of enslaving the wageworkers. Through a carefully prepared programme of legislation, carried out up to the present in accordance with an occasionally amended schedule, the moneybags of the world have made themselves the masters of American industry, and the bloated brigands grin with fiendish delight as in their dreams they hear the sounds of hammers forging bonds for the industrious. The foul and murderous business began with bonds, and it ends with bonds, but the first and the last are not the same. Law, law, law, has been the cry of the greedy cormorants for 30 years. Now it is "law and order." Their "law" stood for legalized theft, and their "order" means the bullets and bayonets of hired murderers.

I do not want to be misunderstood in this matter. I am not denouncing every man who is the possessor of capital—every employer. Few of the manufacturers or merchants of 30 years ago were even tacitly in the conspiracy to control the lawmaking power and through it the destinies of our people, but while this is true I must admit for consistency's sake that many in those classes have taken advantage of the opportunities presented to them because of their great fortunes accumulated since 1865 and are now part and parcel of the conspiracy of wealth. As against these I fully realize that the vast majority of our merchant class are either now or are destined to be victims of the same vicious and greedy beast that is devouring labor. They foolishly believe that they will either be able to protect themselves or graciously be allowed to escape, and because of this self deception their cries for the suppression of the "lawless workingman" rival those of the hired shouters of the barons. They were fierce in denouncing Debs and his comrades in the late unpleasantness and enthusiastic in applauding the autocracy of a president who eagerly jumped into the fray—on monopoly's side. They mildly and respectfully mumbled a protest against the ever recurring instances of the prostitution of government machinery to enhance the fiendish powers of the barons, but they are vehement in their demands that the disorder of robbed and starving workingmen be "stamped out." Their shortsightedness will prove their ruin.

But what of the articles in The Century? you ask. I had almost forgotten them, as they are so much like the many utterances that have come under the eyes of those who read the organs of the plutocracy in these times. It is difficult to select any as especially calling for attention. The whole lot is so infamous. One of the articles I have before me is signed "James Wier, Jr., M. D., 'Waveland,' Owensboro, Ky." The "Waveland" evidently refers to the country castle or baronial estate of the writer. Note the surroundings of the gentleman who writes about "The Methods of the Rioting Striker an Evidence of Degeneration." The article is a labored effort to show that physical degeneration, followed naturally by mental and moral degeneration, is the real cause of the "lawlessness evinced" by "our work people." It is not necessary to discuss what the doctor assigns as the prime causes of "degeneration." It is sufficient to say that he lays the blame for labor disturbances at the door of our foreign born population. This is the common trick today of the tool of plutocracy whether on the platform or in print. Every whippersnapper and lickspittle of the barons will tell you that "there would be no dissatisfaction among our work people if it wasn't for the influence of the scum of Europe which has swarmed upon our shores."

It is the anarchist from the slums of Europe that the soldiers are called upon to shoot down. The American workingman has no kick coming. In the language of the "Waveland" seer, who of course enjoys excellent opportunities for knowing all about the workingman:

> The native born American workingman descended from Anglo-Saxon ancestors has not yet been attacked by degeneration. In this fruitful land his struggle for existence has been easy. Consequently his physical and psychical beings have not been held in check and turned back by the exigencies of his surroundings, but, on the contrary, have been greatly developed. He takes broad and elevated views of sociological questions. He recognizes the fact that each man is the architect of his own fortunes, and that success depends on the intrinsic worth of each individual.

It is singular that the doctor, with all his knowledge, does not recognize that the courage to protest and fight against injustice is more likely to abide with the kind of men he has described than with those who are physically and psychically degenerated. The doctor made a slip in his reasoning, as he also did in his use of terms. How could he so far forget himself as to say "struggle for existence" in describing the happy conditions surrounding the native born American workingman? Further comment upon the above extract is not needed. It speaks for itself.

After condemning our immigration laws and charging once more upon the immigrant the responsibility for all labor disorders this savior of society, this kind hearted friend of "our work people," concludes his contribution to the Christianlike literature of nineteenth century civilization thus:

> Year after year Europe pours into the United States multitudes of degenerate human beings, who, incited by the freedom of American institutions and without the deterrent fear of summary punishment, immediately give free rein to their anarchistic imaginations, and wherever they think that the favorable moment has arrived plunge into anarchy and lawlessness. These people are savages and should not be treated as civilized beings. They are not amenable to those arguments which would undoubtedly prevail were they civilized men and women. Consequently it is folly to argue with them. Their ideas of social economics are totally different from those of the civilized world, and the sooner the world recognizes this fact the better it will be for civilization. When the Indians out west go on the warpath, we know how to control them. The psychologist considers the anarchist as being no better than the Indian.

What a fix chaps of this doctor's stripe would be in if they hadn't the term "anarchist" to juggle with! I am opposed to the anarchist theory of no government and have no sympathy with the kind of "anarchist" the doctor writes about, but it seems to me there is a better way to destroy his power than to butcher him—a better way because its results would be more lasting. To kill off the products of a system and not change the system is like cutting sweet pea blossoms to make the vines bear heavily through the whole season. If the American workingman's condition was not such as to make him grateful for the sympathy of any one who in any way espouses his cause, if the powers that be in government showed some consideration for his rights and less subserviency to the money mongers, trust tyrants and corporation cormorants, there would be no difficulty with "rioting foreigners" in labor disputes. Organized labor in America would prove the government's strongest protector if the men who represent the government in its legislative, executive and judicial branches were not everlastingly arrayed upon the side of privilege and pelf. There were no "anarchistic foreignors" engaged in the recent railway strike, and yet the administration at Washington promptly got into shape to control the strikers "as we control the Indians." What rioting there was began after the courts and the soldiers were openly arrayed upon the side of the arrogant corporations.

The editor of "Topics of the Time" in Century asks, also in the October number, "While all the rest of the people are upholding law and order, how does it come about that the laboring classes are in so many instances seeking to overthrow law and order?" The implied charge in the query is not true. If it were, the answer might be found in such instances as the one I refer to in the foregoing paragraph. But we will let the questioner make his own answer. Here it is: "It is because, as we said in 1893, our laboring class is not as a body American, but anti-American. That it is becoming more American through experience we are glad to believe." How the writer makes his statements that the laboring classes "are in so many instances" conducting themselves like "anti-Americans" and yet "are becoming more American through experience" fit into each other it is difficult to see, especially as the recent railway difficulty, which of course had very strong "anti-American" tendencies, was one of the causes which provoked him into writing his little piece. But editors of high priced magazines are not required to be consistent. All they are expected to do is to pound the mudsills and prejudice the middle class.

There's where the trouble lies; there's the correct answer to the question, "Why is there unrest among 'our' work people?" The middle class is deceived by the agents of plutocracy into believing that the working people are responsible for the disturbances which cause suffering to business interests. In the hurry of commercial life our merchants and small manufacturers have allowed the subsidized editors and professors of the barons to do their thinking. Of the burdens which Shylock has put upon the people the middle class has passed its share along in the regular course of business until it has found a final resting place upon the shoulders of the sill, who has simply been forced deeper into the mud. Occasionally one of the middlemen is unable to shift the burden, and he is crushed by its weight. Such an experience sometimes makes him think, and then he joins the ranks of the discontented. But through it all Shylock is gathering his toll and rearing his palace of plutocracy. When the middle class cries out because it is pinched, Shylock offers comfort and encouragement by whispering: "Have no fear. I am your friend. If you will allow your public servants to do as I require, I will furnish you the capital to carry on your business. You cannot turn a wheel without my help, and it is fortunate [aside, "For me"] that I am your friend, my dear."

So the swindle goes on, and the man who really believes that he loves peace more than any one else is the unwitting cause of most of the trouble. The light is breaking though. It is pleasant to be able to say that before closing this letter. The dawn is rising this time in the west. The people of the prairies and mountains have seen the light, and it has enabled them to locate the cause of strikes, riots and tramps. The news is spreading over the south, the north—aye, and even in the east it is being told, and there are many who receive it with gladness. Shylock is trembling in his boots, for there are rumors that the next big strike will be by the building trades employed on the palace of plutocracy, and that it will be impossible to secure others to take the strikers' places. The first vote on the strike is to be taken Nov. 6, 1894. If it doesn't carry at that time, it surely will on Nov. 6, 1896, when another vote will be taken.

JOS. R. BUCHANAN.

A Day's Work.

Does not our neighbor, The Record, err in asserting positively that "employers have learned by experience that a shortened day means relatively increased wage, just as a long day means a short wage?"

Economists, statisticians, business men and labor leaders have been studying this subject for some years, and all have come to the conclusion that the reduction of the hours of labor to the eight hour point has not decreased the productivity of the worker nor the labor cost of the product. England has furnished a vast quantity of data bearing upon the problem, all of which support this position. It would of course be absurd to contend that the hours of labor could be indefinitely decreased without corresponding decrease of the product, but it has been very thoroughly demonstrated that the change from ten to eight hours in English factories has cost the employer nothing and profited the worker much in time for rest, recreation and self improvement.—Chicago Times.

Starvation In Pullman.

Some hundreds of people in the town of Pullman are gradually starving to death. This statement is literally true. Pullman is some miles out in the country from Chicago, and after the great strikes of June and July ended so much had been written about the place that the newspapers and public were tired of reading about it. For two months the press of Chicago had almost nothing to say about Pullman or the condition of the people who were living there. Yet the people have continued to exist, entirely dependent upon the charity of others. After public interest in the strikes had died away the supplies which were being furnished to the needy in the town of Pullman palace cars slowly but steadily decreased. The climax was reached this week when about 700 people who applied at relief headquarters for food yesterday morning were told that there was nothing more for them.—Chicago Cor. Philadelphia Press.

The Six Hour Day.

The proposal to inaugurate a six hour day of labor in the building trades was doubtless inspired by a humane and altruistic purpose. It comes from the men already employed, and what it really means is that these persons are willing to divide the work which they have with the unfortunates who have no work at all. To do such work as is to be done at the rate of six hours a day instead of eight would require a fourth more hands. Eight men would find work where six are now employed. The original six would surrender a portion of their wages to the incoming two.—Chicago Record.

The Modern Hell.

The ancient hell of torments dire
Was pictured forth with flames and fire,
Where sinning souls were swiftly sent
To get their meted punishment.
The modern hell—but my weak pen
Dares hardly strive to show to men
What dreadful torments daily go
To make the round of modern woe.

From early dawn till falls the night
No rest has he, the luckless wight
Who toils to gain the daily bread
With which his children must be fed.
Perhaps in dark, unhealthful mines
Or on the railway's lengthened lines
He risks his life from day to day
To keep the demon Want at bay.
Perhaps in factories where the light
Of day scarce changes from the night
He toils amidst a horrid din
A meager sustenance to win.

In crowded garrets, hot and high,
Where multitudes in squalor lie
He makes his home. There sickness comes
And through the place at will it roams.
It lays its ghastly hand on youth,
For tender years it has no ruth,
And soon a harvest great is reaped,
And tiny mounds are quickly heaped
Above the heads where till this rest
None other had their lives e'er blest.

The meager pittance that they earn
Just serves to make the fire burn
That's known as life within their frames,
But only smolders, never flames.
And living is the same as death
Except they have the one thing—breath—
That is denied the peaceful dead
Who lie in earth beneath their tread.

From tortured millions comes the cry,
"We are but slaves who live and die
At will of those who have the pow'r
To legislate and change each hour
The laws to suit themselves and reap
Therefrom a harvest, which they keep
'Neath lock and key, while starving men
Cry out for bread, and back again
The cry is hurled in bitter scorn,
'The poor man never should be born.'"

O God in heaven, hear the cries
That daily to thy throne arise.
Send forth thy bolts of garnered wrath,
Blast through this country one clean path,
That levels all to one fair plane,
Where all shall rule, and none shall reign,
Where man to man shall brother be
And all be one equality.

—W. Reed Dunroy.

TRAIN ROBBERY

The Desperadoes Fire 200 Shots at a Train.

PASSENGERS GAVE UP VALUABLES IN FEAR.

Four Police Officials Among the Victims.

WAGONER, I. T., Oct. 22.—A Kansas City and Memphis express was wrecked and robbed by the Cook gang of desperadoes at Corneta, a blind siding, five miles south of here. The train was running 20 miles an hour. When within 100 feet of the switch a man came out from behind an embankment and throw the switch for the siding, running the train into a string of box cars.

Engineer Harris applied the air brakes and reversed the engine. The robbers commenced firing at the engine and coaches, and as soon as the train stopped, two of them commanded the engineer and fireman to come down. As soon as they had dismounted, the robbers marched them to the baggage and express cars. Here they forced Express Messenger Ford to open the doors by perforating the side of the car w'th bullets.

Plans Were Well Laid.

Meanwhile two more of the robbers had taken up a position at the rear end of the sleeper to prevent any one escaping. Two others mounted the platform between the smoker and baggage car and two were on the platform between the first and second coaches, all keeping up a continual firing.

The two robbers in the express car were meanwhile ransacking that car, securing all the money in the local safe. They commanded Messenger Ford to open the through safe, but when he explained that the safe was locked at the main office, and not opened until it reached its destination, they left the car.

The two men on the front platform then started through the coach demanding money and valuables. As soon as they reached the rear end of the coach the two men on that platform started through the second coach.

When they were about half way through, a freight train, following close behind, whistled, and Bill Cook, the leader, who had all the time remained outside issuing commands, swearing at the passengers and shooting, called for all hands to come out.

The men on the cars jumped out, and when all were on the ground fired a last volley at the train and disappeared in the darkness. There were eight or 10 men in the party. Two of them were white and the others were halfbreeds.

No Respecters of Persons.

Special Officers Helinick and Dickinson of the Missouri Pacific were on the train, also United States Deputy Marshals Brunner and Casaver, but they were covered by Winchesters in the hands of the bandits before they had time to make a move. Casavar lost a watch and a six-shooter.

The train was backed up to this place for assistance. The cars were completely riddled with bullets, every window being broken. The engine cab was shot all to pieces, even the steam gauge and gauge lamp being shot away, and the ground around the wreck covered with empty shells. It was a miracle that many lives were not lost. Over 200 shots were fired.

The Missouri Pacific immediately started a special train from Little Rock, carrying Superintendent W. J. McKee, and picking up deputy marshals. United States Indian Agent Wisdom of Muskogee has ordered all the Indian police to report for duty.

Prominent Worcester Man Dead.

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 22.—Hon. Samuel Winslow, ex-mayor of this city, died yesterday after a sickness of nearly a year. He accumulated a large fortune in the manufacture of skates. He served in the Massachusetts legislature and was mayor of Worcester for four terms. He was actively interested in suburban street railways.

Chinese Casualties.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—Mail from the Orient brings news of a fire at Chung-Kiang. Over 30 people were burned to death and 2000 houses were destroyed. Disastrous floods were reported in northeastern China. Many women and children were drowned and an enormous property loss suffered.

Baggagemen Thrown Out.

SELMA, Ala., Oct. 22.—The new management of the Southern railway issued an order to the effect that on Nov. 1 all the train baggagemen will be removed. Express messengers will have to attend to both baggage and express matter.

His Worth Realized.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—All the papers this morning contain leaders of eulogy on James Anthony Froude. The Times says that his death seems to close a memorable and brilliant chapter in the literary history of the country.

Fast Bicycling In Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 22.—E. E. Anderson broke the world's class A bicycle record for one-quarter mile, unpaced, flying start, Saturday. He made the distance in 26 4-5s., taking 1 1-5s. off the record made by F. H. Grosch.

Schoolhouse Burned.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Oct. 22.—The Cottage City school building was totally destroyed by an incendiary fire. School is suspended until books can be procured, when sessions will be resumed in the town hall.

His Life Crushed Out.

TAUNTON, Mass., Oct. 22.—Robert Ellis of East Boston, while helping repair a railroad bridge, was pinned under a 2200-pound hammer. He died three hours later.

A Football Victim.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 22.—Millard, halfback of Brown, was so badly injured in the game with Wesleyan Saturday that he will be unable to play again this year.

Suicide of a Southern Musician.

KNOXVILLE, Oct. 22.—Chloral, taken with suicidal intent, ended the life of Linda Miller, one of the most famous female musicians in the south.

Has the Gout.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—A dispatch from Simla says that the doctors there believe that the symptoms displayed by the Ameer of Afghanistan are due to gouty complications, which may disappear, and that the ameer has instructed his notables and generals to support his eldest son, Prince Habib Oullah, in the succession to the throne.

Why Not.

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying too much for printing. Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.

MANSLAUGHTER

Did Young Martin Cause Patrick Buckley's Death?

HOODLUMISM AND ITS AWFUL RESULT.

Meagre Details of the Affair On Part of the Police.

A fatal affair occurred in Belvidere, Saturday night as a result of which Patrick H. Buckley, an elderly and well known citizen of Belvidere lies dead and Michael J. Martin a 17 years old boy is in a cell charged with having caused his death.

There were many stories of the affair no two of which are alike.

It appears that about 9.30 o'clock Saturday evening as the wife of Deputy McQuade was passing the wood yard on Concord street near Andover with her neice, Miss Wexted of Newark, N. J., the latter was struck by a stone. The ladies becoming frightened, ran into the store of James J. Dolan and one of the employes notified Officer Hurley. About the same time, a man named Higgins informed the officer that he had been struck while some one yelled "they are down the street."

Officer Hurley and Mr. Higgins ran down to the corner of Everett and Fayette street where they found a man named Burns who was supporting Patrick H. Buckley who was lying unconscious, suffering from what appeared to be a scalp wound caused by a stone.

The ambulance was called and the unfortunate man was removed to St. John's hospital where he died shortly after midnight.

Michael J. Martin Arrested.

The police immediately set out to discover who threw the stone which caused Buckley's death as well as any evidence tending to throw light on the matter.

It was learned that the trouble began in what is known as Tompkins' alley, directly opposite the spot where Miss Wexted was struck, and at this place it is said the arrested man Michael J. Martin and a young man named James Roche, who bears a very good reputation became involved in a quarrel during which Martin called Roche a vile name, receiving a slap on the mouth for the insult. Then it is said Martin threw stones at Roche, "laying for him" to use a slang expression.

At the corner of Everett and Fayette streets, it is said, Martin threw the stone which missed Roche and struck Patrick Buckley who had left his home in the rear of 24 High street but 10 minutes before, and who had just arrived on the scene.

The trouble between Roche and Martin began earlier in the evening, in a barroom, where it is said Martin began "guying" an old Englishmen who had been exhibiting many medals to a number of young men.

How Many Threw Stones.

Judging by the number of persons struck by stones there were more than one person throwing them and it is thought that a number of the friends of Martin were out to avenge the blow struck by Roche, at their friend. Walter Mellon of Fayette street was struck on the foot, James Smith a fireman at the High street engine house and two or three others had narrow escapes from being struck. The missiles were thrown from alleys and it was difficult to ascertain just who threw them.

Office Hurley interviewed a number of people in the vicinity and at three o'clock yesterday morning, he, together with Capt. Moffatt and Inspector Allen, arrested Martin from his home at the corner of High and East Merrimack street.

Martin admits having had trouble with Roche but denies having thrown the stone which caused Buckley's death. He said that when Roche struck him, he went home as Roche is much older and a more powerful man than himself. But while protesting his innocence Martin agreed that "things looked black" for him. He has retained W. F. Courtney, Esq., as counsel.

The Victim's Son Talks.

Patrick Buckley, Jr., oldest son of the dead man, said that he was with his father when the latter was struck and that he was going to pick him up but became frightened at the number of stones thrown. Young Buckley was not on the scene when Officer Hurley arrived.

A number of stories were told, after Martin's arrest, though no one seemed to tell anything that was not in the line of hearsay evidence.

Joe Lennon, coachman for Putnam, was passing along Fayette street a few minutes before the fatality occurred and saw a young man picking up stones and muttering. He thought the man was crazy and ran away.

Frank Mooney, aged 12 years, tells a straight story of the affair, claiming to have followed the hoodlums who threw the stones.

The Autopsy Held.

At the hospital Medical Examiner Irish, Drs. Meigs, Jones and Ricker held an autopsy, and the skull was found to be severely fractured.

Patrick Buckley, the victim, was 60 years old and is survived by four sons and a widow.

Still Another Story.

The first story told to the police and which seemed most plausible, is that the wrangle between Roche and Martin began in Ed. Cushing's bar-room. According to this an old man named Clark was entertaining a crowd by relating stories of his experiences in the English army, and how he won medals in big battles in Egypt and India. It is said that several youngsters guyed the old man and that Roche told Martin to shut up and let the old man alone.

From what was said Roche slapped Martin and the latter went out muttering something about revenge. Roche did not leave until later and when passing by Tompkin's alley got the first shower of rocks.

Inquest Ordered.

Medical examiner Irish has ordered an inquest for tonight and District Attorney Weir will be present.

Conflicting Identification.

Yesterday it was generally reported that a certain newspaper man could identify the assailant, whom he said was not Martin. He denies the story today, and Officer Hurley says he does not remember the newspaperman grabbing him on the arm and saying "There is the fellow who threw the rock; arrest him!" The police believe that there is considerable living among many of the supposed witnesses to the affair.

Almost Starved to Death.

HALIFAX, Oct. 22.—Steamer Harlaw brought as passengers from Bay of Islands, Captain McDonald and five men of the Gloucester (Mass.) fisher, Martha C., which was driven ashore at a place called Bear Point on Sept. 28. The crew for 13 days lived under a tent made of canvas saved from the wreck. They had little or nothing to eat, and, when assistance arrived, were on the verge of starvation. The Martha C. was returning from a trading voyage to Labrador.

To Make a Doughnut

"Take a hole and put some dough around it, then fry in lard." This simple recipe has brought thousands to grief, just because of the frying in lard, which as we all know hinders digestion. In all recipes where you have used lard, try

Cottolene

the new vegetable shortening and you will be surprised at the delightful and healthful results. It is without unpleasant odor, unpleasant flavor or unpleasant results. With COTTOLENE in your kitchen, the young, the delicate and the dyspeptic can all enjoy the regular family bill of fare.

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The Japanese Dishes we are offering for 6c. each, you will want a dozen or more, if your eyes are open to a bargain. These dishes can be used for oatmeal at the breakfast table, or they may be used for sliced tomatoes and a variety of dishes.

They are nicely decorated, and look extremely pretty. They can be seen in one of our store windows. Remember they are only

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Six Splendid Musical Entertainments for $1.50 and $2.00, according to Location.

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NOVEMBER 7.
The famous Women's Philharmonic Orchestra of 24 lady instrumentalists and that charming soprano, Miss Priscilla White; a galaxy of artistes.

NOVEMBER 22.
Herbert Johnson's splendid Quartet Club, with a well known, clever humorist and reader. Two hours music and merriment.

DECEMBER 6.
The admired Cecilian Ladies' Quartet, with a reader, supplemented by the great artist the celebrated violin virtuoso, Alfred de Seve and Mrs. de Seve. A rare opportunity or a rare combination.

DECEMBER 20.
"Thomas Moore and his Poems." A magnificent entertainment by a bright clever lecturer and splendid tenor singer, Mr. M. J. Dwyer of the Boston Herald. This lecture is illustrated pictorially by the stereopticon and musically by Mr. Dwyer, and a fine quartet.

JANUARY 3.
The famous "Old Homestead Quartet," in an original and entertaining musical programme covering all branches of part singing. A clever humorist comes with them.

JANUARY 17.
The Boston Instrumental Club consists of some 15 members of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, the cream of what is the most artistic musical organization in the United States. Their programme of rare excellence will be varied by the singing of a contralto of national reputation, whose name will be given later.

N. B.—This course is the lowest in price and biggest in point of artistic excellence ever offered to the Lowell public. The concerts come every Thursday night except the first, which is on Wednesday.
Tickets $1.50 and $2, on sale next Saturday. Full particulars then.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

Wholesale Prices to the Consumer. Best Minnesota Haxall Flour,

$4.00 Per Bbl.

50c. 1-8 Bbl. Sack. A printed Guarantee with every barrel or sack bought

Other goods sold on a small margin, but we are selling Flour just now.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers,
415 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL, MASS.

Do You Go To Lawrence?
If So, Call At
THE HOTEL BRUNSWICK,
Which now has the Finest Dining Rooms in the city. They have been recently renovated. The Cuisine is Unsurpassed

OFFICE TO LET—In THE SUN building. A nice location for a doctor or light professional business. Inquire at THE SUN office.

Lowell Opera House
MONDAY AND TUESDAY,
October 22nd and 23d.
LEWIS MORRISON
—AS—
"MEPHISTO"
In his famous, dramatic, scenic and electric production of
FAUST.
A performance celebrated throughout the entire English speaking world. In the cast are Miss Florence Roberts as Marguerite, and Mr. Edward Elsner.
Regular Prices, $1, 75, 50, 35, 25c. Seats on sale Friday.

One Performance Only.
Wednesday Oct. 24.
C. M. Bertram's comedians, in the newest, greatest and most successful farce comedy production,
HOSS AND HOSS
Up to Date and a little Beyond.
Never Half So Big. Never Half So Funny. Never Half So Attractive.
If You Want Fun Go Where Fun Is.
Regular Prices, $1, 75, 50, 35, 25c. Seats on sale Monday at 10 o'clock.

One Night Only.
Thursday, Oct. 25.
America's Greatest Actor,
MR. JAMES A.
HERNE,
In his original creation of Nathan'l Berry in his own beautiful play,
SHORE ACRES,
As presented by him 114 nights at the Boston Museum. 257 nights in New York City. Under the direction of Henry C. Mentor.
Prices—$1.50 $1, 75, 50, 35, 25c. Seats on sale Tuesday.

Music Hall,
One Week Only.
MONDAY, OCTOBER 22.
Ladies' Reception Matinee—Wednesday. Children's Candy Matinee—Saturday.
LOWELL'S FAVORITE ACTRESS,
Miss Ether Tucker
Supported by Her Own Company.
3-GREAT PLAYS-3
Monday and Tuesday Nights,
FANCHON.
POPULAR PRICES, 10c., 20c., and 30c.

Stained and Varnished interiors will soon be a thing of the past.
The latest style is to use
B. & K.
CLEAR TONED
INTERIOR PAINTS
The delicate party colors of which harmonize with the newest shades of wall papers.
They dry with flat finish and can be cleaned with soap and water.
SOLD ONLY AT
C. B. Coburn & Co.'s
63-71 Market Street.

McCARTIN'S BAKERY, 107 Gorham Street.
Domestic Bread, Cake and Pastry.
Orders for Wedding Cake promptly filled. Beans received for baking.

E. R. DONOVAN, Office: 85 Gorham Street.
Constable and Auctioneer.

EDWARD CAWLEY, Office, 131 Central Street.
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Coal of all kinds. Also dealer in Wood, Lime, and Cement. Agent for the celebrated Portland drain and sewer pipe. Elevator, Rogers Street Bridge.

JAMES A. CAWLEY, Moore Street
COAL.
Telephone for Summer Prices. All orders promptly delivered. (Late of firm of Cawley Bros

J. J. GALLAGHER, 260 Merrimack Street,
Depot Cigar Store,
All the leading brands of Cigars and Tobacco

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street
Clothing, Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed
Orders received for cleaning dying and pressing promptly and neatly executed.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street,
Photographers,
Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work Guaranteed.

FRANCIS W. QUA, No. 3 Barristers' Hall,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street,
Meats and Provisions,
(Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

WANT COLUMN
Advertisements inserted under this head for ONE CENT A WORD, first insertion; subsequent insertions HALF PRICE.

TENEMENTS TO LET

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut St.

TO LET—A pleasant office in THE SUN building. Inquire at SUN office.

FOR SALE—Cottage of six rooms newly painted and papered, good lot of land, fine well of water, situated near the Bleachery. A great bargain at $850. Very easy terms. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

WANTED—Capable men to represent our nurseries. Write Ellwanger & Barry, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED.—Active man with about $150 can get a permanent agency which will pay $25 a week and expenses. C. Stephenson, Franklin house.

$900 AND EXPENSES PAID competent men first year, or large commission, selling by sample, staple goods to merchants. No peddling. Experience unnecessary. For sealed particulars send stamp. Household Specialty Co., 13 4th street, Cincinnati, O.

WANTED.—25 salesmen at the great fire sale, 173 Middlesex street.

FOR SALE in Centralville a nice cottage house of 7 rooms, large lot of land and on easy terms. Price, $1350. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

WANTED—Ladies to apply or address Room 5, 94 Central street, Lowell and find out how to make money easy.

CHILDREN'S SHOES soled and heeled 25c at Cunningham's, Bridge street, Merrimack square, and Palmer street.

FOR SALE—cottage of 8 rooms and pantry near Salem street, sewer connections, good lot of land, price $1800. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

WANTED—Salesman; salary from start, permanent place. Brown Bros. Co., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

GET YOUR SUMMER CLOTHES cleansed at the Merrimack Steam Dyeing and Cleansing house. Clothing dyed, cleansed and repaired at short notice, 47 Merrimack street, F. P. Lew, proprietor.

$75.00 PER MONTH easily earned without financial risk by reliable agents with team, at retailing our teas, coffees, standard extracts, baking powder, spices, etc., packed in imported tea pots, ruby, crystal, enameled and engraved agate and glassware, etc., of extensive varieties and value. Address for illustrated circular, terms, etc., to wholesale house, N. E. Distributing Co., 78 Broad street, Boston.

FOR SALE in Canaan, N. H., good farm of 60 acres of good land, large sugar orchard, cottage house, large barn and shed; ½ mile from school, church, store and post office. Price, $500. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

OLD PAPERS, just the thing to put under carpets, 5 cents a hundred at this office.

FOR SALE—Two tenement house, 8 minutes walk from post office; this is a bargain. Price, $1250. G. L. Hubbard, Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—A fruit, confectionery, tobacco and cigar store on one of the principal streets in this city. Excellent location, doing a large business. Best of reasons for selling. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED—Rooms to let at 40 Bridge street.

FOR SALE—City and country property of all kinds and all prices to suit every one that wants to buy. We have boarding and lodging houses in all parts of the city and money to loan on all kinds of property. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE.—A 4-tenement block. Store in one, rents for $28 per month, built but a few years, 2740 feet of land, near center of the city and one of the best pieces of property on our list for investment, price $2500. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

FOR SALE—A good farm of 50 acres with good buildings, 5 miles from Lowell. Price $2000.

FOR SALE in Ward Four new cottage house of 7 rooms with large lot of land. Price $2000. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—A nice cottage house of 7 rooms and shed all in best of condition, gas, cemented cellar, sewer connections, concrete walks, good lot of land room for stable, situated in one of the best locations in the Highlands. Few steps from Coral street—Price $2000. Fish & Plummer, 137 Central street.

FOR SALE—Small farm of 7 acres, cottage house and shed; 3 miles to Lowell, ½ mile to mills, 5 minutes walk to cars. Price only $700. G. L. Hubbard, 17 Merrimack street.

VARIETY STORES use old papers for wrapping purposes. We sell them at this office for 6 cents a hundred.

FOR SALE.—A small farm seven miles from Lowell, one-half mile from the depot, near the school, one acre of blackberries, one quarter of an acre of strawberries, seventy-five apple trees, twenty pear trees, one and a half acres with three acres of planted. Rare bargain. For further particulars see C. W. Pinkham, 55 Merrimack street. Come quick or you will lose this chance.—200 acres of a farm, with a 20 room house; would make a fine summer boarding house. Cuts 50 tons of hay, plenty of fruit, one and a half miles from the depot, and ($1150) eleven hundred and fifty dollars will capture this place. Inquire of C. W. Pinkham, 55 Merrimack street.

F. L. RICHARDSON,
Real Estate and Business Broker,
—AT—
56 CENTRAL STREET.

BOARDING HOUSES in all parts of the city. Prices from $250 to $1200.

MILK ROUTE, 20 cans, fine teams. Price $650.

HOUSE TO LET in Middlesex Village for $13.

TWELVE SMALL STORES, some cigar and tobacco, others variety, grocery, and some great bargains. Before you buy call at 56 CENTRAL STREET and see our list.

Nudd The Engraver,
DOES WORK FOR
All the Leading Jewelers.
Nothing but Artistic Work Done at NUDD'S, 64 Central St., Room 5.

Are You Ready for Hot Weather?
Prepare by buying a good Oil Stove or Refrigerator. Perhaps you need a Baby Carriage. These can be had at bargain prices at
VICTOR PIHL'S,
CORNER CENTRAL AND NORTH STS

Arthur M. Bertrand,
(Successor to F. W. Sargent,)
MERCHANT TAILOR.
FINE TAILORING A SPECIALTY.
24 Middle Street, Lowell, Mass.
Dress Suits to Let.

NOTRE DAME ACADEMY,
LOWELL, MASS.
Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies
ESTABLISHED 1852. . . . CHARTERED 1853.
This school continues the careful training and thorough instruction in every department for which it has hitherto been so favorably known. For particulars address: The Superior.

FISHER H. PEARSON, Room 44 P. O. Block,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

SUN WEATHER BULLETIN.

ALMANAC FOR MONDAY, OCT. 22.

Sun Rises	6 05	Moon Rises	11 55 PM
Sun Sets	4 52	Full Sea	5 00 AM, 5 39 PM
Length of Day	10 46		

Forecast for New England: Generally fair; east to south winds, slightly warmer in the interior.

LOCAL NEWS.

Be joyful and smoke Tower's corner.

The sacred cantata chorus which is being directed by Dr. F. E. Rix will soon give a concert for some worthy object.

James S. Hastings, who substituted as a reporter on THE SUN during the summer, has joined the Boston Post reportorial staff.

The Atlantic social club held its fifth complimentary ball to the ladies at its club room on Moore street, Saturday evening. Mr. Harry Needham was general manager, D. Hartley and Fred Bell aids. The occasion was very enjoyable.

Typhoid Is Present.

There were 34 deaths last week a rate of 20.8, a slight increase over the previous two weeks. There were 9 cases of typhoid and 3 of scarlet fever.

Nothing Succeeds Like Success.

The firm of Scott & O'Day, the well known pipers and plumbers, have removed to larger and more convenient quarters on Gorham street, opposite the new post office. This popular firm, no doubt, will have great success in their new shop.

Bowling In Providence.

Les Miserables bowling team went to Providence this morning to take part in the grand opening of the new bowling alleys in that city, owned by John B. Swift and others of this city. The team of crack bowlers intend to show the Providence people what good bowling is made of.

Sample of Young Americanism.

A little six year old boy, residing in Ward Five was told that if he was a good boy he might have a party for his little friends on Hallowe'en. The youngster replied: "I don't want to have a party on that night, because I want to go out and ring door bells, and play tick-tack on the windows." The young idea soon learns to shoot.

Utilizing the Skating Rink.

It is stated that the revival meetings to be held by Evangelist Moody, will gather in the old skating rink on Branch street, for years occupied by the Standard Bottling and the Moxie companies.

The rink has not been used for meetings for years, the last big one being that held by the Knights of Pythias when the supreme chancellor of the world visited the city. The big concerts used to be given there also.

The Billiard Tournament.

At the Highland club Saturday evening Walter Leighton won the billiard tournament. The results of the matches were as follows: First round, Church beat Lyman 65 to 32, Goddard beat Snyder by default, Sturtevant beat Bradbury 55 to 27, Pevey beat Smith 60 to 67, Harris beat Morton 75 to 28, Saunders beat Hawes by default, Leighton beat Anderson 75 to 61, Libby beat Barton 24 to 60; second round, Goddard beat Church 60 to 60, Sturtevant beat Pevey 55 to 48, Harris beat Saunders 75 to 70. Leighton beat Libby 75 to 41. In the semi-finals, Sturtevant beat Goddard 55 to 41, Leighton beat Harris 75 to 68. In the final Leighton beat Sturtevant 75 to 36.

A Happy Wedding.

The marriage of Mr. Robert O'Connor chief engineer at the Consumers' Brewery and Miss Sarah E. Cluin, sister of John J. Cluin, occurred last evening at St. Peter's parochial residence, the happy couple being united by Rev. Fr. Ronan. The ceremony was witnessed only by the immediate relatives of the contracting parties. The bride was attended by her cousin, Miss Josie Honan and Mr. Joseph A. Malone officiated as best man. At the conclusion of the ceremony the bridal party repaired to the home of Mr. and Mrs. O'Connor on B street where a reception was held. They were the recipients of many costly wedding gifts. They will be at home after Nov. 1.

Music Hall's Special.

Messrs Thomas and Watson certainly made a ten strike when they secured for this one week only the very popular actress Ethel Tucker supported by her specially selected company, who will present three very strong plays, "Fanchon" "The new Magdalen" and "A Mountain Pink." Her opening play "Fanchon" will serve to show her company and herself to the very best advantage. She has played the part a great deal; every where receiving unstinted praise. Special attention will be paid to scenery, costumes and appointments. A ladies, reception matinee will be given Wednesday and a children's candy matinee Saturday. Her company is an exceptionally strong one and the patrons of Music Hall can look forward to a thoroughly enjoyable dramatic treat the entire week.

KICKING THE BALL.

Two Fine Exhibitions of Foot Ball, One of Rugby and the Other of Association Game.

It is pretty discouraging to athletic clubs to arrange events and get no patronage. At the foot ball game on the Dracut oval, Saturday, the attendance was very slim, yet the match was a great one, closely contested from beginning to end.

It was won by the Internationals against the Lowells 4 goals to 2, and the small score shows how closely contested it was. There was much feeling between the teams as they are the best association foot ball players in the city.

The make up of the teams was given last week and was substantially correct except that Prof. Stroud of the Y.M.C.A., who plays on the Lowells, was out of town, and Jack Smith was in Lynn, depriving the Lowells of two strong forwards.

The Internationals were the stronger team and played together better. M. Casey, J. Casey, Finlan and Ellison putting up a great game.

For Lowell, Haslam did great work. In the first half the Internationals got three goals kicked by Ellison, Marshall and Forbes.

In the second half the Lowells played stronger and got two goals by Flynn with a head bunt, and Chalmers by a kick. For a long time the Lowells kept the ball at their opponent's goal, but could not score, and just before the game ended the Internationals got another goal by Barnes. The two teams expect to meet again in a week or two. E. Warburton was referee, and T. Gibson and J. Patrick linesmen.

The High School Game.

At the Fair grounds, Saturday, the High school team defeated the Concord High school team 40 to 0 in a fine game. The rush line played better than ever before, Roach and Mussey doing especially great work. Conners, a Harvard player was put on the Concord team to strengthen it. The Lowell players were McDermott, Plaisted, A. H. Tuttle, Harris, Martin, Evans, Roach, Graves, Benoit, Banks, Muzzey and Burt. The touchdowns were made by Burt 4, Muzzey 2, Plaisted 2; goals, Burt 4.

Dr. Colburn's DENTIST, MERR'K ST.

After dinner, try Old Hundred.

Wall paper at 18 Church street.

T. C. Lee, Fire Insurance, Donovan Bl'dg.

The place to buy a violin is at Downings, 182 Merrimack street.

E. A. Wilson, coal dealer, is selling coal at lowest cash prices; call at 51 Merrimack street.

Patten & Co. have the finest potted and cut flowers in the city, Shedd's block, Central street.

A true, life-like photo is something everybody admires. Marion makes that kind. Visit his studio in Barristers' hall and have a sitting made.

A Valuable Gift.

Paul Butler and Mrs. Ames have presented to Benjamin F. Butler post 734, of Irving Park, Ill., a stand of national colors. Capt. Philip Reade a member of Post 42 of this city will present the colors and the response will be by Commander D. W. Blair of Irving Park. The presentation will occur Nov. 2.

TWO BAD LOCALITIES.

Where More Police Officers Are Needed Temporarily, If Not Permanently, to Protect Peaceable Citizens.

In view of the fact that hoodlumism seems to be on the increase, it is represented most forcibly to THE SUN that Centralville needs greater police protection, and another officer could be used to patrol the lower part of Belvidere.

Despite the fact that Chief Davis and Mayor Pickman live in the immediate neighborhood, it is stated to THE SUN that the scene of Saturday night's murder is a dangerous locality after dark, the danger lying in a gang of youths who congregate there when the officer is not around. The hoodlums are said to delight in tripping up people and using hats of passers by as targets. If there is a remonstrance from the assaulted party vulgarity and possibly a fight is the result.

Over in Centralville the Lakeview avenue beat is getting quite a reputation. Stone throwing is too prevalent for comfort and whenever an arrest is made the officer is a target for abuse. When Officer Hessian substituted over there recently he was running the gauntlet of rocks continually. Two bad assault cases, in one of which a man was cut in the groin frightfully, have been added to the list of unpunished cases.

Centralville has 17,000 residents, yet three officers on each night patrol are thought sufficient. Attempted burglaries on Sixth, Vernon and Beacon streets are reported, and a man dressed in female attire roams around at night, on Hildreth and Bridge streets. It is time that some of the beats be divided and more officers put on duty in all parts of the city.

The Brick Was Hard, John.

A man who has just finished a term in prison waylaid Officer John Fox on Lakeview avenue Saturday night, and tried to dent his skull with a whole brick. The officer's nose just escaped damage. After a lively chase in which some quick sprinting was done the murderously inclined assailant got away.

LOVE TURNED TO HATE.

William Fuller Hacked Emma Hunt to Death With a Butcher Knife.

ALBION, N. Y., Oct. 22.—William Fuller, alias Lake, the murderer of Emma Hunt, was captured yesterday afternoon in a farm barn by Constables Handy and Barry. He offered no resistance and was lodged in jail here. Lake acknowledged that he committed the crime, and said that after knocking the woman senseless he cut her throat and hacked her with a butcher knife.

The murderer was born in Middleport. After being arrested he spoke of the confession which he wrote previous to the murder. Fuller is worn out with his efforts to escape capture and from want of food. He fails to realize the enormity of the crime of which he has confessed. He says that the only reason he had for killing the girl was her refusal to reciprocate his love. Her refusal turned his love to deadly hate.

Struck With an Ax.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—A determined attempt was made at 11 o'clock last night to murder Luigi Marabello, the keeper or boss of an Italian lodging house at 18 Moon street. Marabello's assailant was Alphonso Scantone, and the weapon used was a hatchet. Scantone's brother, Phillipe, and his wife, are lodgers in Marabello's house and have not paid their rent for some time. Marabello had given him notice to leave the house or take his chances of being ejected, and it led to the row last night. Marabello's injuries are serious, but will not prove fatal.

Outraged a Baby.

HICKSVILLE, O., Oct. 22.—Charles O'Neill, a negro, was arrested for outraging Harriet Hickerman, 8 years old. The child was discovered unconscious in a barn. O'Neill admitted the charge, and for a time it was thought he would be lynched, but O'Neill was safely jailed.

Was a Philanthropist.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Oct. 22.—Andrew Smith, of the firm of Smith Bros., manufacturers of cough drops, died here yesterday. He was 58 years of age. Mr. Smith had contributed to numerous charities. He and his brother recently presented this city with a public park.

A Knotty Question.

BERLIN, Oct. 22.—Though the Prussian cabinet sat for five hours, further meetings are expected before a final decision in regard to the repressive measures against socialists is arrived at. Among the measures likely to be adopted is a strict press law.

Horribly Mangled.

WEBSTER, Mass., Oct. 22. — Richard Palmer, a cotton spinner, aged about 37, was run over by a freight train and instantly killed. His head, both arms and both legs were cut off.

To the Bitter End.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—A telegram was received at the Japanese legation yesterday stating that the universal expression in Japan is that the war must be vigorously pursued until it is brought to a triumphant conclusion.

Vacation About Ended.

BUZZARD'S BAY, Mass., Oct. 22.—The president and family spent their last Sabbath at Buzzard's Bay for this year quietly at Gray Gables, with a few guests. The president leaves here tomorrow.

Will Try It Again.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 22.—A dispatch states that negotiations for peace between China and Japan have been reopened.

The Way of the World

Is to get all you can and keep all you get. The only safe way when getting is to go where all is good and to buy from those who are satisfied with the "Live and Let Live" motto. Dickson Bros., tea importers, 58 Merrimack street.

Louis Alexander.

Importer and tailor, 65 Central street, is a first class practical cutter of long experience in fine New York houses. Is up with the times and guarantees satisfaction. Fall importations now ready.

Money loaned on indorsed notes, personal securities and second mortgages on real estate by J. B. Swift, 6 Barristers hall. Telephone 405-4.

DR. PARKHURST'S

Views of Society's Sins Against the Fallen.

HE WOULD HAVE MORAL WOMEN UPLIFT THEIR SISTERS.

He Wants All Good Women to Aid the Bad.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Dr. C. H. Parkhurst yesterday preached a sermon in his church which was a plea for fallen women. The doctor took for his text, Matthew 21:31: "Verily I say unto you that the publicans and the harlots go into the kingdom of God before you." Dr. Parkhurst said society has a way of scaling sins for which no warrant can be found in the Scriptures.

"What the state punishes crime for is because it is sinful to society. The penalty in such cases is according to the harm it will do to society. The acts that are most likely to land a man in jail are not the most likely to keep him out of heaven. If a man be a thief, he will always have the indulgence of other thieves."

"There seems to be one character of crime that if one sex practices it, it is all right, but if the other does, ostracism from society follows. Men can do as they choose on this score with women for whom they have no respect; but with a woman it is different. You no doubt have acquaintances whom you know ought to be in jail, but until they are sent there, you are friendly to them. When they don the prison garb, however, then the community at large has no use for them. The people

Have No Use For an Ex-Convict."

Dr. Parkhurst cited statistics from Sing Sing which showed that many return to prison a second time. "A man who has served a second term will tell you he did so because on his release he was shut out from the church and society in general.

"There is always far more readiness on the part of profligates to abandon their life than it is for the chief priests, elders and pharisees to help them. Society says there are several unpardonable sins. They say it is a crime for a woman to transgress the seventh commandment, but it is not so for a man.

"One of the great troubles when a woman wishes to lead a better life is that she does not find the help in her sisters."

The doctor related an experience of a woman he knew who had reformed. He cited the case as an example of the little hope held out by good women to their fallen sisters.

"What hope then is there for a woman to try and do better? There are a great many Magdalens in New York, probably thousands of them, who will get to heaven. They are children of God, just as good in his sight as you, and you should do all you can to help them.

Christ's Blood All-Sufficient.

"If your fallen sister has reformed and has been washed in the blood of the lamb, what is it your business? No matter what her former life had been, His blood is sufficient to redeem her. Some of you gather your skirts about you to escape from them, while they are just as precious to Him as you are.

"The story of the prodigal son is a good lesson on the subject. The father of this boy took him back into his home and forgot the past. But the prodigal's eldest brother could remember nothing but the fact that his brother had at one time been an outcast.

"This describes society to a dot. There is no reason why an ex-convict or a fallen woman should not be received into society when they have again became good persons and the past is blotted out.

"This, however, is not the rule, and this is the reason why out of 100 persons who enter a depraved life, 95 die in that life which binds them to their destiny and damnation."

Attacked by Apaches.

TUCSON, A. T., Oct. 22.—The first act of violence committed by Indians resulting from the removal of the troops from Fort Bowie is reported. Phil Softer, while on his way to a round-up in Stein's Pike, was attacked by a band of six or seven Apaches, who were lying in ambush. A number of shots were fired at him. His pack animal was killed. The attack was presumably to get his firearms, ammunition and contents of the packs. He barely reached the nearest ranch, five miles away, where he lies in a dying condition.

No Verdict.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 22.—The jury which sat the past week on the celebrated Bartlett-Bigelow in the superior civil court were dismissed, having been unable to agree upon a verdict. The case was given to the jury at 2:45 o'clock Saturday afternoon. At 10:30, no agreement having been reached, the deputy, acting under instructions, dismissed the jury, and they departed for their homes.

Hazzard Goes West.

PLYMOUTH, N. H., Oct. 22.—T. R. Hazzard, the alleged Wichita (Kan.) forger, will be obliged to face the charges against him. Governor Smith granted a requisition in Hazzard's case, and today Officer Greene of Wichita started west with the prisoner. Hazzard is charged with forging deeds to real estate, defrauding J. W. Ramsey and Thompson & Bland out of $7800.

Loss of Life on the British Coast.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—A fierce gale along the British coast caused many casualties. The Warner lightship broke away from a tugboat when near New Haven and was driven shoreward. A boat was lowered to replace the towline, but a heavy sea capsized it and four of its occupants were drowned. The lightship made leeway rapidly and was soon driven ashore.

A Dangerous Camp.

JOLIET, Ills., Oct. 22.—Three men were killed and three seriously wounded by an explosion at a drainage canal camp yesterday. An explosion took place at the same camp Saturday night, when two men were killed and one wounded.

A $200,000 Blaze.

MONTREAL, Oct. 22.—The Intercolonial railroad blacksmith shop and roundhouse at Rive du Loup were destroyed by fire yesterday. Eight locomotives, including two new ones for express trains, were destroyed. Loss, $200,000.

Bound to Stump.

PAINESVILLE, Minn., Oct. 22.—United States Marshal Bede addressed a meeting here, and at the close he tendered his resignation of the marshalship on account of the order forbidding federal employes to do campaign work.

Died In a Hospital.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22. — Ex-Governor Joseph D. Beadle of New Jersey died in St. Luke's hospital last evening. He was taken to St. Luke's hospital on the 12th inst. to have an operation performed.

THE DYING CZAR'S CASE.

CAREFUL TREATMENT MAY PRESERVE HIS LIFE.

His Character As Viewed by An American Diplomat—He Preserved the Peace of Europe.

LONDON, Oct. 22—Advices from Livadia are to the effect that the condition of the czar is unchanged.

In spite of the latest bulletins, there is reason to believe that the czar's life may be prolonged by careful treatment for weeks, if not months. The end generally comes after a period of collapses of unconsciousness, which may last several days.

The czarina, who is the second daughter of King Christian of Denmark, is suffering from severe nervousness. The rumors that she has been stricken with either paralysis or apoplexy are untrue.

According to the best information obtainable, there will be a formal bethrothal and exchange of rings between the czarewitch and Princess Alix at Livadia on Wednesday, perhaps sooner, according to circumstances.

The marriage of a foreign unorthodox princess to a Russian heir apparent necessitates three distinct ceremonies—reconciliation to the orthodox church, betrothal and nuptials. The ceremonies formerly were always separate, but the betrothal and actual marriage latterly have often been performed together. An imperial manifesto on this subject is expected.

Diplomat Smith's Conclusions.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22. — Ex-Minister Charles E. Smith, who, during the time he represented the United States at St. Petersburg, had ample opportunity to observe the personal and political characteristics of the czar, talked in an interesting fashion when asked by a reporter for his impressions as to the effect the death of the czar would have on the Russian empire. Mr. Smith said:

"The death of the czar would, in my opinion, be a serious misfortune for Russia and for Europe. It is not probable that there will be any marked change in the conservative attitude of the imperial government. The peace policy of the present reign has been so wise, prudent and firm that it is likely to be followed.

"But with a new and untried sovereign there must be solicitude until the lines are settled. As to Russia internationally, the present emperor has given her tranquility and stability. There is little discontent, no agitation, and general devotion to the crown, and with wise counsels it will be easy to move forward without disturbance.

"Alexander III has been an upright and earnest ruler. Less commanding than Nicholas, less liberal than Alexander II, he has been well-balanced. His personal qualities have inspired devotion at home and confidence abroad. He has been sincere, steadfast, conscientious and straightforward. He has shared the reactionary tendency which followed the assassination of his father, and which has been unfortunate in some of its developments, but with his firm policy he has united a strong sense of justice.

A Beautiful Domestic Life.

"No one could see anything of the beautiful domestic life of the emperor, or of his laborious devotion to the responsibilities of the crown, or of his manifest desire to promote the welfare of his people, without great respect for him. He has been a Russian of Russians in his feeling, and has aimed to develop the national spirit of his people. But he has joined with this national sentiment a deep personal sense of right and duty.

"The sudden and swift collapse of the czar in the very prime of life seems strange and almost incredible. He is only 49 years old. He had the stalwart figure and physical prowess of the Romanoffs. Standing 6ft. 2in., well proportioned, the very picture of robust health, reputed to be the strongest man in Russia, prudent, living a model life, he seemed the last of the living sovereigns upon whom dread disease would lay its fatal hands.

Preserved Peace In Europe.

"His moral rectitude and his upright purpose have matched his rugged manhood. His character and impulses have inspired loyalty and devotion at home and respect and confidence abroad. For years he has been the sheet anchor of peace in Europe. As crown prince he won soldierly laurels in the Russo-Turkish war, but as emperor he has been devoted to continental peace and has been the surest and most potent force in maintaining it.

"With one hand he moderated the impulsive ardor of France, and with the other he warned and checked the aggressive tendency of Germany. He restrained the hostile spirit of others, and renounced warlike purposes himself. Had he been restless and ambitious of military glory and aggrandizement, he might easily have applied the torch which would have set Europe aflame. But he held a steady hand over the great powers.

A Journalist For Counsellor.

"Curiously enough, with all the Russian censorship and restriction, the most active and potent agent in leading the czar from the old foreign influences was a journalist, Katkoff, the chief of the Moscow Gazette, who was one of the ablest and most powerful editors of any country, and the alliance of the czar and Katkoff shook the universal intellectual and diplomatic domination of Bismarck, and, from playing a subordinate part to the great German chancellor, advanced Russia to the position of holding the balance between adverse forces and dictating the peace of Europe. The czar pursued this policy with steady and rational judgment.

"There is a prevailing idea that he has lived in constant dread and anxiety. But he is a fatalist, and he has moved calmly forward with the conviction that his destiny, whatever it might be, could not be changed. Doubtless precautions have constantly been taken for his safety, but they have been the measures of those about him rather than his own. His great service to mankind has been as the peacemaker of Europe.

"What will follow his death no one can yet tell. The heir to the throne is only 26. His opinions and tendencies are largely a matter of conjecture. It is to be hoped that when he comes to the throne the influences about him will be of a wholesome character, and that, with a broader liberalism, he will maintain the attitude of Russia as a conservator of peace. In that direction and in his own blameless life the czar leaves a worthy example."

Was Starving to Death.

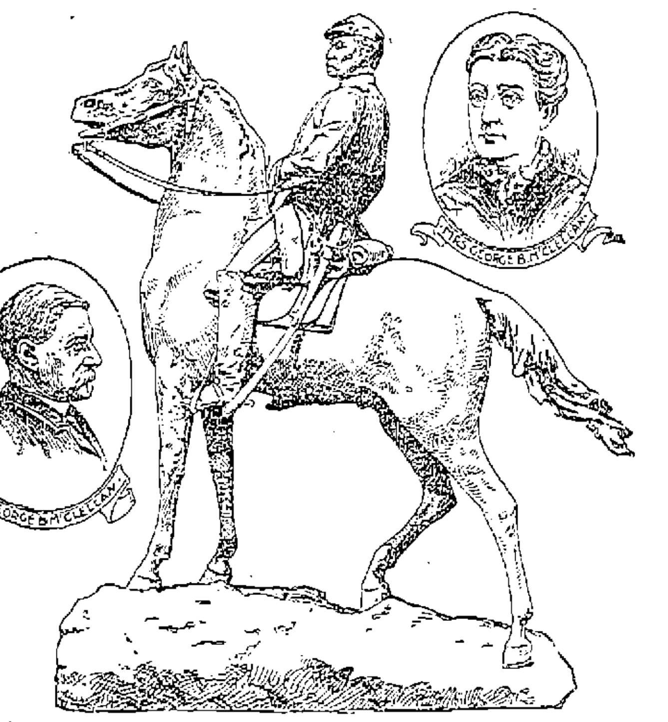
NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Revelle Germain, an actor, formerly husband of Maud Granger, was picked up on the street yesterday in a starving condition, and removed to a hospital.

Foreclosure Likely.

DENVER, Oct. 22.—The American Trust company of Boston, who owns and controls the bonds of the Union Pacific and Gulf road, will commence suit for the foreclosure of the mortgage bonds of the Gulf road.

Steamer Ashore.

NEW YORK, Oct. 22.—Steamer Drew ran ashore at Fort Washington point yesterday morning. The passengers were safely landed.



THE M'CLELLAN STATUE IN PHILADELPHIA.

General George B. McClellan was born in Philadelphia 67 years ago, and it is consequently appropriate that his statue should be erected in the Quaker City. The statue is of bronze, and horse and man are half again as large as life. The funds for the statue were raised by the admirers of the Hero of Antietam.

TITLE WELL EARNED.

Queen Alix Has an Easy Victory Over the Famous Directum.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—Queen Alix and King Directum met on the Mystic track at Medford and raced for a purse of $11,000. Ten thousand disappointed persons saw the contest, which was discontinued before the deciding heat had been tried.

THE HEAD OF ALIX, 2:03¾.

Fate was against Directum. He was in no condition to show his splendid mettle, and after he was beaten in the first two heats the judges and the doctor prescribed a rest.

So Alix took the race and the purse, and then trotted an exhibition mile in 2:07½, as a consolation to the spectators, who had paid $1.50 apiece to see the great event of the racing season of 1894.

Alix made her first mile in 2:09, and her time at the quarters was: 33, 1:04¾ and 1:37¾, coming down under the wire two lengths ahead of Directum.

She trotted the second heat in 2:14¾, making the quarters at 32, 1:05½ and 1:40, beating her rival by three lengths.

It was a procession all the way around the track in both heats, the pace of the queen being set just fast enough to keep her ahead of the disabled king. "Directum isn't well! Mud fever!" said an expert in horseflesh."

A TERRIBLE ACCUSATION.

Shipowners Said to Have Planned Crime to Collect Insurance Money.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—The bark Adalguisa, from Callao, for Humboldt, Cal., put into this port in a disabled condition. She was launched in 1856, and since that date not a cent has been spent for repairs. Mate Roberts says the bark's owners deliberately planned to wreck the ship, which was heavily insured, and to drown the crew.

He says the sailors were all shipped under false names, so they could never be traced. The ship was provided with dummy provisions and water for only 30 days. The bark sailed from Callao on Jan. 20, and if a rain had not supplied water, the crew must have perished with thirst. A big box, labelled provisions, when opened, contained nothing but scraps of iron, shaving and oil cans.

Every man in the crew was of a different nationality. When they arrived in port they were fearfully emaciated with hunger. The mate says the only sound thing about the bark was the ship's boat, in which the owners planned that the captain and mate would escape. The Peruvian consul will not allow the Adalguisa to leave port. She is unseaworthy and will be sold to pay the crew.

Against Militia.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—The Central Labor union, at its meeting yesterday afternoon, emphatically placed itself on record as being opposed to all military bodies, either state or national, and denounced them as an injury to the working classes and a tool for capitalistic monopoly. Further, it was urged that all toilers with a home to protect and a living to make, if they are members of the militia at the present time, get out of it immediately, as the militia of today, as has been made evident on several occasions recently, is nothing more than a death machine whereby the interests of the moneyed monopolists are protected at the cost of the employes' life.

A Drunkard's Horrible Death.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 22.—A drunken man staggered from the sidewalk on South Main street last night and fell in front of a car, being dragged nearly 75 feet. He was killed almost instantly, his body being shockingly mangled.

A Fatal Error.

SHELBYVILLE, Ind., Oct. 22.—While casing a gas well some one struck a match to light his pipe. An explosion followed, and three men were fatally hurt. Several others were injured.

Enough to Start a Bar.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—Lieutenant Brown's liquor officers did a good Sunday's work, 220 gallons of beer and 30 gallons of whisky being confiscated from kitchen barrooms.

Weston's Walk.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Oct. 22. — Edward Payson Weston started today on his trial walk of 40 miles a day for 12 consecutive days. A wager of $1000 is posted on the result.

DAMAGING EVIDENCE

Given at the Preliminary Hearing In the Chambers Murder Case.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 22. — The greatest legal event in the history of Scituate took place at Richmond village, when Lawrence C. Keegan was given a preliminary hearing on the charge of murder.

The most important development in the court proceedings was the identification of the prisoner by Miss Fanny Oatley, who saw the phaeton buggy with its big bundle covered with the laprobe. She positively indentified the driver as the prisoner seated before her in the courtroom.

Mrs. Annie B. White, a Providence dressmaker and a widow, testified she knew Keegan and that she saw him in a buggy on Friendship street on the day of the murder. She positively identified the prisoner as the man whom she saw on that day in company with a portly and dark woman. It was about 4 o'clock when witness saw Keegan and his female companion.

Gilbert Bishop, Nelson Bennett and George B. Dexter positively identified the black mustang and buggy. The horse and carriage were brought to the courthouse door so that the witnesses could view them.

Then the three witnesses positively and unreservedly identified the accused as the driver of the horse on the day of the murder.

The government rested and Lawyer McGill asked for a discharge, but Judge Johnson held Keegan for the grand jury in $20,000. He was taken to Cranston jail in default of bonds.

LADIES WHO VALUE
A refined complexion must use Pozzoni's Powder. It produces a soft & beautiful skin.

-BEST-

HAXALL FLOUR

$4 per bbl.

Choice St. Louis,	$3.00 Per Bbl.
Bag of Haxall,	.55 Per Bag
Bag of St. Louis	.40 Per Bag
Tub Lard	.8 lb.
Canned Peas	.7 Per Can
" Tomatoes	.8 Per Can
" Salmon	.11 Per Can
" Blue Berries	.10 Per Can
" Clams	.8 Per Can
6 Boxes Sardines	.25

These prices guaranteed while the advertisement is displayed.

FARLEY'S ∴ CASH ∴ GROCERY,
New No. 140 Gorham St.

DO YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY?
If so call at the
TEMPLE OF DESIGN,
—FOR YOUR—
FALL and WINTER MILLINERY.
There you will find the correct styles and newest novelties at the lowest possible prices.
14 and 16 Merr'ck Square, Runels' Block.

"And The Parrot Said Hooray?"
No wonder when he saw the bread made from MONT BLANC FLOUR. Be sure and try it.

THE BOSTON BRANCH GROCERY
Old No. 199 Middlesex St. New No. 455.
Opp. Northern Depot. Telephone 374-3, Brass Signs.
CALEB L. SMITH............Proprietor

When in Need of Real Fine
MILLINERY
Call at the New Store of
ABBIE M. SMITH
Where the most complete assortment of Novelties and Exquisite Trimmings may be found. All New Goods.
175 Merrimack St., Welles' Block.
MRS. M. E. DUDLEY, Assistant.
Fine Mourning a Specialty.

Teacher of Music.
Miss Ethel O'Heir is now forming classes for Piano and Organ. For further particulars call at
COR. LANE AND HORN STS. (No. 68.)
N. B.—Would accept position as organist at reasonable terms.

WATSON BAKERY
Every evening at 5 o'clock Hot Tea Rolls and Cream Bread, also all kinds of Cake and Pastry. Only the best stock used in the manufacture of our goods. Parties supplied at short notice at
Nos. 24 to 30 CHARLES STREET.
Peter Watson, Prop.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

Keeping Abreast of the Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The report of Commodore Chadwick, chief of the bureau of naval equipment, shows that the coal bills of the navy are steadily increasing, owing to the increase of the power of the vessels; that a great improvement has been made in night signals; that a new boat's compass has been adopted, and that aluminium has been substituted for bronze in binnacle fittings.

Not a Record Breaker.

TOLEDO, Oct. 22.—Miss Annie Londonderry of Boston, who left Chicago on Sept. 24, with only 3 cents in her purse, to make a tour of the globe on a bicycle, arrived here yesterday, just 27 days out. Her trip so far has been without incident.

The Old Story.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Oct. 22. — Austin W., the 14-year-old son of Willis Stockbridge, was accidentally shot by George Cameron. The two boys went into the barn where there was a gun, which the Cameron boy picked up, thinking it was not loaded, but it accidentally discharged, the shot taking effect in young Stockbridge's head. The injured boy cannot live.

Considerably Less Than $10,000.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 22.—In the Davis-Burbank $10,000 libel suit, the jury returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, Elroy Davis, in the sum of $275, defendant to pay costs of trial. The plaintiff's counsel will file a petition for a new trial.

O'Donnell & Gilbride.

SPECIAL BULLETIN OF BARGAINS
FOR - THIS - WEEK!

FURNITURE DEPT.

A special underselling sale of fine furniture will be inaugurated in our department, beginning to-day, including the newest conceptions of the world's makers in Parlor, Chamber and Dining Suites or odd pieces, Library and Hall Furniture in vast profusion, will be offered greatly lower than prevailing prices. We will offer unequalled economical chances that will silence all competition. Great wagon loads of furniture bearing the name of O'Donnell & Gilbride seen all about our town delivering goods speak of our success as furniture men. If there is a room, nook or corner in your home that needs a piece of furniture, come in this week and look through our stock. There is money saving in this underselling sale for purchasers.

Special Offerings on Chinese Mattings.
500 rolls of China Matting in choice designs and colorings, all of which have retailed to date at from 15 to 22c. per yard, will be offered this week at only 10c. Per Yard.

Bargains in Bed Blankets.
2500 pairs of 10-4 white or grey Blankets, only 25c. Each.
12 pairs of 11-4 white or grey Blankets, only 98c. a pair.
500 pairs of 11-4 white Blankets, with pink, blue, red, or orange borders, only $1.09 a Pair.
One lot of 12-4 White Blankets, a special bargain at $3.98 a pair.

NOTICE.
We are special agents for the celebrated Saxony Blankets, made by the St. Mary's Woolen Manufacturing Co., of St. Mary's, Ohio. These blankets are made from pure, high-grade, fine wool, and retailed from $4 to $15 per pair Come in and examine them.

Bed Comforters from 75c to $10 Each
We are offering such extraordinary values in Bed Comfortables that no lady need bother making them. A special for this week is a down filed quilt at $4.98 each. They're beauties. Come in and look at them.

Don't Fail to Get One of Those Towels. 500 doz. large Huck towels, a regular 10c. article, on sale on our linen counter 5c each.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE.
Importers and Retailers of Dry Goods, Carpets and Furniture.
MERRIMACK, PALMER and MIDDLE STREETS

MAKE MONEY BY SAVING IT!!
We'll srve it for you today (Monday), and all this week by offering some big values.

Millinery Department.	Wrappers and Waists.
$1.25 "Manhanset" Sailors, 69c.	Some big values this week at one-third less than usual prices.
98c. Best Felt Sailors 49c.	$1.25 pretty style Wrappers, 75c.
$1 Fancy Feathers 25c.	$1.50 dainty Flannelette Wrappers, 98c.
$1 Ostrich Tips 25c.	$1.75 Wrappers now $1.25.
50c. Wide Satin Ribbons 29c.	$2.25 Tea Gowns, now $1.49.
75c. Scotch Tam O'Shanters, 59c.	$2.50 Tea Gowns, now $1.75.
50c. Pretty Tam O'Shanters, 25c.	$2 Cashmere Waists, all colors, $1.25.
$5 Trimmed Hats, now $1.98.	$3 pretty Flannel Waists, $1.98.
98c. Trimmed Walking Hats, 49c.	$3.50 new Flannel Waists, $2.25.
75c. Navy High School Caps, 25c.	$2 fine French Coney Fur "Minks," 98c
50c. Embroidered Silk Infants' Bonnets 25c.	$4 finest Brook "Minks," $1.98.
98c. China Silk Infants' Bonnets, 49c.	
50c. Children's Eiderdown Bonnets, 25c.	
$1.25 Best English Felt Hats. 75c.	

MONEY - MAKERS.

KID GLOVES.	Hosiery and Underwear.
The biggest values in real Kid Gloves ever offered.	Grand values at half-price this week.
$1.25 Foster Lacing Kid Gloves 75c	25c Boys' Ribbed Hosiery, 10c pair.
$1.50 Real Kid Gloves, $1	25c Ladies' Ribbed Wool Hose 19c
$1.25 Lacing Biarritz Gloves, 79.	50c Ladies' Natural Wool Hose 25c
$1.50 Biarritz Kid Gloves, $1.	50c Ladies Cashmere Hose 25c
$1.75 best quality Lacing Gloves, $1.25	38c Ladies' Fleeced Hose 19c
$2 best quality Lacing Gloves, $1.50	25c Ladies' Fleeced Hose 12-1-2c
$1.50 real Foster Lacing Gloves, $1	25c Child's Scarlet Vests 15c
$1.50 heavy Dogskin Gloves, $1	38c Ladies Jersey Vests 19c
$2 real Mocha Lacing, $1.25	50c Ladies' Jersey Vests 25c
$1.25 best 5-Hook Glace Gloves, 75c	75c Gent's Camel's Hair Wear 49c
	$1 Ladies' Scarlet Wool Wear 75c
	87c Ladies' Jersey Vests 49c
	45c Gents' Scotch Wool Wear 25c

Moir Bros.' POPULAR STORE. 119, 121, 123 Merr'k St.